

Maintenance
Tiguan 2016 ➤
Tiguan 2021 ➤
Tiguan RUS 2017 ➤
Tiguan RUS 2021 ➤
Edition 12.2020



Maintenance

Heading

- 1. Engine list
- 2. Service work
- 3. General information
- 4. Descriptions of work
- 5. Exhaust emissions test
- 6. 00 Periodic Technical Inspection (PTI)
- 7. Glossary
- 8. ---Change history---

Technical information should always be available to the foremen and mechanics, because their careful and constant adherence to the instructions is essential to ensure vehicle road-worthiness and safety. In addition, the normal basic safety precautions for working on motor vehicles must, as a matter of course, be observed.



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1 Engine list

(VIGG001496; Edition 12.2020)

Petrol engines <u>⇒ page 1</u> Diesel engines <u>⇒ page 3</u>



Note

To ease the search for an engine, the engine codes are listed in alphabetical order.

Petrol engines

Engines =	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displace- ment	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.4
Engine code	СННВ	CZCA	CZDA	CZDB
No. of cylinders/valves per cylinder	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power kW at rpn	162/4200-6000	92/5000-6000	110/5000-6000	92/5000-6000
Torque Nm at rpn	350/1500-4000	200/1400-4000	250/1500-3500	220/1500-4000
Bore Diame ter, mn	1	74.5	74.5	74.5
Stroke mn	92.8	80.0	80.0	80.0
Compression ratio	9.6	10.5	10.0	10.0
Injection/ignition	Motronic SIMOS 12.1 TSI turbocharger	Motronic MED17.5 TSI turbocharger	Motronic MED17.5.21 TSI turbocharger	Motronic MED17.5.21 TSI turbocharger
RON unleaded at leas		95	95 (in exceptional circumstances at least 91 RON, but with reduced output)	95 (in exceptional circumstances at least 91 RON, but with reduced output)
Petrol en- gine partic- ulate filter	no	no	no	no
Camshaft drive	Chain	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Engines	\Rightarrow	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displace- ment	I	1.4	2.0	1.5	1.5
Engine code		CZEA	CZPA	DADA	DACB
No. of cylind per cylinder	ers/valves	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	110/5000	132/3900-6000	110/5000	96/5000
Torque	Nm at rpm	250/1500-3500	320/1400-3940	250/1500-3500	200/1400-4000
Bore	Diame- ter, mm	74.5	82.5	74.5	74.5
Stroke	mm	80.0	92.8	85.7	85.7
Compression	n ratio	10.0	11.65	10.5	12.5

Volkswagen Technical Site: http://vwts.ru http://vwts.info



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Engines ⇒	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displace- I ment	1.4	2.0	1.5	1.5
Engine code	CZEA	CZPA	DADA	DACB
Injection/ignition	Motronic MED17.5.21 TSI Turbocharg- er	Motronic SIMOS TSI turbocharger	Bosch Motronic MG 1 TSI turbocharger	Bosch Motronic MG 1 TSI turbocharger
RON unleaded, at least		95	95	95
Petrol en- gine partic- ulate filter	no	no	yes	yes
Camshaft drive	Toothed belt	Chain	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Engines	⇒	Petrol/hybrid engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displace- ment	I	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0
Engine code		DGEA	DJVA	DKTA	DKZA
No. of cylinde per cylinder	rs/valves	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	110/5000-6000	110/5000	169/5000-6250	140/4200-6000
Torque	Nm at rpm	250/1600-3500	250/1500-4000	350/1500-4300	320/1500-4100
Bore	Diame- ter, mm	74.5	74.5	82.5	82.5
Stroke	mm	80.0	80.0	92.8	92.8
Compression	ratio	10.0	10.5	9.6	11.65
Injection/igniti	on	Magneti Marelli TSI turbocharger	Motronic ME 17 TSI turbocharger	Motronic SIMOS TSI turbocharger	Motronic SIMOS TSI turbocharger
RON u	nleaded, at least	95	95 unleaded (in exceptional cir- cumstances min. 91 RON, however with reduced per- formance)	95	95
Petrol en- gine par- ticulate fil- ter		yes	yes	yes	yes
Camshaft driv	'e	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Chain	Chain

Engines	⇒	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displace- ment	I	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5
Engine code		DNFG	DNNA	DNPA	DPBE
No. of cylind per cylinder	ers/valves	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	235/5200-6600	140/4200-6000	180/5500-6500	96/5000-6000
Torque	Nm at rpm	420/2000-5550	320/1500-4100	370/1600-4300	220/1750-3500
Bore	Diame- ter, mm	82.5	82.5	82.5	74.5
Stroke	mm	92.8	92.8	92.8	85.9



Engines ⇒	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displace- I ment	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5
Engine code	DNFG	DNNA	DNPA	DPBE
Compression ratio	9.3	12.2	9.6	12.5
Injection/ignition	TSI turbocharger	TSI turbocharger	TSI turbocharger	Bosch Motronic MG 1 TSI turbocharger
RON unleaded, at least		95	95	95
Petrol en- gine par- ticulate fil- ter	yes	yes	yes	yes
Camshaft drive	Chain	Chain	Chain	Toothed belt

Engines	⇒	Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Displacement	I	1.5	2.0
Engine code		DPCA	DRFA
No. of cylinders/valv	es per cylinder	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	110/5000-6000	140/4200-6000
Torque	Nm at rpm	250/1500-3500	320/1500-4200
Bore	Diameter, mm	74.5	82.5
Stroke	mm	85.9	92.8
Compression ratio		10.5	11.65
Injection/ignition		Bosch Motronic MG 1 TSI turbocharger	Motronic SIMOS TSI turbocharger
RON	unleaded, at least	95	95
Petrol engine particulate filter		yes	No
Camshaft drive		Toothed belt	Chain

Diesel engines

Engines	⇒	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine
Displace- ment	I	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Engine cod	le	CRFC	CRFD	CRGA	CRGB
No. of cylin cylinder	ders/valves per	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	105/4000	105/3500-4000	130/3000-4000	130/3600-4000
Torque	Nm at rpm	320/1750-3000	340/1750-3000	350/1750-3000	380/1750-3500
Bore	Diameter, mm	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0
Stroke	mm	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Compression	on ratio	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2
Injection/ignition		TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail
Diesel parti	icle filters	no PMS ¹⁾	no PMS ¹⁾	no PMS ¹⁾	no PMS ¹⁾



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Engines =	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine
Displace- ment	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Engine code	CRFC	CRFD	CRGA	CRGB
Camshaft drive	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Vehicles with factory-fitted diesel particulate filter can be identified by PR no. 7MM or 4BI on vehicle data sticker.

¹⁾ PMS: particulate reduction system

Engines	⇒	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine
Displace- ment	I	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Engine code		CUAA	СҮКВ	CYKC	DBGA
No. of cylinder per cylinder	ers/valves	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	176/4000	81/3100-4500	81/3100-4500	110/3500-4000
Torque	Nm at rpm	500/1750-2500	250/1500-3000	280/1500-2750	320/1750-3500
Bore	Diame- ter, mm	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0
Stroke	mm	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Compression	ratio	15.5	16.2	16.2	16.2
Injection/ignition		TDI - bi-turbo common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail
Diesel particle filters		yes	yes	yes	yes
Camshaft driv	/e	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Vehicles with factory-fitted diesel particulate filter can be identified by PR no. 7MM or 4BI on vehicle data sticker.

Engines	⇒	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine
Displace- ment	1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Engine code		DBGC	DCYA	DCYB	DDMA
No. of cylinder cylinder	rs/valves per	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	110/3500-4000	110/3500-4000	81/3500-4000	140/3500-4000
Torque	Nm at rpm	340/1750-3500	340/1750-3000	280/1750-3000	400/1900-3300
Bore	Diame- ter, mm	81.0	81.0	81.0	91.0
Stroke	mm	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Compression	ratio	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2
Injection/ignition		TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail
Diesel particle filters		yes	yes	yes	yes
Camshaft drive	е	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Vehicles with factory-fitted diesel particulate filter can be identified by PR no. 7MM or 4BI on vehicle data sticker.



Engines	⇒	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine
Displace- ment	I	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Engine code		DFGA	DFGB	DFGC	DFHA
No. of cylinders cylinder	/valves per	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	110/3500-4000	81/2750-4200	85/2750-4200	140/3500-4000
Torque	Nm at rpm	340/1750-3000	280/1750-2750	320/1750-2750	400/1750-3250
Bore	Diame- ter, mm	91.0	81.0	81.0	81.0
Stroke	mm	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Compression ra	atio	16.2	16.0	16.0	15.5
Injection/ignition	n	TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail
Diesel particle t	filters	yes	yes	yes	yes
Camshaft drive		Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Vehicles with factory-fitted diesel particulate filter can be identified by PR no. 7MM or 4BI on vehicle data sticker.

Engines	⇒	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine	Diesel engine
Displace- ment	I	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0
Engine code		DGDB	DTSA	DTSB	DTRC
No. of cylinders/valve cylinder	s per	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4
Power kW a	t rpm	85/3250-4000	110/3250-4200	110/3000-4200	90/2750-4250
Torque Nm a	t rpm	280/1500-3000	340/1600-3000	360/1600-2750	320/1500-2500
Bore Diamete	r, mm	79.5	81.0	81.0	81.0
Stroke	mm	80.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Compression ratio		16.2	16.0	16.0	16.0
Injection/ignition		TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail	TDI common rail
Diesel particle filters		yes	yes	yes	yes
Camshaft drive		Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt	Toothed belt

Vehicles with factory-fitted diesel particulate filter can be identified by PR no. 7MM or 4BI on vehicle data sticker.

Engines	⇒	Diesel engine
Displacement	I	2.0
Engine code		DTUA
No. of cylinders/valves per cylinder	er	4/4
Power	kW at rpm	147/3600-4100
Torque	Nm at rpm	400/1750-3500
Bore	Diameter, mm	81.0
Stroke	mm	95.5
Compression ratio		15.5
Injection/ignition		TDI common rail



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Engines ⇒	Diesel engine
Displacement I	2.0
Engine code	DTUA
Diesel particle filters	yes
Camshaft drive	Toothed belt

Vehicles with factory-fitted diesel particulate filter can be identified by PR no. 7MM or 4BI on vehicle data sticker.



2 Service work

Information reference flexible or fixed service ⇒ page 7

Service tables up to model year ►2020 ⇒ page 10

Service tables as of model year 2021 → page 18

2.1 Information about flexible or fixed service

Service identification ⇒ page 7

Flexible service <u>⇒ page 7</u>

Fixed service ⇒ page 8

Service interval display ⇒ page 8

2.1.1 Service identification

 Referring to vehicle data sticker, check if vehicle is equipped with following PR numbers:

The PR number is decisive for the service intervals ⇒ page 10 .

Vehicle ID with PR number

Model year	PR number	Service
2016 ►	QI6	Flexible service
2016 ►	QI1, QI2, QI3, QI4, QI7	Fixed service

In the past, the PR numbers QG0, QG1 and QG2 determined the type of service.

With immediate effect, these PR numbers only denote whether an engine oil level sensor is installed or not and no longer have an influence on the oil change interval.

2.1.2 Flexible service

The flexible service enables long service intervals, depending on individual driving style and the conditions under which the vehicle is used.



Note

For the flexible service a special LongLife engine oil is required ⇒ page 10.

Vehicles with production control number "QI6" are set up for flexible service at the factory. This means that these vehicles have a flexible service interval display and are fitted with the following components:

- Flexible service interval display in dash panel insert
- Engine oil level sensor
- Brake pad wear indicator (if fitted)

For vehicles with flexible service the service interval is determined by the control unit and is indicated on service interval display (SID) \Rightarrow page 8.

Therefore the service intervals are flexible.

2.1.3 Fixed service

For vehicles with a fixed service, fixed services are calculated. This means that the mileage or time values are already set by Volkswagen. For normal operating conditions achieving these service intervals is technically assured.

Therefore the service intervals are fixed.

For vehicles

- which have not been delivered with extended servicing intervals (ESI) (PR numbers "QI1", "QI2", "QI3", "QI4", "QI7"),
- that have had extended servicing interval (ESI) stopped
- in which no LongLife engine oil was used

the fixed service applies.

These non-flexible service intervals apply to all types of service including an engine oil change.

Therefore, these vehicles have a fixed service interval display ⇒ page 8 and for maintenance the fixed service intervals (rigid service intervals) apply. These vehicles are fitted with the following components:

- Fixed service interval display in dash panel insert
- Engine oil level sensor
- Brake pad wear indicator (if fitted)

2.1.4 Service interval display

Introduction of extended servicing intervals (ESI) ⇒ page 8

Flexible service interval display (only vehicles with a flexible service) ⇒ page 8

Fixed service interval display (only vehicles with a fixed service) ⇒ page 9

Service type for service due ⇒ page 9

Service initial warning ⇒ page 9

Retrieving service information from Infotainment system ⇒ page 9

Service interval display: resetting ⇒ page 159
Service interval display: recoding ⇒ page 160

Introduction of extended servicing intervals (ESI)

Ask your importer if the extended servicing interval (ESI) is available for your country.

Flexible service interval display (only vehicles with a flexible service)

Calculation of service intervals:

- The service intervals on vehicles with a flexible service is calculated. Input values such as, distance travelled, fuel consumption, oil temperature and loading on diesel particulate filter are evaluated by the control unit.
- The result of the evaluation is a value for the deterioration of the oil due to thermal loading.
- The oil deterioration is the deciding factor concerning the distance that can still be driven to the next service.





Note

For vehicles with a flexible service but which are serviced according to fixed service intervals, the service interval display must be recoded to "non-flexible" > page 160.

Fixed service interval display (only vehicles with a fixed service)

Calculation of service intervals:

- The service interval for vehicles with a fixed service is calculated in fixed service intervals. This means that the mileage or time values have been previously determined and specified by Volkswagen.
- For normal operating conditions achieving these service intervals is technically assured.

Service type for service due

 On vehicles with text messages on dash panel insert, the message "Service now" and a "spanner symbol" are displayed.

The service information disappears after a few seconds or if engine is running.

Service initial warning

If a service is due, "Service initial warning" appears on dash panel insert display when ignition is switched on.

 On vehicles with text messages on dash panel insert display the following appears: "Service in --- km or --- days".

The service information disappears after a few seconds or if engine is running.

- The service initial warning is displayed 20 days before the next service is due.
- The remaining distance displayed is always rounded to the nearest 100 km or the remaining time rounded to full days.

Retrieving service information from Infotainment system

The current service information can always be read with ignition switched on, engine switched off and vehicle stationary.

- Switch on ignition.
- Switch on infotainment system.
- Press Infotainment button CAR.
- Press Setup function button.
- In the menu, scroll to the Service function button.
- Press Service function button.

The service information is displayed in Infotainment system.

Service tables up to model year ►2020



Note

- The service tables apply in general with differences depending on the vehicle model and equipment level. There is no relation between individual vehicles and identified vehicle identification numbers.
- Vehicle-specific time and mileage dependent additional work can only be found in the ⇒ maintenance tables.

2.2.1 Pre-delivery inspection

Scope of work

- Battery: check battery terminal clamps for secure seating.
- Transportation mode: switch off.
- Service interval display: reset.
- Status of battery: read.
- Event memories of all systems: read.
- Radio/radio navigation system: store local radio stations to station buttons.
- Time and date: set.
- All switches, electrical consumers, sockets, gauges and other controls: check function.
- Front passenger airbag: check key switch and ON/OFF function.
- Window regulators: initialise (activate).
- Vehicle interior: check for cleanliness.
- Protective seat covers and protective carpet film: remove.
- All equipment which has been packed inside vehicle (if part of original equipment): install.
- Two safety hammers: install according to installation instructions.
- Edge protection on doors (plastic film): remove.
- Vehicle exterior: check for cleanliness.
- Tyre pressure: check.
- Wheel bolts: tighten to specified torque.
- Wiper blade protection: remove.
- Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator: calibrate after tyre pressure has been corrected.
- Vehicle: inspect for leaks and damage from above and below.
- Brake system: inspect for leaks and damage.
- Transportation devices: remove (if fitted).
- Vehicle underside (underbody): inspect for damage.
- Windscreen wash/wipe system and headlight washer system: check function and settings.
- Engine oil level: check; observe oil specification when topping up.
- Coolant level: check.
- Brake fluid: renew, if vehicle is older than 6 months.
- Brake fluid level: check that it is at maximum.
- Keys: check number, operation and cleanliness.
- Service Schedule / Digital Service Schedule: enter pre-delivery inspection.
- Owner's literature: check that literature is complete and prepare for delivery to customer.
- Carry out road test.
- Warning stickers: check that they are present.



Scope of work

- Charging cable: check that cable is present and check its condition.
- · Applies only to BEV and PHEV
- High-voltage battery: charging
- · Applies only to BEV and PHEV

2.2.2 Scopes of service



Note

- Depending on the time elapsed and the mileage since the last service, service events may be combined (inspection with oil change).
- ♦ An extended scope of inspection is carried out in combination with an inspection.
- The scopes of service work are generally applicable and differ according to vehicle model and equipment level. There is no relation between individual vehicles and identified vehicle identification numbers.
- ♦ Scopes of service work for individual vehicles can be found only in the maintenance tables. ⇒ Maintenance tables

Oil change service	Inspec- tion	Extended scope of inspection (applies only in addition to regular inspection)	Scope of work	
Vehicle in	nterior			
		X	 Interior lights: check function of headliner, luggage compartment and glove compartment lights. 	
	Х		 Horn: check function. 	
	Х		 Charging cable: check that cable is present and check its condition. Applies only to BEV and PHEV 	
	Х		 High-voltage battery: check charge level, charge as necessary. Applies only to BEV 	
Vehicle e	xterior			
	Х		 Headlight washer system: check function. 	
	Х		Front lighting: check function.	
	Х		Static cornering light (cornering light): check function.	
	Х		 Automatic headlight control: check function. 	
	Х		 Rear lighting: check function. 	

Oil change service	Inspec- tion	Exten- ded scope of		Scope of work
Service		inspection (applies only in addition to regular inspection)		
	Х		_	Windscreen wash/wipe system: check function and spray jet settings and adjust if necessary; check for damage.
	Х		_	Wiper blades: move blades to service position and check for damage; check park position.
		Х	-	Interior and exterior of body: inspect for corrosion.
		Х	-	Windscreen: Visual check for damage
	Х		-	High-voltage charging socket in radiator grille: inspect for soiling and damage.
			•	Applies only to PHEV
	Х		_	High-voltage charging socket in radiator grille and tank cap: inspect for soiling and damage.
			•	Applies only to BEV
Х			-	Reducing agent (AdBlue®): replenish only if customer requests.
				If part of equipment
		Х	-	Convertible top: clean and lubricate locking element.
				Only for T-Roc Cabriolet
		Х	-	Convertible top: perform water test.
				Only for T-Roc Cabriolet
		Х	-	Sunroof: check function, clean guide rails and lubricate with special grease.
Undersid	e of vehic	le	•	
Х			-	Drain engine oil and renew oil filter.
	Х		-	Motor and components in motor compartment: inspect for leaks and damage (from below).
	Х		_	Gearbox, final drive and drive shaft boots: inspect for leaks and damage.
Х			_	Brakes, front and rear: check thickness of pads/linings and condition of brake discs.
		Х	Ŀ	Poly V-belt: check condition.
		Х	_	Swivel joints, axle mountings, coupling rod bearings and anti-roll bar rubber mountings: perform visual inspection for damage.
		Х	Ŀ	Track rods: checking clearance, attachment and boots
	Х		[-	Brake system and shock absorbers: inspecting for leaks and damage
		Х	-	Exhaust system: inspect for leaks, firm seating and damage.
		Х	_	Underbody: inspect for damage to undercoating, underbody cladding, routing of lines, plugs.
		Х	-	Front and rear coil springs and rubber buffers: inspect for damage.



Oil change service	Inspec- tion	Extended scope of inspection (applies only in addition to regular inspection)	Scope of work
X			- Warning stickers: check that they are present.
			Applies only to PHEV
	Х		- Warning stickers: check that they are present.
			Applies only to BEV
	Х		- Removable towing bracket: check.
			If part of equipment
		Х	Air suspension: check for leaks and damage.
			Applies only to Touareg
Tyres			
	Х		- Tyre pressure: check.
	Х		Tyre mobility set: check for damage and use.
	X	<u> </u>	- Tyres: check condition and wear pattern of tyre; enter tread depth.
	ompartme	ent T	Engine oil replación
X	X		Engine oil: replenish.Oil level: check.
	X		Battery and, if fitted, second battery: check with battery tester.
	X		Motor and components in motor compartment: inspect for leaks and
			damage (from above).
	Х		- Brake fluid level (dependent upon brake pad/lining wear): check.
	X		Cooling system: check frost protection and coolant level.
	X		 Check cooling system for high-voltage system and also check presence and attachment of tamperproof seal on coolant expansion tank
			Applies only to PHEV
	Х		 Window wash/wipe system: check anti-freeze protection; replenish washer fluid.
	Х		 Hybrid components: inspect for damage to high-voltage components and wires.
			Applies only to PHEV
	Х		 High-voltage components and high-voltage cables: inspect for damage and correct routing and securing of lines.
			Applies only to BEV
X			- Plenum chamber: check for soiling.
			Applies only to up!

Oil change service	Inspec- tion	Extended scope of inspection (applies only in addition to regular inspection)		Scope of work
	Х		-	Plenum chamber: check for soiling.
			•	Applicable for e-up! only
Concludir	ng work	•		
Х			-	Service interval display: Reset
	Х		-	Headlight adjustment: check and adjust as necessary.
	Х		-	Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator: calibrate after tyre pressure has been corrected.
	Х		-	Carry out road test.
Х			-	High-voltage battery: charge.
				Applies only to PHEV
	Х		-	High-voltage battery: charge.
			•	Applies only to BEV

Service intervals 2.2.3

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles operated on fuels compliant with EN 228 or EN 590	For operation with fuels that are »NOT« compliant with standards EN 228 ⇒ page 34 or EN 590 ⇒ page 35
Oil change service		QI1 every 5,000 km or 1 year (fixed) ¹⁾
		QI2 every 7,500 km or 1 year (fixed) ¹⁾
		Ql3 every 10,000 km or 1 year (fixed) ¹⁾
	ever	Ql4 ry 15,000 km or 1 year (fixed) ¹⁾
	QI6 max. 30,000 km or 2 years (flexible) 1)	
	QI7 every 10,000 mi or 1 year (fixed) ¹⁾	

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.



Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles operated on fuels compliant with EN 228 or EN 590	For operation with fuels that are »NOT« compliant with standards EN 228 ⇒ page 34 or EN 590 ⇒ page 35
Inspection		QI1 every 10,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾
		QI2 every 15,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾
		QI3 every 10,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾
	QI4 30,000 km or 2 years then every 30,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾	Ql4 every 15,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾
	QI6 30,000 km or 2 years then every 30,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾	
	QI7 Every 20,000 mi or 2 years ¹⁾	

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles operated on fuels compliant with EN 228 or EN 590	For operation with fuels that are »NOT« compliant with standards EN 228 ⇒ page 34 or EN 590 ⇒ page 35
Extended additional inspection • Applies only in conjunction with regular inspection	After 60,000 km or 3 years then every 60,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾	After 30,000 km or 2 years or after 20,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

2.2.4 Air filter

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Air filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element • Applies only to Polo with engine code CHYB & CHYC and up! with manifold injection	Every 60,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾	Every 30,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾
Air filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element	Every 90,000 km or 6 years ¹⁾	Every 30,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Dust and pollen filter 2.2.5

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Dust and pollen filter (cabin filter): renew. • Applies only to up!	Every 30,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾	Max. 1 year or 30,000 km ¹⁾
Dust and pollen filter (cabin filter): renew.	Every 60,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾	Max. 1 year or 30,000 km ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Panoramic sliding sunroof 2.2.6

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Panoramic sliding sunroof • With colourless special lubricant: in countries with low dust levels, check only function and noise. In countries with high dust levels, the panorama sliding roof must continue to be cleaned and lubricated.		Max. 1 year or 15,000 km ¹⁾
Panoramic sliding sunroof If the lubricating paste is grey, clean and grease guide rails and clean wind deflector.	After 60,000 km or 3 years then every 60,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾	Max. 1 year or 15,000 km ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Sliding sunroof drains at front and water drain valves at rear 2.2.7

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Sliding sunroof drains at front: check for blockage, clean if necessary	Max. 2 years or 30,000 km ¹⁾	Max. 1 year or 15,000 km ¹⁾
Water drain valves at rear: check for blockage, clean if necessary		

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

2.2.8 Toothed belt

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Toothed belt and camshaft drive tensioning roller: renew. • Applies only to TDI bi-turbo	Every 120,000 km	Every 120,000 km
Toothed belt and camshaft drive tensioning roller: renew. • Applies to all diesel engines with toothed belt	Every 210,000 km	Every 120,000 km



Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Toothed belt and camshaft drive tensioning roller: renew. • Applies to all petrol engines with toothed belt		Every 120,000 km
Toothed belt drive for coolant pump: renew. • Applies to all petrol engines with toothed belt for coolant pump		Every 120,000 km

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Unlisted engines do not have a toothed belt inspection or replacement interval.

2.2.9 Poly V-belt

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Poly V-belt: renewing		Every 60,000 km

2.2.10 Diesel fuel filter

Scope of work	Diesel compliant with EN 590	Diesel not compliant with EN 590 ⇒ page 35
Diesel fuel filter: renewing • Applies only to Touareg	Every 60,000 km	Every 30,000 km
Diesel fuel filter: renewing	Every 90,000 km	Every 30,000 km

2.2.11 Spark plugs

Scope of work	Petrol engine compliant with EN 228	E100	Petrol engine not compli- ant with EN 228 ⇒ page 37
Spark plugs: Renew	Every 60,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾	Every 40,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾	Every 30,000 km / 20,000 km
Spark plugs: Renew • Applies for all 6-cylinder engines	Every 90,000 km or 6 years ¹⁾		or 2 years ¹⁾ and every 15,000 km / 10,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

2.2.12 Brake fluid

Scope of work	Scope of work Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	
Brake and clutch system: changing brake fluid	3 years after initial registration, then every 2 years	Every 2 years

2.2.13 **Automatic gearbox**

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with hot climate ⇒ page 33	USA
Automatic gearbox: change ATF.		Every 60,000 km	Every 80,000 mi

2.2.14 Country-specific additional work dependent on time and mileage

Scope of work	Interval
Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): replenishing Only if requested by customer, and as a separate charge	At every service.
Dual clutch gearbox (DSG) 02E and 0D9: change gear oil and filter.	Every 60,000 km
Dual clutch gearboxes (DSG) 0DD, 0DL and 0BH: change gear oil.	Every 60,000 km
Dual clutch gearbox (DSG) 0GC: change gear oil.	Every 120,000 km
Diesel particulate filter: Check	At 180,000 km/210,000 km, then every 30,000 km
All-wheel drive coupling: changing oil	Every 3 years
Front differential lock: changing oil	Every 3 years
Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): changing • Applies only to vehicles driven less than 15,000 km in 4 years	Every 4 years

2.3 Service tables as of model year 2021►

A new maintenance concept has been introduced as of model year 2021►. Compared with the previous concept, the main features are as follows:

- Deviating scopes of service no longer include extended additional inspections. These must now also be carried out within the scope of every inspection.
- Deviating service intervals: inspection is now always due after the same interval, meaning e.g. for PR-number QI4: after 30,000 km or 2 years, whichever occurs first.
- Individual intervals of the additional work have been adapted to the new inspection interval.

2.3.1 Pre-delivery inspection

Scope of work		
12V battery: check battery clamp for firm seating.		
Transportation mode: switch off.		
Service interval display: reset.		
 Status of 12V battery: read. 		

Runs automatically on vehicles with battery monitor control unit -367- at switching off of transportation mode.



Scope of work

- 12V battery: check using -VAS 6161-.
- · Only applicable to vehicles without battery data module.
- Event memories of all systems: read.
- Time and date: set.
- All switches, electrical consumers, sockets, gauges and other control elements: check function
- Front passenger airbag: check key switch and ON/OFF function.
- Window regulators: initialise (activate).
- Vehicle interior: check for cleanliness.
- Protective seat covers and protective carpet film: remove.
- All equipment which has been packed inside vehicle (if part of original equipment): install.
- Two safety hammers: install according to installation instructions.
- · Applies only to the Netherlands.
- Vehicle exterior: check for cleanliness.
- Tyre pressure: check.
- Wheel bolts: tighten to specified torque.
- Wiper blade protection: remove.
- Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator: calibrate after tyre pressure has been corrected.
- Vehicle: inspect for leaks and damage from above and below.
- Brake system: inspect for leaks and damage.
- Transportation devices: remove (if fitted).
- Vehicle underside (underbody): inspect for damage.
- Windscreen wash/wipe system and headlight washer system: check function and settings.
- Engine oil level: check; observe oil specification when topping up.
- Coolant level: check.
- Brake fluid: renew, if vehicle is older than 6 months.
- Brake fluid level: check that it is at maximum.
- Keys: check number, operation and cleanliness.
- Service Schedule / Digital Service Schedule: enter pre-delivery inspection.
- Carry out road test.
- Charging cable: check that cable is present and check its condition.
- Applies only to BEV and PHEV
- High-voltage battery: charging
- · Applies only to BEV and PHEV

2.3.2 Scopes of service



Note

- Depending on the time elapsed and the mileage since the last service, service events may be combined (inspection with oil change).
- The scopes of service work are generally applicable and differ according to vehicle model and equipment level. There is no relation between individual vehicles and identified vehicle identification numbers.
- ♦ Scopes of service work for individual vehicles can be found only in the maintenance tables. ⇒ Maintenance tables

Oil change service	Inspection	Scope of work	
Vehicle inte	rior		
	Х	 Interior lights: check function of headliner, luggage compartment and glove compartment lights. 	
	Х	Horn: check function.	
	Х	 Charging cable: check that cable is present and check its condition. 	
		Applies only to BEV and PHEV	
	Х	High-voltage battery: check charge level, charge as necessary.	
		Applies only to BEV	
Vehicle exte	erior		
	Χ	 Headlight washer system: check function. 	
	Χ	Front lighting: check function.	
	Χ	 Static cornering light (cornering light): check function. 	
	Χ	Automatic headlight control: check function.	
	Х	Rear lighting: check function.	
	Х	 Windscreen wash/wipe system: check function and spray jet settings and adjust if necessary; check for damage. 	
	Х	 Wiper blades: move blades to service position and check for damage; check park position. 	
	X – Interior and exterior of body: inspect for corrosion.		
	Х	Windscreen: Visual check for damage	
	Х	 High-voltage charging socket in radiator grille or left wing: inspect for soiling and damage. 	
		Applies only to PHEV	
	Х	 High-voltage charging socket in radiator grille and tank cap: inspect for soiling and damage. 	
		Applies only to BEV	
Х		 Reducing agent (AdBlue®): replenish only if customer requests. 	
		If part of equipment	
	Х	Convertible top: clean and lubricate locking element.	
		Only for T-Roc Cabriolet	



Oil change service	Inspection		Scope of work
	Х	-	Convertible top: perform water test.
		•	Only for T-Roc Cabriolet
	Х	-	Sunroof: check function, clean guide rails and lubricate with special grease.
Underside of	of vehicle		
Х		_	Drain engine oil and renew oil filter.
	Х	_	Motor and components in motor compartment: inspect for leaks and damage (from below).
	Х	_	Gearbox, final drive and drive shaft boots: inspect for leaks and damage.
X	Х	_	Brakes, front and rear: check thickness of pads/linings and condition of brake discs.
	Х	_	Poly V-belt: check condition.
	Х	_	Poly V-belt and tensioning roller for belt-driven starter-alternator: check condition.
	Х	_	Swivel joints, axle mountings, coupling rod bearings and anti-roll bar rubber mountings: perform visual inspection for damage.
	Х	_	Track rods: checking clearance, attachment and boots
	Х	_	Brake system and shock absorbers: inspecting for leaks and damage
	Х	_	Exhaust system: inspect for leaks, firm seating and damage.
	Х	_	Underbody: inspect for damage to undercoating, underbody cladding, routing of lines, plugs.
	Х	_	Front and rear coil springs and rubber buffers: inspect for damage.
Х		-	Warning stickers: check that they are present.
		•	Applies only to PHEV
	Х	-	Warning stickers: check that they are present.
		•	Applies only to BEV
	Х	-	Removable towing bracket: check.
		•	If part of equipment
	Х	-	Air suspension: check for leaks and damage.
		•	Applies only to Touareg
Tyres			
	Х	_	Tyre pressure: check.
	Х	_	Tyre mobility set: check for damage and use.
	Х	_	Tyres: check condition and wear pattern of tyre; enter tread depth.
Engine com	partment		
Х		_	Engine oil: replenish.
	Х	_	Oil level: check.
	X	_	Battery and, if fitted, second battery: check with battery tester.
	Х	_	Motor and components in motor compartment: inspect for leaks and damage (from above).
	Х	_	Brake fluid level (dependent upon brake pad/lining wear): check.
	Х	_	Cooling system: check frost protection and coolant level.

Oil change service	Inspection	Scope of work
X		 Check cooling system for high-voltage system and also check presence and attachment of tamperproof seal on coolant expansion tank
		Applies only to PHEV
	Х	 Window wash/wipe system: check anti-freeze protection; replenish washer fluid.
	Х	 Hybrid components: inspect for damage to high-voltage components and wires.
		Applies only to PHEV
	Х	 High-voltage components and high-voltage cables: inspect for damage and correct routing and securing of lines.
		Applies only to BEV
Х		Plenum chamber: check for soiling.
		Applies only to up!
	Х	Plenum chamber: check for soiling.
		Applicable for e-up! only
Concluding	work	
Х	Χ	Service interval display: Reset
	Х	Headlight adjustment: check and adjust as necessary.
	Х	 Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator: calibrate after tyre pressure has been corrected.
	Х	 Carry out road test.
	Х	 Selective wheel torque control: assess oil degradation using vehicle diagnostic tester.
Х		High-voltage battery: charge.
		Applies only to PHEV
	Х	High-voltage battery: charge.
		Applies only to BEV

2.3.3 Service intervals

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles operated on fuels compliant with EN 228 or EN 590	For operation with fuels that are »NOT« compliant with standards EN 228 <u>⇒ page 34</u> or EN 590 <u>⇒ page 35</u>
Oil change service		Ql1
		every 5,000 km or 1 year (fixed) 1)
		Ql2
		every 7,500 km or 1 year (fixed) 1)
		QI3
		every 10,000 km or 1 year (fixed) 1)
	QI4	
	every 15,000 km or 1 year (fixed) 1)	



Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles operated on fuels compliant with EN 228 or EN 590	For operation with fuels that are »NOT« compliant with standards EN 228 ⇒ page 34 or EN 590 ⇒ page 35
	QI6 max. 30,000 km or 2 years (flexible) ¹⁾	
	QI7 every 10,000 mi or 1 year (fixed) 1)	 -

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles		For operation with fuels that are »NOT« compliant with standards EN 228 <u>⇒ page 34</u> or EN 590 <u>⇒ page 35</u>
Inspec- tion	Every 30,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾	Every 20,000 mi or 2 years ¹⁾	Every 10,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾ Applies to vehicles with PR numbers QI1 and QI3.
			Every 15,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾ Applies to vehicles with PR numbers QI2 and QI4.

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

2.3.4 Air filter

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Air filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element • Applies only to Polo with engine code CHYB & CHYC and up! with manifold injection	Every 60,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾	Every 30,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾
Air filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element	Every 90,000 km or 6 years ¹⁾	Every 30,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

2.3.5 Dust and pollen filter

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Dust and pollen filter (cabin filter): renew.	Every 60,000 km or 2 years ¹⁾	Max. 1 year or 30,000 km ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Panoramic sliding sunroof 2.3.6

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Panoramic sliding sunroof • With colourless special lubricant: in countries with low dust levels, check only function and noise. In countries with high dust levels, the panorama sliding roof must continue to be cleaned and lubricated.		Max. 1 year or 15,000 km ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Sliding sunroof drains at rear 2.3.7

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Sliding sunroof drains at front: check for blockage, clean if necessary	Max. 2 years or 30,000 km ¹⁾	Max. 1 year or 15,000 km ¹⁾
Water drain valves at rear: check for blockage, clean if necessary		

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

2.3.8 Toothed belt

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Toothed belt and camshaft drive tensioning roller: renew. • Applies only to TDI bi-turbo	Every 120,000 km	Every 120,000 km
Toothed belt and camshaft drive tensioning roller: renew. • Applies to all diesel engines with toothed belt	Every 210,000 km	Every 120,000 km
Toothed belt and camshaft drive tensioning roller: renew. • Applies to all petrol engines with toothed belt		Every 120,000 km
Toothed belt drive for coolant pump: renew. • Applies to all petrol engines with toothed belt for coolant pump		Every 120,000 km

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Unlisted engines do not have a toothed belt inspection or replacement interval.



2.3.9 Poly V-belt

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36
Poly V-belt: renewing		Every 60,000 km
Poly V-belt and tensioning roller for belt-driven starter-alternator: renew	Every 180,000 km	Every 60,000 km

2.3.10 Diesel fuel filter

Scope of work	Diesel compliant with EN 590	Diesel not compliant with EN 590 ⇒ page 35
Diesel fuel filter: renewing • Applies only to Touareg	Every 60,000 km	Every 30,000 km
Diesel fuel filter: renewing	Every 90,000 km	Every 30,000 km

2.3.11 Spark plugs

Scope of work	Petrol engine compliant with EN 228	E100	Petrol engine not compli- ant with EN 228 ⇒ page 34
Spark plugs: Renew	Every 60,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾	Every 40,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾	Every 30,000 km / 20,000 km
Spark plugs: Renew • Applies for all 6-cylinder engines	Every 90,000 km or 6 years ¹⁾		or 2 years ¹⁾ and every 15,000 km / 10,000 km or 1 year ¹⁾

¹⁾ Whichever occurs first.

Automatic gearbox 2.3.12

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Countries with hot climate ⇒ page 33	USA
Automatic gearbox: change ATF.		Every 60,000 km	Every 80,000 mi

Multi-purpose additive 2.3.13

Scope of work	Climate and traffic conditions usual for passenger vehicles	Russia
Multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel: adding		At every service.
Multi-purpose additive for petrol fuel: adding		At every service.

2.3.14 Country-specific additional work dependent on time and mileage

Scope of work	Interval
Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): replenishing Only if requested by customer, and as a separate charge	At every service.
Selective wheel torque control: change oil in left and right clutch chambers	Every 60,000 km or 4 years ¹⁾
Dual clutch gearbox (DSG) 02E and 0D9: change gear oil and filter.	Every 60,000 km
Dual clutch gearboxes (DSG) 0DD, 0DL and 0BH: change gear oil.	Every 60,000 km
Dual clutch gearbox (DSG) 0GC: change gear oil.	Every 120,000 km
Diesel particulate filter: Check	At 180,000 km/210,000 km, then every 30,000 km
All-wheel drive coupling: changing oil	Every 2 years
Brake and clutch system: changing brake fluid	Every 2 years
Front differential lock: changing oil	Every 2 years
Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): changing • Applies only to vehicles driven less than 15,000 km in 4 years	Every 4 years



3 General information

General warnings for working on high-voltage system <mark>⇒ page 27</mark>

Raising vehicle with lifting platform or trolley jack ⇒ page 27

Entries in service schedule ⇒ page 29

Severe operating conditions ⇒ page 29

Vehicle data sticker ⇒ page 30

Connecting vehicle diagnostic tester ⇒ page 31

Vehicle identification number ⇒ page 32

Countries with hot climate ⇒ page 33

Country overview for petrol not compliant with EN 228 <u>⇒ page</u> 34

Country overview for diesel not compliant with EN 590 <u>⇒ page</u> 35

Motor code and motor number ⇒ page 36

Countries with high levels of dust ⇒ page 36

Type plate ⇒ page 37

Shortened intervals for spark plug replacement ⇒ page 37

3.1 General warnings for working on high-voltage system

 \Rightarrow Rep. gr. 00; Classification of dangers for the high-voltage system

3.2 Raising vehicle with lifting platform or trolley jack

Safety notes <u>⇒ page 27</u>

Lifting points for lifting platform and trolley jack ⇒ page 28

3.2.1 Safety information



WARNING

Before driving onto a lifting platform ensure there is sufficient clearance between low lying components and lifting platform.

Before driving a vehicle onto a lifting platform it must be ensured that the vehicle weight does not exceed the permissible lifting capacity of the platform.

Lift vehicle only at points indicated in figure to avoid damaging vehicle underbody or tipping vehicle.

Never start engine and engage a gear with vehicle lifted as long as even one driven wheel has contact with the floor! Disregarding these warnings risks the danger of an accident!

If work is to be performed under vehicle, the vehicle must be supported by suitable stands.

3.2.2 Lifting points for lifting platform and trolley jack

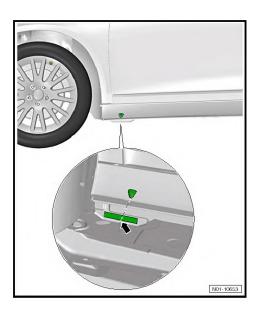
NOTICE

If the support plates or lifting arms of the lifting platform are improperly seated the surrounding parts of the vehicle may be damaged.

Screw support plates of the lifting platform out far enough to ensure sufficient clearance between lifting arm and side member. Use only the side member reinforcement as a support point for the support plates of the lifting platform.

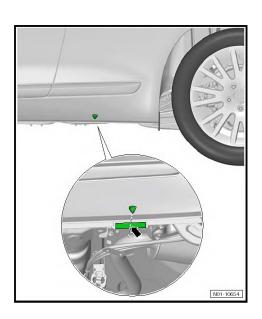
Ensure that side member reinforcement seats centrally on support plate of hoist mounting.

Front lifting point



Position support plate in area of side member marking (at vertical reinforcement of floor pan -arrow-).

Rear lifting point



Position support plate in area of side member marking at vertical reinforcement of floor pan -arrow-.



3.3 Entries in service schedule

If a component is changed which has a change interval prescribed by the manufacturer, e.g. the toothed belt, the new change interval begins at the time the component is changed.

- Therefore it is very important, every time a component is changed, to document this in the service schedule.
- This also applies to components which were changed before the regular change interval.

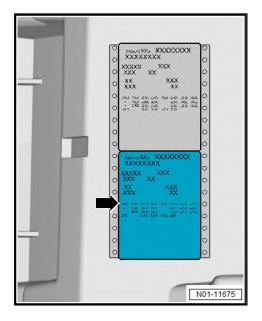
3.4 Severe operating conditions

If the vehicle is used under severe operating conditions some work will have to be performed before the next service is due or at shorter service intervals.

- · Regular short trips or stop and go operation in urban traffic
- · High percentage of cold starts
- Vehicle is used in areas with winter temperatures over a long period
- Regular long periods of idling (e.g. taxis)
- Vehicle is often driven at full throttle with high payload or whilst towing a trailer
- · Using diesel with elevated sulphur content
- Regular operation in areas with high levels of dust
- Countries with generally poor road conditions such as high number of potholes, protrusions, high elevations in the road/ deep "tramlines".
- High number of gravel roads with poor surface quality, such as irregularities/bumps, elevations, protruding stones, waves.
- Subtropical climates (combination of high ambient temperature and high air humidity)

Vehicle data sticker 3.5

"Vehicle data sticker": attaching to 3.5.1 service schedule or owner's manual

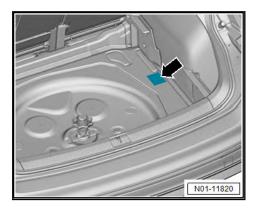


Apply the lower of the two vehicle data stickers -arrow- in the service schedule or the owner's manual.

In markets with digital service schedules (DSP), the place to paste the vehicle date sticker has moved from the service schedule to the owner's manual.

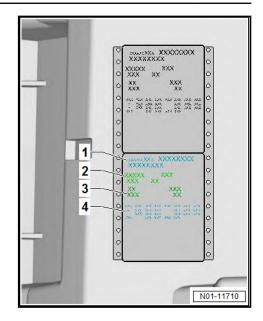
3.5.2 Vehicle data sticker

The vehicle data sticker -arrow- is located in luggage compartment on right in spare wheel recess. The vehicle data sticker is also found in the service schedule for the customer.



The sticker contains the following data of the vehicle





- 1 Vehicle identification number
- 2 Vehicle type, engine output, gearbox
- 3 Engine and gearbox codes, paint number, interior equipment
- 4 Optional equipment, PR numbers

The sticker in service schedule includes the same data. The legend can be found below the sticker.

3.6 Vehicle diagnostic tester

Special tools and workshop equipment required

◆ Diagnosis system -VAS 6160 A-



♦ Diagnosis system VCI -VAS 6150 C-



Note

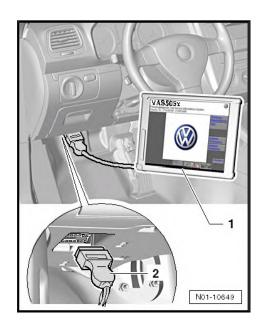
Ensure that the selected vehicle diagnostic tester is used only with the respective diagnostic cable.



During a road test, always secure testing and measuring equipment on the back seat.

Only a passenger may operate these devices while the vehicle is in motion.

Procedure



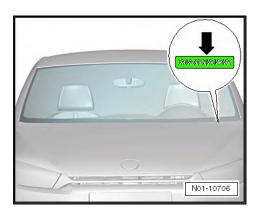
- Connect diagnostic line connector to diagnostic connection.
- Switch on vehicle diagnostic tester.
- Switch on ignition.

Now follow instructions on screen in order to start desired functions.

Vehicle identification number 3.7

- Vehicle identification number on lower edge of windscreen ⇒ <u>page 32</u>
- Vehicle identification number on extension of longitudinal member ⇒ page 32
- ◆ Significance of vehicle identification number <u>⇒ page 33</u>

3.7.1 Vehicle identification number on lower edge of windscreen

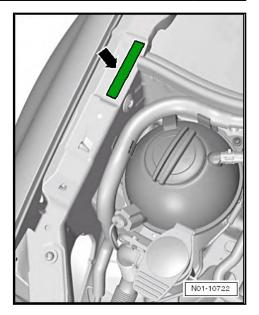


The vehicle identification number (chassis number) -arrow- is located on the left-hand side of the vehicle in the windscreen near the wiper mounting. It is visible from the outside.

Vehicle identification number on exten-3.7.2 sion of longitudinal member

The vehicle identification number is located on the extension of longitudinal member -arrow-.





3.7.3 Significance of vehicle identification number

WVG	ZZZ	5N	Z	G	W	000 234
Manufacturer code	Filler charac- ters	Model	Filler charac- ters	Model year 2016	Production lo- cation	Serial number

3.8 Countries with hot climate

- ♦ Countries with hot and super hot climates have elevated peak temperatures (50°C) compared with the European average (25°C).
- Locally high ambient temperatures have an influence on the longevity of the motor, gearbox and coolant circuit, such as journeys uphill and at higher speeds as well as start/stop operation.

Abu Dhabi	Lebanon
Algeria	Libya
Egypt	Mexico
Afghanistan	Morocco
Bahrain	Niger
Burkina Faso	Oman
China	Puerto Rico
Dubai	Palestine
Djibouti	Pakistan
Eritrea	Saudi Arabia
Guinea	South Sudan
Guinea-Bissau	Sierra Leone
Iran	Somalia
India	Syria
Iraq	Chad
Israel	Tunisia
Yemen	Togo
Jordan	USA
Kuwait	United Arab Emirates

Cameroon	West Sahara
Qatar	Central African Republic

Country overview for petrol not compli-3.9 ant with EN 228

Examples in fuel inadequacies that can lead to shortened maintenance / exchange intervals:

- Petrol contaminated with diesel
- High sulphur content
- ◆ Poor boiling point / evaporation
- Metallic components / Octane Booster Additive
- Contaminants in petrol

Georgia	Mongolia	Tanzania
Ghana	Mozambique	Thailand
Guatemala	Myanmar (Burma)	Togo
Guinea	Nepal (Indian subcontinent)	Trinidad and Tobago
Guinea-Bissau	New Caledonia	Chad
Haiti	Nicaragua	Tunisia
Honduras	Dutch Overseas Territories	Turkey
Indonesia	Niger	Turkmenistan
Iraq	Nigeria	Uganda
Iran	North Korea	Ukraine
Jamaica	Oman	Uruguay
Yemen	Pakistan	Uzbekistan
Jordan	Panama	Venezuela
Cameroon	Papua New Guinea	United Arab Emirates
Cape Verde	Paraguay	Vietnam
Caribbean, left-hand traf- fic	Peru	West Sahara
Kazakhstan	Philippines	Central African Republic
Qatar	Republic of Congo	Macao
Kenya	Rwanda	Libya
Kyrgyz Republic	Russian Federation	Cayman Islands
Columbia	Zambia	Guyana
		1 -
Cuba	Saudi Arabia	Cambodia
Cuba Kuwait	Saudi Arabia Senegal	Cambodia
		Cambodia
Kuwait	Senegal	Cambodia
Kuwait Laos	Senegal Seychelles	Cambodia
Kuwait Laos Lebanon	Senegal Seychelles Sierra Leone	Cambodia
Kuwait Laos Lebanon Liberia	Senegal Seychelles Sierra Leone Singapore	Cambodia
Kuwait Laos Lebanon Liberia Madagascar	Senegal Seychelles Sierra Leone Singapore Somalia	Cambodia
	Ghana Guatemala Guinea Guinea-Bissau Haiti Honduras Indonesia Iraq Iran Jamaica Yemen Jordan Cameroon Cape Verde Caribbean, left-hand traffic Kazakhstan Qatar Kenya Kyrgyz Republic	Ghana Mozambique Guatemala Myanmar (Burma) Guinea Nepal (Indian subcontinent) Guinea-Bissau New Caledonia Haiti Nicaragua Honduras Dutch Overseas Territories Indonesia Niger Iraq Nigeria Iran North Korea Jamaica Oman Yemen Pakistan Jordan Panama Cameroon Papua New Guinea Cape Verde Paraguay Caribbean, left-hand traffic Kazakhstan Philippines Qatar Republic of Congo Kenya Russian Federation



Eritrea	Morocco	Sudan	
Fiji	Mauritania	Suriname	
Gabon	Mauritius	Syria	
Gambia	Mexico	Tajikistan	

3.10 Country overview for diesel not compliant with EN 590

Examples in fuel inadequacies that can lead to shortened maintenance / exchange intervals:

- ♦ High sulphur content
- ♦ Elevated amount of biodiesel
- ♦ Contaminants in diesel
- ♦ Elevated amount of water in diesel

Abu Dhabi	Gambia	Malawi	Sierra Leone
Afghanistan	Georgia	Malaysia	Zimbabwe
Egypt	Ghana	Mali	Singapore
Algeria	Guatemala	Morocco	Somalia
Angola	Guinea	Mauritania	Sri Lanka and the Maldives
Equatorial Guinea	Guinea-Bissau	Mauritius	South Africa
Argentina	Guyana	Macedonia	Sudan
Armenia	Haiti	Mexico	South Sudan
Azerbaijan	Honduras	Moldova	Surinam
Ethiopia	India	Mongolia	Swaziland
Bahamas	Indonesia	Mozambique	Syria
Bahrain	Iraq	Myanmar	Tajikistan
Bangladesh	Iran	Namibia	Tanzania
Belize	Jamaica	Nepal	Thailand
Benin	Yemen	New Caledonia	Togo
Bermudas	Jordan	Nicaragua	Trinidad and Tobago
Bhutan	Cambodia	Dutch Overseas Territories	Chad
Bolivia	Cameroon	Niger	Tunisia
Botswana	Canada	Nigeria	Turkey
Brazil	Cape Verde	North Korea	Turkmenistan
Brunei	Caribbean driving on the left	Oman	Uganda
Burkina Faso	Kazakhstan	Pakistan	Ukraine
Burundi	Qatar	Panama	Uruguay
Cayman Islands	Kenya	Papua New Guinea	USA
China	Kyrgyz Republic	Paraguay	Uzbekistan
Costa Rica	Columbia	Peru	Venezuela
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Cuba	Philippines	United Arab Emirates
Djibouti	Kuwait	Puerto Rico	Vietnam
Dominican Republic	Laos	Republic of Congo	West Sahara
Dubai	Lesotho	Rwanda	Central African Republic



Ecuador	Lebanon	Russia	Ivory Coast
El Salvador	Liberia	Zambia	South Africa
Eritrea	Libya	Saudi Arabia	
Fiji	Macao	Senegal	
Gabon	Madagascar	Seychelles	

3.11 Engine code and engine number

Engine code and engine number are located:

- ◆ On vehicle data sticker <u>⇒ page 30</u>.
- ♦ On type plate

Or

⇒ Rep. gr. 00; Identification; Engine number, engine data

3.12 Countries with high levels of dust

- High dust content in the air due to road and environmental conditions.
- Dust is categorised according to particle size or type of dust (organic and inorganic material) such as e.g. pollen, bacteria, fungal spores or rock dust, mineral fibres.

Abu Dhabi	Gabon	Macau	Somalia
Afghanistan	Gambia	Madagascar	Sri Lanka
Egypt	Georgia	Malawi	Seychelles
Algeria	Ghana	Maldives	South Sudan
Angola	Guatemala	Mali	Sudan
Equatorial Guinea	Guinea	Morocco	Suriname
Argentina	Guinea-Bissau	Mauritania	Swaziland
Armenia	Guyana	Mauritius	Syria
Azerbaijan	Honduras	Mexico	Tajikistan
Ethiopia	Hong Kong	Mongolia	Tanzania
Australia	India	Mozambique	Thailand
Bahrain	Indonesia	Myanmar (Burma)	Togo
Bangladesh	Iraq	Namibia	Chad
Belize	Israel	Nepal (Indian subcontinent)	Tunisia
Benin (Dahomey)	Yemen	Nicaragua	Turkey
Bhutan	Jordan	Niger	Turkmenistan
Bolivia	Cambodia	Nigeria	Uganda
Botswana	Cameroon	North Korea	Uruguay
Brazil	Cape Verde	Oman	Ukraine
Brunei	Kazakhstan	Pakistan	Uzbekistan
Burkina Faso (Upper Volta)	Qatar	Palestine	Venezuela
Chile	Kenya	Panama	United Arab Emirates
China	Kyrgyz Republic	Papua New Guinea	Vietnam
Costa Rica	Columbia	Paraguay	West Sahara
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Cuba	Peru	Central African Republic



Djibouti	Kuwait	Puerto Rico	Bermudas
Dominican Republic	Laos	Rwanda	Cayman Islands
Dubai	Lesotho	Russian Federation	Haiti
Ecuador	Lebanon	Zambia	Jamaica
El Salvador	Liberia	Saudi Arabia	Caribbean, left-hand traf- fic
Ivory Coast	Libya	Senegal	Dutch Overseas Territo- ries
Eritrea	Philippines	Sierra Leone	Republic of Congo
French Guyana	Burundi	Zimbabwe	St. Barthélemy
Fiji	Bahamas	South Africa	St. Martin
			Trinidad and Tobago

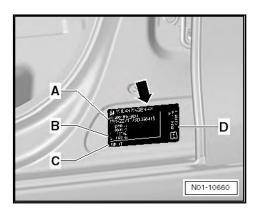
3.13 Type plate



Note

Vehicles for some countries have no type plate.

Owing to legal requirements, the type plate -arrow- is located in the lower area of the B-pillar, after opening either the right or the left front door.



The type plate includes the following vehicle data:

- A Vehicle identification number
- B Variable indications e.g. axle loads, gross vehicle weight rating, gross combination weight
- C Model identification number
- D Engine code

3.14 Shortened intervals for spark plug replacement

Shortened spark plug replacement intervals are necessary if fuel not compliant with DIN EN 228 are used.

Examples in fuel inadequacies that can lead to shortened maintenance / exchange intervals:

- ◆ Petrol contaminated with diesel
- ♦ High sulphur content
- ◆ Poor boiling point / evaporation



Metallic components / Octane Booster Additive

Contaminants in petrol

Country	30,000 km / 2 years	20,000 km / 2 years	15,000 km /1 year	10,000 km /1 year
Abu Dhabi	X	20,000 Km / 2 years	10,000 km/1 year	10,000 111171 year
Afghanistan	X			
Egypt	X			
Algeria	^			X
Angola				X
Equatorial Guinea				X
Armenia	X			^
	X			
Azerbaijan	^			X
Ethiopia	V			^
Bahamas	X			
Bahrain	X			
Bangladesh	X			
Belize			X	
Benin (Dahomey)				X
Bermudas	X			
Bhutan	X			
Bolivia	X			
Brunei	X			
Burkina Faso (Up- per Volta)				Х
Burundi				X
Chile	X			
China		Х		
Costa Rica	Х			
Democratic Republic of the Congo				Х
Djibouti				X
Dominican Republic	X			
Dubai	X			
Ecuador	X			
El Salvador	X			
Ivory Coast				X
Eritrea				Х
Fiji	X			
Gabon				Х
Gambia				Х
Georgia	X			
Ghana				Х
Guatemala	X			
Guinea				X
Guinea-Bissau				X
Guyana	X			^
Haiti	X			
Honduras	X			
i ioriuuras	_ ^			



Country				
	30,000 km / 2 years	20,000 km / 2 years	15,000 km /1 year	10,000 km /1 year
Indonesia	X			
Iraq	X			
Iran			X	
Jamaica	X			
Yemen	X			
Jordan	Х			
Cambodia	X			
Cameroon				Х
Cape Verde				X
Caribbean, left-hand traffic	Х			
Kazakhstan	Х			
Qatar	X			
Kenya				Х
Kyrgyz Republic			X	
Columbia	Х			
Cuba	Х			
Kuwait	Х			
Laos	Х			
Lebanon	Х			
Liberia				Х
Libya		X		
Macao				X
Madagascar				X
Malawi				Χ
Maldives	X			
Mali				X
Morocco		Х		
Mauritania				X
Mauritius				X
Mexico	Х			
Mongolia	Х			
Mozambique				Х
Myanmar (Burma)	Х			
Nepal (Indian sub- continent)	Х			
Nicaragua	X			
Netherlands over- seas territories Ar- uba, Curacao, Sint- Maarten (Dutch)	х			
Niger				Х
Nigeria				Х
North Korea			X	
Oman	Х			
Pakistan			X	
Panama	Х			



Country	30,000 km / 2 years	20,000 km / 2 years	15,000 km /1 year	10,000 km /1 year
Papua New Guinea	X			
Paraguay	Х			
Peru	Х			
Philippines	X			
Republic of Congo				X
Rwanda				Х
Russian Federation	X			
Zambia				X
Saudi Arabia	X			
Senegal				Х
Seychelles				Х
Sierra Leone				Х
Singapore	X			
Somalia				Х
Sri Lanka	X			
South Sudan				Х
Sudan				Х
Suriname				X
Syria			X	
Tajikistan	X		, -	
Tanzania	,			Х
Thailand	X			
Togo	,			X
Trinidad and Toba- go			Х	7.
Chad				Х
Tunisia		Х		
Turkey	X			
Turkmenistan	X			
Uganda				Х
Ukraine	X			
Uruguay	X			
Uzbekistan	X			
Venezuela	X			
United Arab Emi- rates	X			
Vietnam	Х			
West Sahara				Х
Central African Republic				X
Zimbabwe				Х



4 Descriptions of work

Swivel joints and axle mountings: inspecting ⇒ page 44

All-wheel drive coupling: changing oil ⇒ page 45

Automatic headlight control and static cornering light: checking function ⇒ page 49

Front passenger airbag: checking key switch and "ON/OFF function" ⇒ page 51

Battery (12V): checking battery terminal clamps for secure seating ⇒ page 52

Battery (12V): checking with battery tester (always refer to workshop manual) ⇒ page 55

Status of battery (12V): reading - sending diagnosis protocol via online connection ⇒ page 55

Tyres: checking condition, wear pattern, tyre pressure and tread depth ⇒ page 55

Brake and clutch system: changing brake fluid ⇒ page 68

Brake system and shock absorbers: inspecting for leaks and damage ⇒ page 74

Brakes, front and rear: checking thickness of brake pads and condition of brake discs ⇒ page 74

Brake fluid level: checking ⇒ page 78

Dual clutch gearbox 0D9: changing gear oil and filter ⇒ page 79

Dual clutch gearbox 0DD: changing gear oil ⇒ page 79

Dual clutch gearbox 0DL: changing gear oil ⇒ page 79

Dual clutch gearbox 0GC: changing gear oil ⇒ page 79

Diesel fuel filter: draining ⇒ page 91

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Diesel particulate filter: checking ⇒ page 79

Window regulators: checking positioning (open and close func-

tions) ⇒ page 80

Fault memories of all systems: reading with vehicle diagnostic tester and correcting possible faults according to repair guidelines ⇒ page 80

Protective bellows: inspecting ⇒ page 81

Head-up Display (HUD): removing protective film ⇒ page 81

High-voltage battery: check charge level <u>⇒ page 81</u>

Maintenance of high-voltage battery ⇒ page 81

High-voltage battery: charging ⇒ page 82

Hybrid components: inspecting for damage to high-voltage components and wires ⇒ page 82

Interior and exterior body: inspecting for corrosion when doors and flaps are open ⇒ page 83

Poly V-belt: renewing ⇒ page 83

Poly V-belt: checking condition ⇒ page 83

Cooling system: checking frost protection and coolant level ⇒

page 85



Cooling system for high-voltage system: checking freeze protection and coolant level ⇒ page 88

Air filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element ⇒ page 94

Multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel: adding ⇒ page 101

Multi-purpose additive for petrol fuels: adding ⇒ page 103

Engine and components in engine compartment: inspecting for leaks and damage (from above and below) ⇒ page 105

Engine cover panel "top": removing and installing ⇒ page 105

Motor compartment cover (noise insulation) "bottom": removing and installing ⇒ page 108

Oil level: checking ⇒ page 108

Engine oil: draining, renewing oil filter and replenishing engine oil ⇒ page 109

Engine oil: capacities and specifications up to model year ►2020 ⇒ page 120

Engine oil: capacities and specifications as of model year 2021 ► ⇒ page 122

Panorama sliding roof with rear panorama roof ⇒ page 123

Road test (performance, handling, noises, air conditioner etc.): carrying out ⇒ page 126

Wheel securing bolts: tightening to specified torque ⇒ page 127

Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): replenishing ⇒ page 128

Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): changing ⇒ page 132

Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator: calibrating ⇒ page 132

Tyre repair set: checking ⇒ page 133

Window wash/wipe system and headlight washer system: checking function <u>⇒ page 134</u>

Headlight adjustment: checking halogen headlights ⇒ page 137

Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights with cornering light ⇒ page 141

Headlight adjustment: checking matrix LED headlights ⇒ page

Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights (Tiguan) ⇒ page 148

Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights (Tiguan PA) ⇒ page 152

Headlight adjustment: checking fog lights ⇒ page 156

Sliding sunroof drains at front: checking for blockage, cleaning if necessary ⇒ page 158

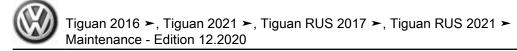
Service interval display: resetting ⇒ page 159

Service interval display: recoding ⇒ page 160

Track rods: checking clearance, attachment and boots <u>⇒ page</u> 161

Dust and pollen filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element ⇒ page 162

Selective wheel torque control: change oil in left and right clutch chambers ⇒ page 162



Transportation mode: switching off ⇒ page 162

Transportation devices: removing blocking pieces ⇒ page 162

Clock and date: setting ⇒ page 164

Underbody: inspecting for damage to underbody sealant, underbody panels, routing of lines, plugs <u>⇒ page 164</u>

Warning stickers, Tiguan eHybrid: checking ⇒ page 164

Water drain valves at rear: checking for blockage, cleaning if

necessary ⇒ page 165

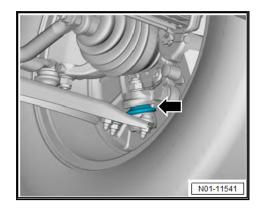
Toothed belt: renewing (petrol engines) ⇒ page 166

Camshaft drive toothed belt: renewing (diesel engines) ⇒ page

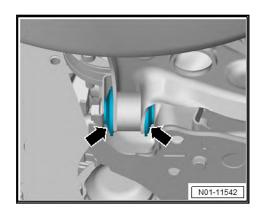
Spark plugs: renewing ⇒ page 166

4.1 Swivel joints and suspension link mountings: inspecting

Check boots -arrow- of lower swivel joints for leaks and damage.

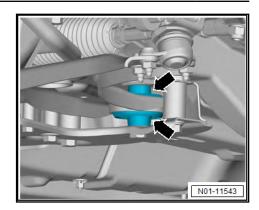


Check lower axle mountings for large cracks, perforating cracks or cuts in rubber material -arrows-.



Check lower axle mountings for large cracks, perforating cracks or cuts in rubber material -arrows-.





- Check axle mountings also for following damage:
- Complete separation of rubber and metal parts.
- Large play between mounting and suspension link, which has a considerably negative effect on the function of the mounting.



Note

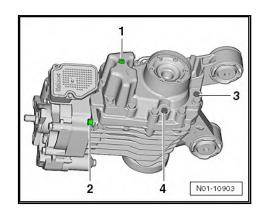
- Superficial cracks and cuts as well as minor separations of the rubber element from the metal part do not significantly affect the operation of the elasto-kinematic mounting and do not constitute a basis for a complaint.
- Damage to the thin rubber skin over cavities due to construction is also permissible.
- ♦ Play between bearing and axle component is permissible as long as there is no negative effect on the function of the bearing.

4.2 All-wheel drive coupling: changing oil

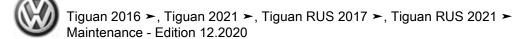


On vehicles with all-wheel drive coupling the drain plugs and sealing plugs of both systems are often interchanged owing to the integrated housing construction of all-wheel drive coupling and final drive. Caution must be exercised during maintenance and servicing as incorrect fitting can cause the all-wheel drive coupling and the final drive to fail.

The all-wheel drive coupling and the final drive are one system with separate oil systems.



-1- Sealing plug for filler hole of all-wheel drive coupling oil



- -2- Drain plug for all-wheel drive coupling oil
- -3- Sealing plug for gear oil filler hole
- -4- Drain plug for gear oil

Special tools and workshop equipment required

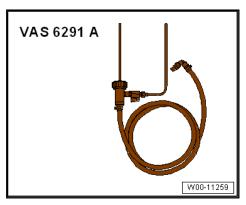
◆ Temperature gauge -VAS 6519-



- Torque wrench
- Used oil collection and extraction unit -VAS 6622A-



-VAS 6291 A-

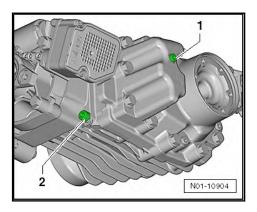




♦ Drip tray for workshop hoist -VAS 6208-



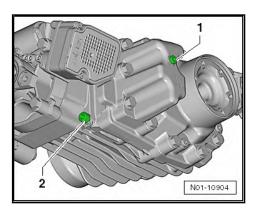
Draining oil



- Raise vehicle on lifting platform and place used oil collection and extraction unit -VAS 6622A- under all-wheel drive coupling.
- Unscrew oil drain plug -2- and drain high performance oil completely.
- Screw in new oil drain plug with new seal and tighten it to specified torque. Oil drain plug is fitted with captive seal.

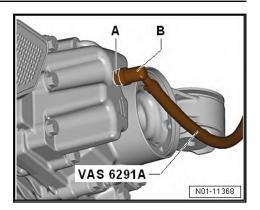
Specified torque	Nm
Oil drain plug	30

Filling with oil



- Unscrew oil filler plug -1-.





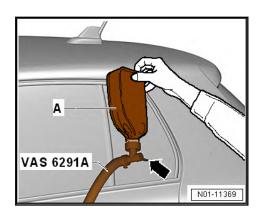
- Separate angled piece -B- from adapter -A- and screw adapter fully into oil filler hole.
- Refit angled piece again and route hose above drive shaft to prevent sagging.
- Place drip tray for workshop hoist -VAS 6208- under final
- Once hose above rear left wheel has been moved away from vehicle, vehicle can be lowered.



Note

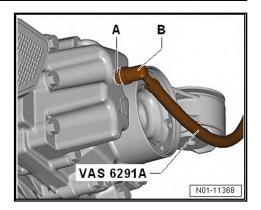
- The prescribed temperature range for oil during oil level check is 20°C to 40°C.
- Observe the temperature of oil container when topping up
- After topping up oil, the temperature gauge -VAS 6519- can be used for measuring oil temperature.

Oil capacity and oil specification ⇒ page 49



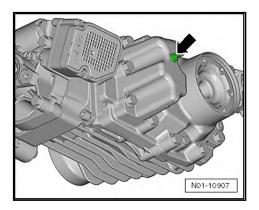
- Screw oil container -A- onto charging device -VAS 6291 Awith valve closed -arrow-.
- Open valve -arrow- and hold oil tank as shown in diagram.
- Fill enough oil in system with charging device -VAS 6291 A- until it starts to escape between adapter and gearbox housing.
- Remove filling device -VAS 6291 A-.
- Unscrew adapter -A-.
- Let any excess oil flow out until it is only dripping out of hole.





The oil level is correct if oil is dripping out of the oil filler hole.

Screw in new oil filler plug -arrow- with captive seal and tighten it to specified torque.



Specified torque	Nm
Oil filler plug	15

Ensure adherence to prescribed temperature range during oil level check if oil temperature was not within prescribed temperature range of 20°C to 40°C when topping up oil.

The oil temperature can be measured using temperature gauge -VAS 6519-.

If the oil temperature is not between 20 and 40°C, adherence to prescribed temperature range must be ensured by running gearbox warm or allowing it to cool down.

Oil capacity and oil specification				
Oil capacity, 4MO- TION	⇒ Rear propshaft and final drive; Rep. gr. 00; Technical data; Capacities			
Oil specifications	⇒ Electronic parts catalogue (ETKA)			

4.3 Automatic headlight control and static cornering light: checking function

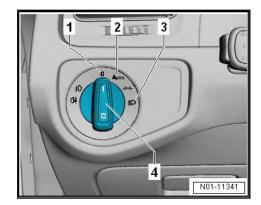


Note

The automatic headlight control was formerly called driving light assist.



- Vehicle must be in natural daylight.
- Switch on ignition.
- Turn light switch -4- to position "Auto" -2-.



The headlights may not light in brightness.

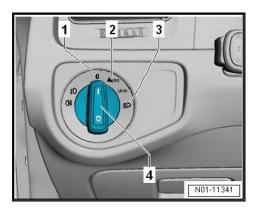


The rain and light sensor is located centrally at top of windscreen -arrow-.

- Switch on ignition.
- Turn light switch -4- to position "Auto" -2-.
- Cover light/rain sensor -arrow- from outside with your hand or a suitable object.

This measures the light incidence and the headlights are switched on.

Turn light switch -4- to position "0" -1- and switch off ignition.



Static cornering light

The static cornering light is integrated in the headlights.

Start the engine.



- Switch on dipped headlight.
- Switch on turn signal.
- Check cornering light.
- Repeat procedure on other side.

4.4 Front passenger front airbag: checking key switch and "ON/OFF function"



Note

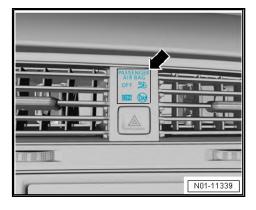
The "PASSENGER AIRBAG ON/OFF" switch is located in the dashboard on the front passenger side.

Front passenger front airbag: checking key switch and "ON/OFF function".

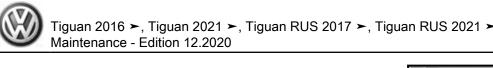
 Using ignition key, turn switch to position "PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF".



- Switch on ignition.
- Warning lamp "PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF" -arrow- must also light up after self-test (passenger airbag deactivated).

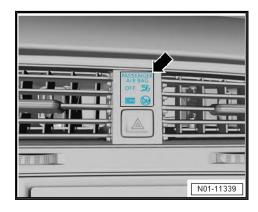


- Switch off ignition.
- Using the ignition key, turn switch to position "PASSENGER AIRBAG ON".





- Switch on ignition.
- Warning lamp "PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF" -arrow- goes out after self-test (passenger airbag activated).



- Switch off ignition.
- 4.5 Battery (12V): checking battery terminal clamps for secure seating
- 4.5.1 12 V battery in engine compartment: checking battery terminal clamp for firm seating

Special tools and workshop equipment required

Torque wrench



Note

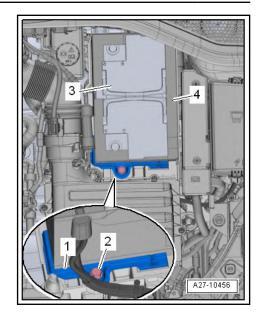
- A securely seated battery terminal clamp ensures trouble free function and long service life of the battery.
- When securing terminal clamp, ensure that it is completely seated on battery terminal.



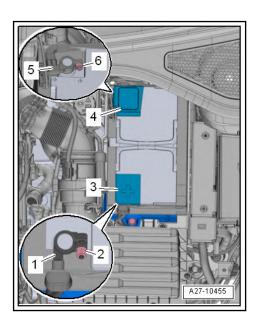
If the battery clamp is not seated securely on the positive terminal, disconnect battery earth strap at battery negative terminal first, to prevent possible accidents.

Open cover of heat shield sleeve -4-.





- Check battery -3- for secure seating. If necessary, retighten bolt -2- to specified torque.
- Open cover -4- over battery negative terminal.
- If fitted, open cover -3- on battery positive terminal.



Check battery terminal clamps -1- and -5- for secure seating. If necessary, retighten nuts -2- and -6-.

Specified torque	Nm
Nut for battery terminal	6
Bolt for securing bracket	20

Carry out following procedures after connecting battery:

Procedure

⇒ Electrical system; Rep. gr. 27; Battery; Disconnecting and connecting battery

4.5.2 12 V battery in luggage compartment: checking battery terminal clamp for firm seating

Special tools and workshop equipment required

Torque wrench

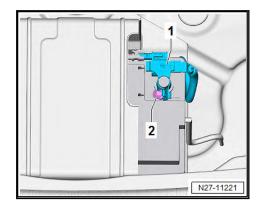


Note

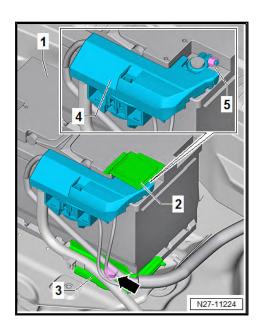
- A securely seated battery terminal clamp ensures trouble free function and long service life of the battery.
- When securing terminal clamp, ensure that it is completely seated on battery terminal.

NOTICE

If the battery clamp is not seated securely on the positive terminal, disconnect battery earth strap at battery negative terminal first, to prevent possible accidents.



- Remove luggage compartment floor towards rear.
- Check battery terminal clamp -1- for secure seating. If necessary, retighten nut -2-.





- Open cover -2- over battery positive terminal.
- Check main fuse carrier with battery terminal clamp -4- for secure seating. If necessary, retighten nut -5-.
- Check battery -1- for firm seating. If necessary, retighten bolt -arrow- to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm
Nut for battery terminal	6
Bolt for securing bracket	20

Carry out following procedures after connecting battery:

Procedure

⇒ Electrical system; Rep. gr. 27; Battery; Disconnecting and connecting battery

4.6 Battery (12V): checking with battery tester (always refer to workshop manual)

The following are measures to be carried out during a battery inspection within the scope of maintenance.

Procedure

- 1. Visual check.
- Check whether colour indicator is "3-colour" or "2-colour".
 Does not apply to AGM batteries.
- 3. Battery check using battery tester with printer -VAS 6161-.
- 4. Depending on the result of the battery test, "perform current draw test" (charged separately).
- ⇒ Electrical system, General information; Rep. gr. 27; Checking battery
- 4.7 Status of battery (12V): reading sending diagnosis protocol via online connection



Note

Applies only to vehicles with start/stop and energy recovery system

Procedure

The battery status is read while the transportation mode is being switched off ⇒ page 162.

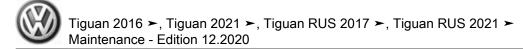
4.8 Tyres: checking condition, wear pattern, tyre pressure and tread depth

Checking condition of tyre ⇒ page 56.

Checking wear pattern ⇒ page 56

Tread depth (including spare wheel): check ⇒ page 57.

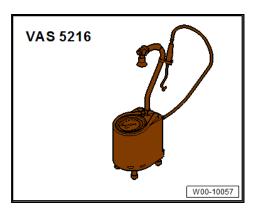
General notes <u>⇒ page 57</u>



Tiguan tyre pressures ⇒ page 59

Special tools and workshop equipment required

Tyre inflater -VAS 5216-



4.8.1 Tyres: checking condition



If damage is determined, always check to see if a new tyre should be fitted.

Tests at delivery inspection

Check tyre side walls and treads for damage and foreign bodies such as, for example, nails or glass splinters.

Tests at service

- Check tyre side walls and treads for damage and foreign bodies such as, for example, nails or glass splinters.
- Check tyres for cupping, one-sided wear, porous side walls, cuts and punctures.
- Check for appropriate direction of rotation, or make sure that the inner and outer sides have not been interchanged.

4.8.2 Wear pattern: checking

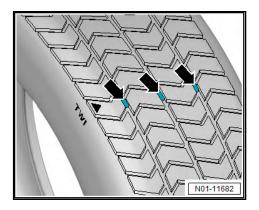
The wear pattern on the front tyres will indicate, for example, if toe and camber settings should be checked:

- Feathering on tread indicates incorrect toe setting.
- One-sided tread wear is mainly attributed to incorrect camber.

When wear of this nature is detected, determine cause by checking alignment (repair measure).



4.8.3 Tyre tread depth (including spare wheel): checking



- Check tyre tread depth.

Minimum tread depth: 1.6 mm



Note

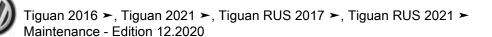
- ♦ This figure may vary according to legislation in individual countries. Your importer will inform you about this.
- ♦ The minimum tread depth is reached when the tyres have worn down level with the 1.6 mm high tread wear indicators -arrows- positioned at intervals around the tyre.
- If the tread depth is approaching the minimum allowed depth, inform the customer.

4.8.4 General information



For safety reasons, only tyres of same type and tread pattern should be fitted on a vehicle! Approved wheel and tyre combinations e.g. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations.

On vehicles with four-wheel drive, tyres of the same type and tread pattern must be used. Otherwise the self-locking centre differential may be damaged.





Note

- Tyre pressures for the relevant model can also be found on a sticker. It is attached to the inside of tank flap or to B-pillar.
- Note that the pressures indicated on the sticker are applicable for cold tyres.
- Do not reduce increased pressures of warm tyres.
- Depending on the vehicle, the sticker may also contain information on the comfort tyre pressure. The comfort tyre pressure facilitates improved driving comfort.
- Adjust the tyre pressure to suit the vehicle load. For delivery inspections or repairs, the partial load tyre pressure is to be used.
- If no inflation pressure is shown for the spare wheel, then inflate the spare wheel to the highest inflation pressure for the vehicle.
- Note that a basic setting is to be performed on vehicles with Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator each time the pressure is changed ⇒ page 132 .

M+S tyres



Note

- Important information about Volkswagen-recommended winter tyres can be found in ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations.
- If winter tyres are fitted, a sticker indicating the speed limit must be attached in the interior where it is visible for the customer.
- For winter tyres, the tyre pressure does not have be increased.
- However, this only applies if the winter tyre used corresponds exactly to the standard summer tyre size and the speed index is no higher than "H".
- If this is not the case, please refer to the recommendation of the tyre manufacturer.



4.8.5 Tyre pressures, Tiguan



Note

- During delivery inspection, check that tyre inflation pressure sticker is fitted. If the sticker is missing, order a new sticker through ETKA.
- The mandatory tyre pressures for the respective model can be found on a sticker attached to the inside of the tank flap or to the B-pillar.
- ♦ If the inflation pressure sticker is missing, proceed as follows:
- ♦ Locate correct part number for respective vehicle in ETKA.
- Using part number, determine respective inflation pressures in tyre inflation table.
- ◆ Uniform pressure: if tyre sizes are not shown for a part number, then a uniform pressure is valid for all authorised wheel/ tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

Check tyre pressure using tyre inflator -VAS 5216-, correct if necessary.

Part number -5NA 010 000-				Tiguan		
	Half pa kPa/b	payload Half load, comfort Full payload /bar/psi kPa/bar/psi kPa/bar/psi				ayload ar/psi
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Rear Front Rear			Rear
All ¹⁾	260/2.6/38	260/2.6/38	230/2.3/33	230/2.3/33	260/2.6/38	280/2.8/41
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -51	NA 010 000 A-	- Tiguan				
Part number -51	NA 010 000 L-					
	Half pa kPa/b	ayload ar/psi	Half load, comfort kPa/bar/psi		Full payload kPa/bar/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear Front Rear Front Rear				Rear
All ¹⁾	260/2.6/38	260/2.6/38	230/2.3/33	230/2.3/33	260/2.6/38	300/3.0/44
T145/85 R18		415/4.2/61				

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel



Part number -51	NA 010 000 B-			Tiguan			
	Half pa kPa/b	yload Half load, comfort Fi ar/psi kPa/bar/psi k			Full pa kPa/b	Full payload kPa/bar/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
All ¹⁾	260/2.6/38	260/2.6/38	230/2.3/33	230/2.3/33	260/2.6/38	310/3.1/45	
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61						

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -51	t number -5NA 010 000 C-			Tiguan		
	Half pa kPa/b	payload Half load, comfort Full payload bar/psi kPa/bar/psi kPa/bar/psi			ayload ar/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear Front Rear Front R				Rear
All ¹⁾	250/2.5/36	250/2.5/36			280/2.8/41	330/3.3/48
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5NA 010 000 D-				Tiguan		
	Half pa kPa/b	lf payload Half load, comfort Full payload Pa/bar/psi kPa/bar/psi kPa/bar/psi			ayload ar/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear Front Rear Front Re				Rear
All ¹⁾	260/2.6/38	260/2.6/38	230/2.3/33	230/2.3/33	270/2.7/39	310/3.1/45
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -51	NA 010 000 J-	Tiguan					
	Half pa	/bar kPa/bar kF			Full pa kPa	payload ^D a/bar	
Tyre size	Front	Rear Front Rear			Front	Rear	
All ¹⁾	230/2.3	230/2.3			260/2.6	280/2.8	
T145/85 R18		415/4.2					



²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -51	NA 010 000 M-	- Tiguan					
	Half pa	yload Half payload Fu bar kPa/bar			Full pa	Full payload kPa/bar	
Tyre size	Front	Rear Front Rear Front			Rear		
All ¹⁾	230/2.3	230/2.3			260/2.6	300/3.0	
T145/85 R18		415/4.2					

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 K-	Tiguan				
	Half payload kPa/bar		Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
All ¹⁾	230/2.3	230/2.3			270/2.7	310/3.1
T145/85 R18		415/4.2				

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 E-	Tiguan					
	Half pa kPa	ayload /bar	Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	260/2.6	280/2.8	
235/55 R18 100V							
235/50 R19 99V							
235/45 R20 100V							
255/45 R19 100V							
255/40 R20 101V							

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations



Part number -5N	NA 010 000 E-	Tiguan				
	Half pa kPa	ayload Half payload /bar kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		415/4.2/61				

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 H-	Tiguan					
	Half pa kPa		Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	260/2.6	300/3.0	
235/55 R18 100V							
235/50 R19 99V							
235/45 R20 100V							
255/45 R19 100V							
255/40 R20 101V							
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾			415/4	.2/61			

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 G-			Tiguan			
	Half pa kPa	ayload Half payload /bar kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar			
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	260/2.6	310/3.1	
235/55 R18 100V							
235/50 R19 99V							
235/45 R20 100V							
255/45 R19 100V							
255/40 R20 101V							
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Spare wheel



Part number -5N	NA 010 000 F-	Tiguan				
	Half pa kPa			Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	270/2.7	310/3.1
235/55 R18 100V						
235/50 R19 99V						
235/45 R20 100V						
255/45 R19 100V						
255/40 R20 101V						
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾			415/4	1.2/61		

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 N-	Tiguan					
	Half pa kPa	ayload /bar	Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	260/2.6	280/2.8	
235/55 R18 100V							
235/50 R19 99V							
235/45 R20 100V							
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5NA 010 000 P-			Tiguan				
	Half payload kPa/bar		Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	260/2.6	300/3.0	
235/55 R18 100V							
235/50 R19 99V							



Part number -5N	IA 010 000 P-	Tiguan				
	Half pa kPa	yload Half payload bar kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
235/45 R20 100V						
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		415/4.2/61				

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 R-	Tiguan					
	Half pa kPa	ayload /bar	Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front Rear		Front	Rear	
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	260/2.6	310/3.1	
235/55 R18 100V							
235/50 R19 99V							
235/45 R20 100V							
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾			415/4	.2/61			

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N		Tiguan				
	Half pa kPa		Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17 99V	260/2.6	260/2.6	230/2.3	230/2.3	270/2.7	310/3.1
235/55 R18 100V						
235/50 R19 99V						
235/45 R20 100V						
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		415/4.2/61				

¹⁾ Spare wheel



Part number -5NR 010 000-		Tiguan					
	Half payload kPa/bar/psi		Half load, comfort kPa/bar/psi		Full payload kPa/bar/psi		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	
All ¹⁾	230/2.3/33	230/2.3/33			260/2.6/38	280/2.8/41	
T145/85 R18		415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Valid for all authorised wheel/tyre combinations. ⇒ Wheels and tyres guide; Rep. gr. 44; Wheels, tyres, vehicle geometry; Wheel and tyre combinations

²⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	NA 010 000 T-	Tiguan				
Part number -5NA 010 000 A						
		ayload Half load, comfort par/psi kPa/bar/psi		Full payload kPa/bar/psi		
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17	250/2.5/36	250/2.5/36			260/2.6/38	300/3.0/44
235/55 R18						
235/50 R19						
255/45 R19						
235/45 R20						
255/40 R20						
215/65 R17 M +S						
235/55 R18 M +S						
235/50 R19 M +S						
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5NA 010 000 A	A-	Tiguan				
	Half payload kPa/bar/psi		Half load, comfort kPa/bar/psi		Full payload kPa/bar/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Rear Front Rear		Front	Rear
215/65 R17	250/2.5/36	250/2.5/36			270/2.7/39	310/3.1/45
235/55 R18						
235/50 R19						
255/45 R19						
235/45 R20						
255/40 R20						
215/65 R17 M +S						



Part number -5NA 010 000 A	A-	Tiguan				
	Half pa kPa/b	Half payload kPa/bar/psi		Half load, comfort kPa/bar/psi		ayload ar/psi
Tyre size	Front	Rear Front Rear		Front	Rear	
235/55 R18 M +S						
235/50 R19 M +S						
T145/85 R18		415/4.2/61				

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5N	IA 010 000 S-	Tiguan				
	Half pa kPa/b	ayload ar/psi	Half load, comfort kPa/bar/psi		Full pa kPa/b	ayload par/psi
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17	250/2.5/36	250/2.5/36			260/2.6/38	280/2.8/41
235/55 R18						
235/50 R19						
255/45 R19						
215/65 R17 M +S						
235/55 R18 M +S						
235/50 R19 M +S						
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5NA 010 000 A	.D-	Tiguan				
	Half paken		Half load, comfort Full pay kPa/bar/psi kPa/bar		ayload par/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	ar Front Rear		Front	Rear
255/40 R20	250/2.5/36	250/2.5/36			280/2.8/41	330/3.3/48
255/35 R21						
235/50 R19 M +S						
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Spare wheel



Part number -5NA 010 000 A	E-			Tiguan		
	Half payload kPa/bar		Half payload kPa/bar		Full payload kPa/bar	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
255/40 R20 10 1Y	250/2.5	250/2.5			280/2.8	330/3.3
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		415/4.2				

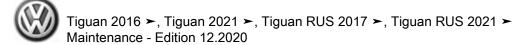
¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5NA 010 000 A	B-	Tiguan				
	Half payload kPa/bar/psi		Half load, comfort kPa/bar/psi		Full payload kPa/bar/psi	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17	250/2.5/36	250/2.5/36			280/2.8/41	330/3.3/48
235/55 R18						
255/45 R19						
215/65 R17 M +S						
235/55 R18 M +S						
235/50 R19 M +S						
T145/85 R18	415/4.2/61					

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Part number -5NA 010 000 A	F-	Tiguan				
	Half p kPa	Half payload kPa/bar		Half payload kPa/bar		ayload /bar
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17 99V	250/2.5	250/2.5			270/2.7	310/3.1
235/55 R18 100V						
235/50 R19 99V						
235/45 R20 100V						
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾		•	415	/4.2	•	•

¹⁾ Spare wheel



Part number -5NA 010 000 A	G-	Tiguan				
		ayload /bar	Half pa kPa	ayload /bar	Full payload kPa/bar	
Tyre size	Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
215/65 R17 99V	250/2.5	250/2.5			270/2.7	310/3.1
235/55 R18 100V						
235/50 R19 99V						
255/45 R19 100V						
235/45 R20 100V						
T145/85 R18 1 03M ¹⁾			415	/4.2		

¹⁾ Spare wheel

Brake and clutch system: changing 4.9 brake fluid

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- ♦ Torque wrench
- Brake filling and bleeding equipment -VAS 6860-

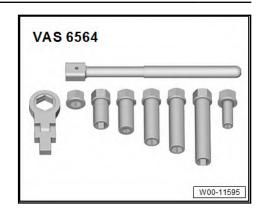


Tool attachment -VAS 6564/9-





◆ Tool set for brake bleeding -VAS 6564-

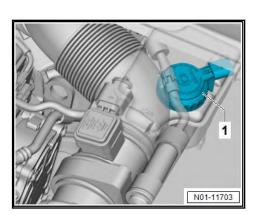


NOTICE

- Never allow brake fluid to come into contact with fluids that contain mineral oils (e.g. oil, petrol, cleaning agents). Mineral oils will damage seals and rubber grommets of brake system.
- Brake fluid is poisonous. In addition, due to its corrosive effect, brake fluid must not come into contact with paintwork.
- Brake fluid is hygroscopic, which means it absorbs moisture from the ambient air and should therefore always be stored in air-tight containers.
- ♦ Rinse off spilled brake fluid using plenty of water.
- ◆ Do not reuse extracted (used) brake fluid!
- ♦ Observe relevant disposal regulations.

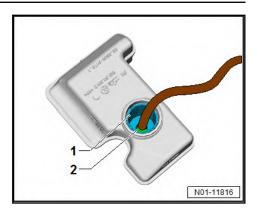
Extracting brake fluid

- Unscrew cap -1- from brake fluid reservoir.



 Using the suction hose from brake filling and bleeding unit, extract as much brake fluid -2- from the brake fluid reservoir as possible through the strainer -1-.





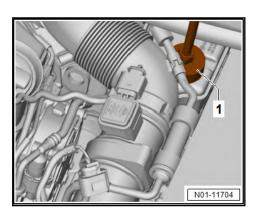


Note

- The strainer in brake fluid reservoir must remain in place.
- Ensure that no brake fluid runs through the strainer after completing the extraction (the brake fluid level in the reservoir must be even with the lower edge of the strainer).

Connecting brake filling and bleeding equipment

Screw adapter -1- onto brake fluid reservoir.



- Connect filler hose from brake filling and bleeding unit to adapter -1-.
- Set correct pressure on brake filling and bleeding equipment ⇒ Operating Manual, and switch on brake filling and bleeding equipment.

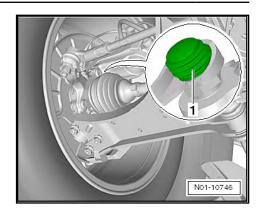


Note

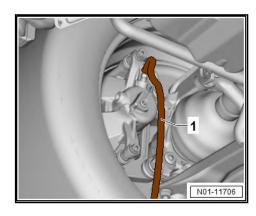
- The bleeder hose must be firmly seated on bleeder valve so that no air can enter the brake system.
- There must always be sufficient brake fluid in the brake reservoir so that no air can enter the brake system through the reservoir.
- Start with front right brake caliper on RHD vehicles.
- Due to the tool attachment -VAS 6564/9- the rear wheels do not need to be removed any more.

Front axle

Remove cap -1- from bleeder valve of front left brake caliper.



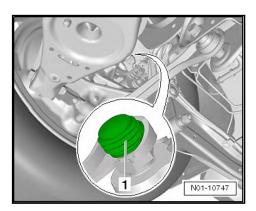
Push collector bottle bleeder hose -1- onto front left bleeder valve.



- Open bleeder screw, and let appropriate quantity of brake fluid run out \Rightarrow page 73 .
- Close bleeder screw. Torque: ⇒ Brake system; Rep. gr. 47;
 Front brake caliper; Assembly overview front brake caliper.
- Fit cap back onto bleeder valve on brake caliper.
- Repeat procedure on front right.

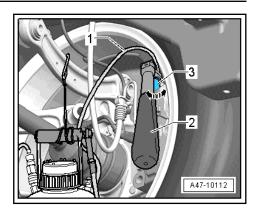
Rear axle

Remove cover cap -1- from bleeder valve of rear left brake caliper.



- Use tool attachment -VAS 6564/9- for rear axle.
- Guide bleeder hose -1- from tool set for brake bleeding -VAS 6564- from inner side of rim through socket -3-, and fit it onto bleeder valve.





- Open bleeder screw, and let appropriate quantity of brake fluid run out <u>⇒ page 73</u>.
- Close bleeder screw; torque: ⇒ Brake system; Rep. gr. 47; Rear brake caliper; Assembly overview - rear brake caliper.
- Fit again cover cap on bleeder valve of rear left brake cali-
- Repeat procedure on rear right of vehicle.

Bleeding clutch slave cylinder



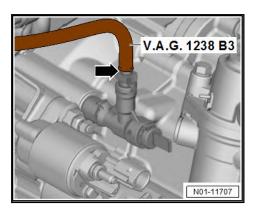
Note

Applies only to vehicles with manual gearbox.

- If the bleeder valve -arrow- is not accessible, remove complete air filter housing.
- ⇒ Rep. gr. 23; Air filter; Removing and installing air filter housing

Or

⇒ Rep. gr. 24; Air filter; Removing and installing air filter housing



- Remove dust cap from bleeder valve -arrow-.
- Connect bleeder hose to bleeder valve and to pressure hose of fluid collector bottle.

To bleed system, use 670 mm long bleeder hose -V.A.G 1238/ B3-, if necessary.

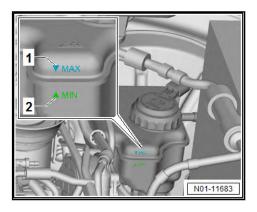
- Open bleeder valve.
- Allow approx. 100 ml of brake fluid to flow out.
- Close bleeder valve.



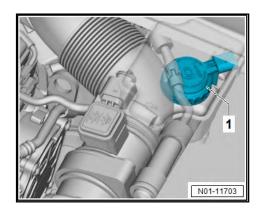
- Rapidly operate pedal from stop to stop 10 to 15 times.
- Open bleeder valve.
- Allow another 50 ml of brake fluid to flow out.
- Close bleeder valve and fit dust cap.

Specified torque	Nm
Bleeder valve	4.5

- Depress clutch pedal several times after completion of bleeding process.
- Switch off brake filling and bleeding unit.
- Reinstall air filter housing in reverse order of removal.
- Take filler hose off adapter.
- Unscrew adapter from brake fluid reservoir.
- Check brake fluid level and adjust level if necessary. It must be between position -1- and -2-.



- Screw cap -1- onto brake fluid reservoir.



- Check function during road test.

Table - Sequence and quantity of brake fluid

Sequence bleeder valves:	Brake fluid quantity which must flow out of bleeder valves:
Brake caliper	
Front left	0.20
Front right	0.20
Wheel brake cylinder/brake caliper	
Rear left	0.30

Sequence bleeder valves:	Brake fluid quantity which must flow out of bleeder valves:
Rear right	0.30
Clutch slave cylinder	0.15
Total quantity for automatic gearbox including the quantity extracted from the brake fluid reservoir	approx. 1.00 l
Total quantity for manual gearbox including the quantity extracted from the brake fluid reservoir	approx. 1.15 l

4.10 Brake system and shock absorbers: inspecting for leaks and damage

Check following components for leaks and damage:

- Brake master cylinder
- Brake servo (for anti-lock brake system: hydraulic unit)
- Brake pressure regulator and
- Brake caliper
- Shock absorbers (during inspection only)
- Presence of dust caps on brake fluid bleeder screws
- Presence of caps on guide bushes
- Ensure that brake hoses are not twisted.
- Additionally ensure that brake hoses do not touch any vehicle components when steering is at full lock.
- Check brake hoses for abrasion, porosity and brittleness.
- Check brake lines for corrosion.
- Check brake connections and fastenings for correct seating, leaks and corrosion.
- Check brake lines and brake hoses for correct seating and attachment in retainers.



Faults found must always be rectified (repair measure).

4.11 Brakes, front and rear: checking thickness of brake pads and condition of brake discs

Front disc brake pads: checking thickness ⇒ page 75

Rear disc brake pads: checking thickness ⇒ page 76

Brake discs: checking condition ⇒ page 77

Special tools and workshop equipment required

♦ Torque wrench

Battery lamp -VAS 6901-



♦ Mirror

The adapter to loosen and tighten the anti-theft wheel bolts can be found in the vehicle tool kit ⇒ page 127.

4.11.1 Front disc brake pads: checking thick-

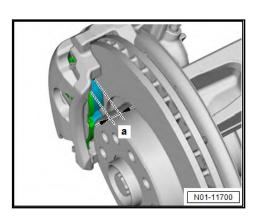


Note

One some vehicles it may be very difficult to ascertain or measure the thickness of the pad due to the geometry of the wheel rim. If this is the case, remove the wheel on the side where the brake pad wear indicator is installed for better evaluation or measurement of the remaining pad thickness.

Procedure

- Measure outer and inner brake pad thickness by inspecting through the holes of wheel rim (depending on type).
- For better evaluation or measurement of remaining pad thickness, remove wheel on side where brake pad wear indicator is installed as necessary.
- Pull off wheel bolt covers if necessary ⇒ page 127.
- Mark position of wheel relative to brake disc.
- Unbolt wheel bolts and remove wheel.
- Measure inner and outer pad thickness.



a - Pad thickness "without" backplate

Wear dimension: 2 mm



The brake pads have reached their wear limit at a pad thickness of 2 mm (without backplate) and must be renewed (repair measure).



Note

When replacing brake pads, always check brake discs for wear as well. Checking and if necessary replacing the brake discs is a repair measure.

Procedure

- Check brake disc for wear ⇒ Brake system; Rep. gr. 46; Front brake; Assembly overview - front brake.
- If necessary, secure wheel in marked position.
- Tighten wheel securing bolts in diagonal sequence to specified torque ⇒ page 127.
- Place adapter in vehicle tool kit after completing work.
- Fit wheel bolt covers if necessary.

4.11.2 Rear disc brake pads: checking thickness

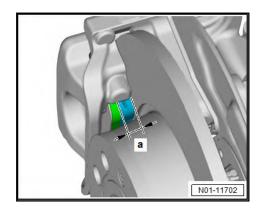


Note

One some vehicles it may be very difficult to ascertain or measure the thickness of the pad due to the geometry of the wheel rim. If this is the case, remove the wheel on the side where the brake pad wear indicator is installed for better evaluation or measurement of the remaining pad thickness.

Procedure

- Illuminate area behind hole in rim using an electric hand
- Inspect outer pad to determine its thickness.



- Illuminate inner pad with an electric hand torch and mirror.
- Determine thickness of inner pad by inspecting.
- a Inner and outer pad thickness "without" backplate

Wear dimension: 2 mm



The brake pads have reached their wear limit at a pad thickness of 2 mm (without backplate) and must be renewed (repair measure).



Note

When replacing brake pads, always check brake discs for wear as well. Checking and if necessary replacing the brake discs is a repair measure.

Procedure

- Check brake disc for wear ⇒ Brake system; Rep. gr. 46;
 Rear brake; Assembly overview rear brake.
- If necessary, secure wheel in marked position.
- Tighten wheel securing bolts in diagonal sequence to specified torque ⇒ page 127.
- Place adapter in vehicle tool kit after completing work.
- Fit wheel bolt covers if necessary .

4.11.3 Brake discs: checking condition

Check all brake discs for the following damage patterns:

- ♦ Cracks
- ♦ Scoring
- ♦ Rust (no surface rust)
- ♦ Burrs on circumference of brake disc



Note

Inform the customer if brake disc damage is similar to these damage patterns. Renewing the brake discs is a repair measure.

4.12 Brake fluid level: Check



- Never allow brake fluid to come into contact with fluids that contain mineral oils (e.g. oil, petrol, cleaning agents). Mineral oils will damage seals and rubber grommets of brake system.
- Brake fluid is poisonous. In addition, due to its corrosive effect, brake fluid must not come into contact with paintwork.
- Brake fluid is hygroscopic, which means it absorbs moisture from the ambient air and should therefore always be stored in air-tight containers.
- Rinse off spilled brake fluid using plenty of water.
- Observe relevant disposal regulations.

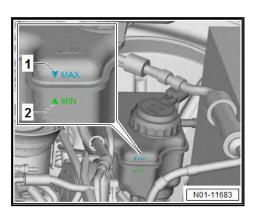
When replenishing, ensure to not spill any liquids in the engine compartment.

Spilled liquids may cause damage in the motor compartment.

Toothed belts, V-belts and poly V-belts which came into contact with oil, brake fluid or coolant must always be renewed.

Brake fluid level at delivery inspection

At delivery inspection, the fluid level must be at MAX. marking -1-.





Note

To prevent brake fluid from flowing out of the reservoir, the max. marking -1- must not be exceeded.

Brake fluid level at inspection service



Note

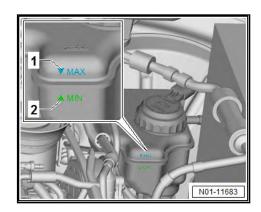
- The fluid level must always be judged in conjunction with lining/pad wear.
- When vehicle is in use, fluid level tends to drop slightly due to lining/pad wear and automatic adjustment.

Recommended brake fluid level "before" brake pads are at wear

At MIN marking or just above -2-



"replenishing is NOT required".



Recommended brake fluid level, brake pads new or well within wear limit:

· Between MIN and MAX markings



If the fluid level is below min. marking -2-, the brake system must be checked for leaks before fluid is topped up, "Repair measure".

4.13 Dual clutch gearbox 0D9: changing gear oil and filter

- \Rightarrow 6-speed dual clutch gearbox 0D9; Rep. gr. 34; Gear oil; Draining and filling gear oil
- \Rightarrow 6-speed dual clutch gearbox 0D9; Rep. gr. 34; Gear oil circuit; Removing and installing gear oil filter

4.14 Dual clutch gearbox 0DD: changing gear oil

 \Rightarrow 6-speed dual clutch gearbox 0DD (hybrid); Rep. gr. 34; Gear oil; Draining and filling gear oil

4.15 Dual clutch gearbox 0DL: changing gear oil

⇒ 7-speed dual clutch gearbox 0DL; Rep. gr. 34; Gear oil; Draining and filling gear oil

4.16 Dual clutch gearbox 0GC: changing gear oil

 → 7-speed dual clutch gearbox 0GC; Rep. gr. 34; Gear oil; Draining and filling gear oil

4.17 Diesel particulate filter: checking

Check ash loading ⇒ page 31.

4.18 Electric windows: checking positioning (open and close functions)



Note

The automatic opening and closing features for the electric windows do not function after disconnecting and reconnecting the battery. Therefore, before a new vehicle is delivered, the window regulators must be reactivated. Once the windows have been reactivated, the battery must not be disconnected again.



CAUTION

After batteries have been disconnected and reconnected the roll-back function of the electric window regulators is disabled. Severe pinching injuries could result!

Carry out the following procedure to position the electric window regulators:



Note

The following work description applies to the front left window regulator. Reactivate the other window automatic functions in the same manner by operating the respective switch in the driver door.

- Switch on ignition.
- Close all doors and windows completely.
- Pull up button for window regulator and hold in this position for at least one second.
- Release button, pull it up again and hold.

The one-touch opening and closing function is now ready for use.



Note

It is possible to re-establish the position of one or more window regulators at the same time.

- Switch off ignition.
- 4.19 Fault memory of all systems: reading with vehicle diagnostic tester, correcting possible faults according to repair guidelines
- Read event memory ⇒ page 31.
- Repair all faults according to repair guidelines.



The vehicle must always be delivered to the customer with event memory cleared.



Static faults

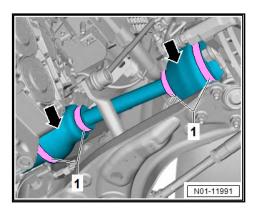
If one or more static faults are found in the event memory, we recommend seeking agreement from the customer to rectify these faults using Guided Fault Finding.

Sporadic faults

If only sporadic faults or notes are stored in the event memory and the customer has no complaints regarding the vehicle electronic system, erase event memory.

4.20 Boots: inspecting

- Check outer and inner boots -arrows- for leaks and damage.
- Ensure clamps -1- are fitted on boots.



4.21 Head-up display (HUD): removing protective film

Switching on Head-up Display

- · The transport mode must be switched off.
- Press control next to light switch to switch on the Head-up Display.
- Carefully remove protective film on Head-up Display.

4.22 High-voltage battery: checking charge level

Checking charge level of high-voltage battery

Charge level display of high-voltage battery is located in instrument cluster.

The charge level must be determined for the first time on vehicle delivery:



Note

- ◆ The high-voltage battery must be charged to at least 80% at pre-delivery inspection.
- During subsequent service inspections, the high-voltage battery will be charged fully only if requested by the customer.

4.23 Maintenance of high-voltage battery

The high-voltage battery maintenance programme includes determining the battery charge level ⇒ page 81 and, depending on the test result, the subsequent charging of the battery.

Tiguan 2016 ➤, Tiguan 2021 ➤, Tiguan RUS 2017 ➤, Tiguan RUS 2021 ➤ Maintenance - Edition 12.2020

Tiguan eHybrid

If the charge level display indicates 1/4 or <1/4, the high-voltage battery has to be charged until the charge level display indicates 1/2 at least.

High-voltage battery: charging 4.24



Note

- The high-voltage battery must be charged to at least 80% at pre-delivery inspection.
- During subsequent service inspections, the high-voltage battery will be charged fully only if requested by the customer.

4.25 Hybrid components: inspect for damage to high-voltage components and wires.



WARNING

High voltage in the hybrid vehicle's high-voltage system! Risk of electric shock! Before commencing any work, inspect high voltage components in working area. Observe the safety notes ⇒ 4-cyl. injection engine (hybrid); Rep. gr. 00; Safety notes.

- All work on vehicles with high-voltage system must only be carried out by persons who are at least qualified as "electrically instructed person (EIP)".
- In the event of conspicuous findings or uncertainties, contact your responsible high-voltage technician or specialist electrician!

Carry out visual check

During visual check in area of engine compartment, note power and control electronics for electric drive, high-voltage cables for battery and air conditioner compressor, as well as high-voltage cable for electric drive motor and high-voltage charging socket in front left wing.

When inspecting the underbody, note the hybrid battery and the high-voltage cables for battery.

Pay attention to the following during inspection:

- The high-voltage components must not reveal any external damage.
- Insulation of high-voltage cables must not be defective or damaged.
- Pay attention to unusual deformations of high-voltage cables.



Note

Defects which are found must be immediately reported to the responsible high-voltage technician.

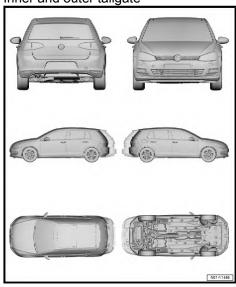


4.26 Interior and exterior body: inspecting for corrosion with doors and flaps open

Test locations

- ♦ Sliding sunroof frame
- Inner and outer door frame
- Area around trim strips
- ♦ Windscreen roof edge
- ◆ Outer and inner A-pillar
- Inner and outer bonnet
- Wheel arches

Inner and outer tailgate



4.27 Poly V-belt: renewing

Procedure

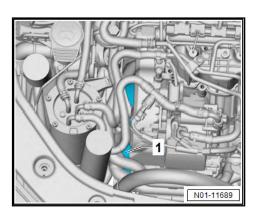
⇒ Rep. gr. 13; Cylinder block belt pulley end; Removing and installing poly V-belt

4.28 Poly V-belt: checking condition

Procedure

- Crank engine at vibration damper on pulley using a socket.

Check poly V-belt -1- for:





Tiguan 2016 ➤, Tiguan 2021 ➤, Tiguan RUS 2017 ➤, Tiguan RUS 2021 ➤ Maintenance - Edition 12.2020

- Sub-surface cracks (cracks, core ruptures, cross-sectional breaks)
- Layer separation (top layer, cord strands)
- Base disruption
- Frayed cord strands
- Flank wear (material wear, frayed flanks, flank brittleness -glassy flanks-, surface cracks)

NOTICE

- If faults are found, it is absolutely necessary to renew the poly V-belt.
- In the case of diesel engines, toothed belts which came into contact with oil, brake fluid, fuel or reducing agent, must always be renewed.
- In the case of petrol engines, toothed belts which came into contact with oil, brake fluid, fuel or coolant, must always be renewed.
- This can avoid breakdowns and malfunctions.
- The replacement of a poly V-belt is a repair measure.

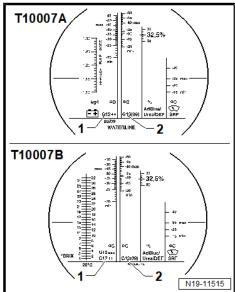


4.29 Cooling system: checking frost protection and coolant level

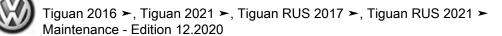


Note

- ♦ The water used for mixing has a major influence on the effectiveness of the coolant. Because the water quality differs from country to country and even from region to region, the quality of the water to be used in the cooling system has been specified by Volkswagen. Distilled water satisfies all requirements. Therefore, only ever use distilled water when mixing coolant for topping up or renewing coolant.
- ◆ Use only coolant additives which conform with the ⇒ Electronic parts catalogue (ETKA). Other coolant additives may reduce corrosion protection substantially. The resulting damage could lead to loss of coolant and subsequent severe damage to the engine.
- Mixed in the proper proportions, coolant inhibits frost and corrosion damage as well as scaling. Additives also raise the boiling point of the coolant. Therefore, the cooling system must be filled all year round with a coolant additive.
- Because of its high boiling point, the coolant improves engine reliability under heavy loads, particularly in countries with tropical climates.
- ◆ The refractometer -T10007A- or refractometer -T10007Bmust be used to determine the current anti-freeze value.



- ♦ Scale -1- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additives G12++ and G12evo.
- Scale -2- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additive G13.
- ♦ If it is not possible to ensure that the same type of coolant additive is filled: always determine anti-freeze protection using the scale for G13.
- ♦ Frost protection must be guaranteed down to -25°C as a minimum and, in countries with arctic conditions, down to approx. -36°C. Increasing the frost protection is permissible only if climatic conditions require stronger frost protection. It may, however, be increased only to a maximum of -48°C. Otherwise, the cooling effect will be impaired.



- The coolant concentration must not be reduced by adding water even in warmer seasons and in warmer countries. Frost protection must be guaranteed down to at least -25°C.
- The temperature reading on the refractometer corresponds to the »ice flocculation point«. Flakes of ice may start forming in the coolant below this temperature.
- Never reuse old coolant.
- Use only a water/coolant additive mixture as a slip agent for coolant hoses.

4.29.1 Frost protection: checking, replenishing coolant additive if necessary

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Refractometer -T10007A-
- Refractometer -T10007B-

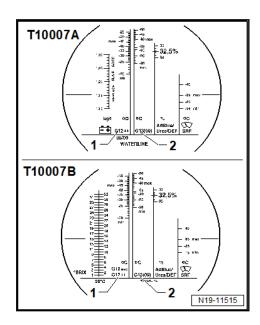


Note

Read precise value for the following tests at light-dark border. Using a pipette, place a drop of water on the glass to improve the readability of the light-dark border. The light-dark border can be clearly recognised on the "WATERLINE".

Check concentration of coolant additive using refractometer (refer to operating instructions).

Scale -1- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additives G12++ and G12evo.



Scale -2- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additive G13.

If frost protection is insufficient, drain some coolant and top up with coolant additive ⇒ page 87.

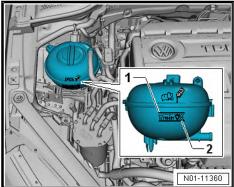


Note

- If the currently used coolant additive cannot be determined precisely, use the scale -2- for coolant additive G13.
- ♦ Please observe disposal instructions!
- Check coolant additive concentration after road test again.

4.29.2 Coolant level: checking, replenishing coolant if necessary

- Check coolant level in coolant expansion tank with engine
- Delivery inspection: coolant level is at least at marking -1-.
- At delivery inspection a coolant level above marking -1- is permissible.
- The excessive amount of coolant does not need to be extracted as the coolant level in new vehicles will decrease after the system has been bled.



♦ Inspection: coolant level is above "min. marking" -2-.

4.29.3 Mixing ratio



Use only distilled water for mixing coolant additives. The use of distilled water ensures optimum protection against corrosion.

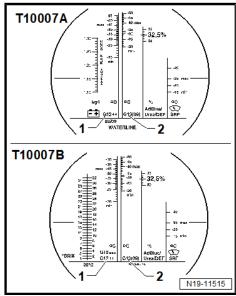
Anti-freeze protection to	Coolant additive portion	Distilled water
-25°C	approx. 40%	approx. 60%
-36°C	approx. 50%	approx. 50%

4.30 Cooling system for high-voltage system: checking coolant additive and coolant level



Note

- The water used for mixing has a major influence on the effectiveness of the coolant. Because the water quality differs from country to country and even from region to region, the quality of the water to be used in the cooling system has been specified by Volkswagen. Distilled water satisfies all requirements. Therefore, only ever use distilled water when mixing coolant for topping up or renewing coolant.
- Use only coolant additives which conform with the ⇒ Electronic parts catalogue (ETKA). Other coolant additives may reduce corrosion protection substantially. The resulting damage could lead to loss of coolant and subsequent severe damage to the engine.
- Mixed in the proper proportions, coolant inhibits frost and corrosion damage as well as scaling. Additives also raise the boiling point of the coolant. Therefore, the cooling system must be filled all year round with a coolant additive.
- Because of its high boiling point, the coolant improves engine reliability under heavy loads, particularly in countries with tropical climates.
- The refractometer -T10007A- or refractometer -T10007Bmust be used to determine the current anti-freeze value.



- Scale -1- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additives G12++ and G12evo.
- Scale -2- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additive G13.
- If it is not possible to ensure that the same type of coolant additive is filled: always determine anti-freeze protection using the scale for G13.
- Frost protection must be guaranteed down to -25°C as a minimum and, in countries with arctic conditions, down to approx. -36°C. Increasing the frost protection is permissible only if climatic conditions require stronger frost protection. It



may, however, be increased only to a maximum of -48°C. Otherwise, the cooling effect will be impaired.

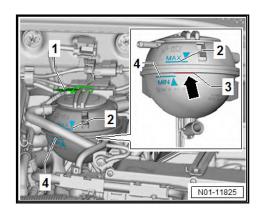
- The coolant concentration must not be reduced by adding water even in warmer seasons and in warmer countries. Frost protection must be guaranteed down to at least -25°C.
- The temperature reading on the refractometer corresponds to the »ice flocculation point«. Flakes of ice may start forming in the coolant below this temperature.
- Never reuse old coolant.
- Use only a water/coolant additive mixture as a slip agent for coolant hoses.

4.30.1 Coolant level: checking, replenishing coolant if necessary



If the coolant expansion tank is sealed with a lead seal -1-, seal it again after checking or replenishing the coolant level.

Check coolant level in coolant expansion tank with engine



Pre-delivery inspection

Coolant level at lower edge of welded rim -3- of coolant expansion tank or above:

- No activity required, coolant level OK.

Coolant level between lower edge of welding rim -3- and "MIN. mark" -4- of coolant expansion tank:

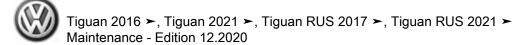
- Replenish coolant up to "max. mark" -2-.
- Fit a new lead seal to coolant expansion tank.

Coolant level below "min. mark" -4-.

- Check cooling system for leaks \Rightarrow 4-cyl. injection engine (hybrid); Rep. gr. 19; Cooling system/coolant.
- Replenish coolant up to "max. mark" -2-.
- Fit a new lead seal -1- to coolant expansion tank.
- 2 1st oil change service at 15,000 km or after 1 year

Coolant level at "MAX. marking" -2-:

No action necessary.



Coolant level between "MIN. marking" -4- and "MAX. marking" -2-:

- Check coolant additive ⇒ page 90.
- Replenish coolant up to "max. mark" -2-.
- Fit a new lead seal to coolant expansion tank.

Coolant level below "min. mark" -4-.

- Check cooling system for leaks ⇒ 4-cyl. injection engine (hybrid); Rep. gr. 19; Cooling system/coolant.
- Replenish coolant up to "max. mark" -2-.
- Fit a new lead seal -1- to coolant expansion tank.

4.30.2 Frost protection: checking, replenishing coolant additive if necessary

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Refractometer -T10007A-
- Refractometer -T10007B-

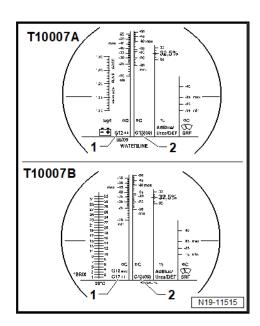


Note

Read precise value for the following tests at light-dark border. Using a pipette, place a drop of water on the glass to improve the readability of the light-dark border. The light-dark border can be clearly recognised on the "WATERLINE".

Check concentration of coolant additive using refractometer (refer to operating instructions).

Scale -1- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additives G12++ and G12evo.



Scale -2- of the refractometer is calibrated for the coolant additive G13.

If frost protection is insufficient, drain some coolant and top up with coolant additive ⇒ page 89.



Note

- If the currently used coolant additive cannot be determined precisely, use the scale -2- for coolant additive G13.
- ♦ Please observe disposal instructions!
- Check coolant additive concentration after road test again.

4.30.3 Mixing ratio



(I) NOTICE

Use only distilled water for mixing coolant additives. The use of distilled water ensures optimum protection against corro-

Anti-freeze protection to	Coolant additive portion	Distilled water
-25°C	approx. 40%	approx. 60%
-36°C	approx. 50%	approx. 50%

4.31 Diesel fuel filter: draining



Note

Applies only to vehicles with PR number 1A8.

Description of work



NOTICE

Ensure that no diesel fuel contacts other components in the engine compartment. Clean immediately, if necessary.

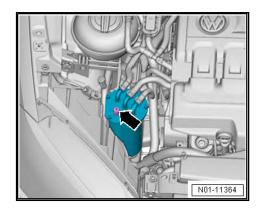
Observe relevant disposal regulations.



Note

Please observe disposal instructions!

- Fit a suitable hose onto banjo bolt -arrow-.
- Start the engine.





Tiguan 2016 ➤, Tiguan 2021 ➤, Tiguan RUS 2017 ➤, Tiguan RUS 2021 ➤ Maintenance - Edition 12.2020

Carefully loosen banjo bolt -arrow- until water escapes.

The water is drained from the diesel fuel filter due the system pressure.

- When diesel fuel escapes, tighten banjo bolt, and pull off hose.
- Tighten banjo bolt to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm
Banjo bolt	8

4.32 Diesel fuel filter: renewing



CAUTION

Risk of burns from very hot fuel.

- In extreme cases the fuel lines and the fuel can reach a temperature of 100°C. Allow the fuel to cool down before disconnecting the lines - risk of scalding.
- Wear protective gloves.
- Wear safety goggles.

Risk of injury due to highly-pressurised fuel.

To release pressure in fuel system, place clean cloth around connection and carefully undo connection.

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Protective gloves
- Safety goggles



Note

Observe relevant disposal regulations.

Removing



(I) NOTICE

- Ensure that no diesel fuel contacts other components in the engine compartment. Clean immediately, if necessary.
- Switch off ignition.

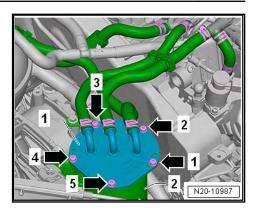


Note

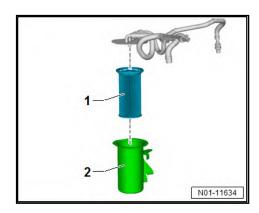
Before opening the system, place a cloth around the filter housing.

- Unscrew bolts -arrows- in sequence shown -1- to -5-.
- Collect any escaping fuel.
- Remove upper section of fuel filter -1- from fuel filter housing
- Place upper part of fuel filter -1- to one side (with fuel lines connected).



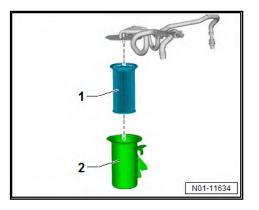


- Remove filter element -1- from fuel filter housing -2-.



Installing

- Always moisten new seal slightly with diesel fuel to avoid malfunctions!
- Insert filter element -1- centrally into fuel filter housing -2-.



Continue installation in reverse order of removal.

Specified torque	Nm
Bolts for filter housing	5

NOTICE

To prevent the high-pressure pump from running while it is empty (very tight tolerances) and to ensure that the engine starts quickly after parts have been renewed, it is important to observe the following:

If components of the fuel system between the fuel tank and the high-pressure pump have been removed or renewed, the fuel system must be filled and bled before the engine is started for the first time.

Bleeding fuel system

- There must be sufficient fuel in the tank.
- Activate fuel pump ⇒ page 31.
- After the fuel system has been bled, start engine.
- Allow engine to run for several minutes at mid revs, then switch engine off again.
- Read event memory and erase if necessary.
- Carry out a leakage test of the fuel system.



Note

If there is still air in the fuel system, the engine can change to emergency running mode during road test. In this case, switch the engine off and erase the fault memory. Then continue with the road test.

4.33 Air filter: cleaning housing and renewing filter element

Air filter element: removing and installing, 1.4 I TSI engines ⇒

Air filter element: removing and installing, 1.5 I TSI engines ⇒ page 97

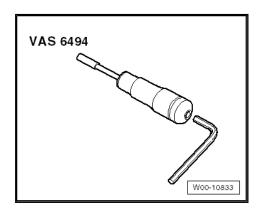
Air filter element: removing and installing, 2.0 l TSI engines ⇒

Air filter element: removing and installing, common rail engines <u>⇒ page 98</u>

Air filter element, common rail engine, engine code CUAA: removing and installing ⇒ page 100

Special tools and workshop equipment required

Torque screwdriver -VAS 6494-





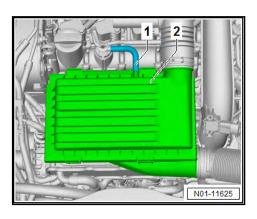
Note

- Always use genuine part for air filter element: see Electronic parts catalogue (ETKA).
- ♦ Use a silicone-free lubricant when installing the intake hose.
- When installing the air filter element, ensure that it is properly centred in the mounting in lower part of air filter.
- Hose connections and hoses for charge air system must be free of oil and grease before assembly. Do not use lubricants containing silicone.
- Secure all hose connections with the correct type of hose clips (same as original equipment): see Electronic parts catalogue (ETKA).

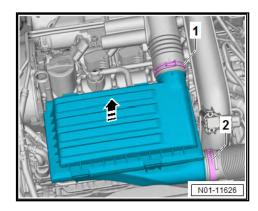
4.33.1 Air filter element: removing and installing, 1.4 I TSI engines

Removing

Pull air intake hose -1- off upper part of air filter -2-.

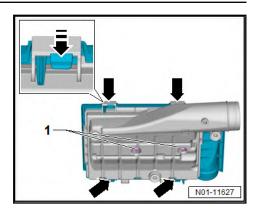


Loosen hose clips -1- and -2-.



- Pull air filter housing in -direction of arrow- off ball studs.
- Pull off both air hoses.
- Remove air filter housing completely, and place it down.
- Unscrew bolts -1-.





Carefully release retaining tabs -arrows- on upper part of air filter one after the other.



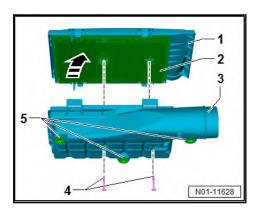
Note

The retaining tabs may break.

Remove upper part of air filter housing and remove air filter element.

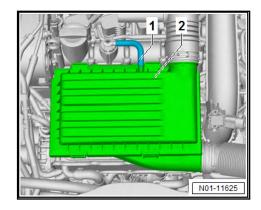
Installing

- Check air filter housing, air mass meter and water drains for soiling and clean them if necessary ⇒ page 101.
- Insert air filter element -2- centrally into mounting in air filter upper part -1-.



- Fit lower part of air filter -3- onto upper part of air filter -1-.
- Carefully engage retaining tabs one after the other.
- Screw in bolts -4-, and tighten them to specified torque.
- Check ball stud grommets -5- for damage, and renew them as necessary.
- Position air filter housing centrally on ball studs, and press it on firmly.
- Fit both air ducts to air filter housing.
- Fit hose clips.



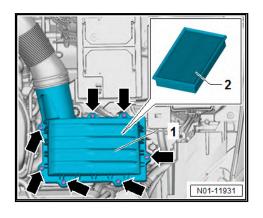


- Fit air intake hose -1- onto upper part of air filter -2-.

Specified torque	Nm
Securing bolts	1.5

4.33.2 Removing and installing air filter element, 1.5 I TSI engines

Removing



- Unscrew securing bolts -arrows- from upper part of air filter housing -1- and lift it together with air ducts to one side.
- Remove air filter element -2-.

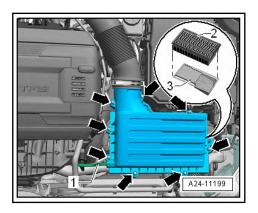
Installing

- Check air filter housing, air mass meter and water drains for soiling and clean them if necessary \Rightarrow page 101.
- Insert air filter element -2- centrally into mounting in lower part of air filter.
- Carefully fit upper part of air filter onto lower part of air filter without applying excessive force. Screw in securing bolts -arrows-, and tighten them to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm
Securing bolts	1.5

4.33.3 Air filter element: removing and installing, 2.0 I TSI engines

Removing



- Pull vacuum hose -1- off upper part of air filter.
- Unscrew securing bolts -arrows- from upper part of air filter and lift it together with air ducts to one side.
- Remove air filter element -2-.

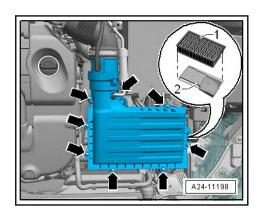
Installing

- Check air filter housing, air mass meter and water drains for soiling, and clean them, if necessary \Rightarrow page 101.
- Insert air filter element centred into mounting in lower part of air filter.
- Carefully fit upper part of air filter onto lower part of air filter without applying excessive force. Screw in securing bolts and tighten them to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm
Securing bolts	1.5

4.33.4 Air filter element: removing and installing, common rail engines

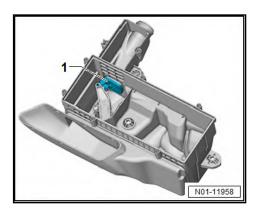
Removing



- Unscrew securing bolts -arrows- from upper part of air filter and lift it together with air ducts to one side.
- Remove air filter element -1-.



Checking position of warm air flap



Check position of warm air flap -1- in lower part of air filter.
 The warm air flap must close completely at temperatures above +12°C.



Note

The snow screen land warm air flap are not fitted on all vehicles.

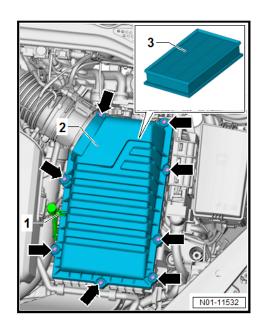
Installing

- Check air filter housing, air mass meter and water drains for soiling, and clean them, if necessary ⇒ page 101.
- Insert air filter element centred into mounting in lower part of air filter.
- Carefully fit upper part of air filter onto lower part of air filter without applying excessive force. Screw in securing bolts and tighten them to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm
Securing bolts	1.5

4.33.5 Air filter element, common rail engine, engine code CUAA: removing and installing

Removing



- Unclip line -1- on upper part of air filter.
- Unscrew and remove bolts -arrows- from upper part of air filter.
- Lift upper part of air filter -2-.
- Remove air filter element -3-.

Installing

- Check housing and water drains for soiling, clean if necessa-
- Insert air filter element -3- centrally into mounting in lower part of air filter.
- Carefully fit upper part of air filter -2- onto lower part of air filter without applying excessive force. Screw in securing bolts and tighten them to specified torque.
- Clip line -1- into upper part of air filter.

Specified torque	Nm
Securing bolts	1.5



4.33.6 Fuel filter housing: cleaning



Note

- ♦ The air mass value may be falsified due to excessive soiling or moisture. This would lead to a loss of power because a smaller injection quantity is calculated.
- ♦ Please observe disposal instructions!
- The cleaning is carried out according to a separate calculation.
- Check for salt residue, dirt and leaves in air mass meter and air intake hose (engine intake side).
- Check water drain hose in lower part of air filter housing for dirt and clogging.
- Remove salt residues, dirt and leaves from upper and lower part of air filter housing using a vacuum cleaner if necessary.

4.34 Multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel: adding

4.34.1 Specification for using multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel



In the market mentioned below there is a particularly high risk of deposits forming on the injectors and inlet valves owing to the quality of the fuel.

To counteract the formation of deposits, a multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel must be added.

Only additives compliant with VW 505 26 (multi-purpose additive G 001 790 M3) may be used.

After adding the additive, it is extremely important to fully refuel the vehicle to achieve optimal effectiveness of the additive.

 During each change oil service, fill entire bottle of multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel into regular fuel tank.

Country	
Russia	

4.34.2 Recommendation for using multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel

Note

- In the following markets with a high risk of coke and deposit formation, the addition of a multi-purpose additive is recommended owing to the lower concentration of additives in the diesel fuel.
- ♦ Only additives compliant with VW 505 26 (multi-purpose additive G 001 790 M3) may be used.
- After adding the additive, it is extremely important to fully refuel the vehicle to achieve optimal effectiveness of the additive.
- The multi-purpose additive can also be used in all other markets that are not listed in the table.
- During each change oil service, fill entire bottle of multi-purpose additive for diesel fuel into regular fuel tank.

Country		
Afghanistan	Liberia	
Egypt	Mali	
Albania	Morocco	
Equatorial Guinea	Mauritania	
Argentina	Macedonia	
Azerbaijan	Moldova	
Belize	Myanmar	
Benin	Dutch Overseas Territories	
Bhutan	Nigeria	
Brazil	Pakistan	
Brunei	Panama	
Burkina Faso	Paraguay	
China	Saudi Arabia	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Senegal	
Dominican Republic	Sierra Leone	
El Salvador	Zimbabwe	
Ivory Coast	Sri Lanka and the Maldives	
Fiji	South Africa	
Gambia	Sudan	
Georgia	South Sudan	
Ghana	Surinam	
Guatemala	Syria	
Guinea	Thailand	
Guinea-Bissau	Togo	
Guyana	Trinidad and Tobago	
Haiti	Chad	
Honduras	Turkmenistan	
Indonesia	Ukraine	
India	USA	

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Country		
Iraq	Belarus	
Jamaica	Venezuela	
Jordan	Central African Republic	
Cayman Islands	Zimbabwe	
Cambodia		
Cameroon		
Canada		
Cape Verde		
Caribbean, left-hand traffic		
Columbia		
Laos		
Lebanon		

4.35 Multi-purpose additive for petrol fuel: adding

4.35.1 Specification for using multi-purpose additive for petrol fuel



In the market mentioned below there is a particularly high risk of deposits forming on the injectors and inlet valves owing to the quality of the fuel.

To counteract the formation of deposits, a multi-purpose additive for petrol fuel must be added.

Only additives compliant with VW 507 53 B (multi-purpose additive G 001 780 M3) may be used.

Observe the dosing instructions on the additive container.

After adding the additive, it is extremely important to fully refuel the vehicle to achieve optimal effectiveness of the additive.

 Fill multi-purpose additive for petrol fuels into regular fuel tank during each oil change service.

Country	
Russia	

4.35.2 Recommendation for using multi-purpose additive for petrol fuel



Note

- In the following markets with a high risk of coke and deposit formation, the addition of a multi-purpose additive is recommended owing to the elevated olefin content and aromatics in the petrol.
- ♦ Only additives compliant with VW 507 53 B (multi-purpose additive G 001 780 M3) may be used.
- Observe the dosing instructions on the additive container.
- After adding the additive, it is extremely important to fully refuel the vehicle to achieve optimal effectiveness of the additive.
- The multi-purpose additive can also be used in all other markets that are not listed in the table.
- Fill multi-purpose additive for petrol fuels into regular fuel tank during each oil change service.

Country		
Algeria		
Bahrain		
Bolivia		
Brazil		
China		
Ghana		
Indonesia		
Iraq		
Iran		
Japan		
Yemen		
Jordan		
Cambodia		
Qatar		
Columbia		
Kuwait		
Lebanon		
Mauritius		
Niger		
Nigeria		
Oman		
Pakistan		
Peru		
Philippines		
Saudi Arabia		
Senegal		
Singapore		
Surinam		



Country
Syria
Chad
Uzbekistan
United Arab Emirates
Vietnam

4.36 Engine and components in engine compartment: inspecting for leaks and damage (from above and below)

- Remove engine cover panel, if necessary. ⇒ page 105
- If necessary, remove engine cover panel (noise insulation)
 -bottom- ⇒ page 108

Inspect as follows:

- Check engine and components in engine compartment for leaks and damage.
- Lines, hoses and connections
- ♦ Fuel system
- Cooling and heating system
- Lubrication system
- ◆ Air conditioning system
- Intake system
- And brake system

Check for leaks, abrasion, porousness, cracks, correct seating and attachment in retainers.



Note

- ♦ Arrange for defects to be rectified as repair measures.
- If fluid loss is greater than can be expected through normal use, determine source and rectify (repair measure).

4.37 Engine cover panel "top": removing and installing

Engine cover panel: removing and installing, 1.5 l TSI engines ⇒ page 105

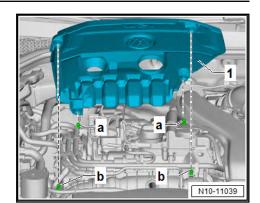
Engine cover panel: removing and installing, 2.0 l TSI engines ⇒ page 107.

Engine cover panel: removing and installing, common rail diesel engines <u>⇒ page 108</u>

4.37.1 Engine cover panel: removing and installing, 1.5 I TSI engines

Removing

 Lift engine cover panel -1- off ball studs in the following sequence.



- Pull engine cover panel -1- off ball studs -a- first.
- Then pull engine cover panel -1- off ball studs -b-.

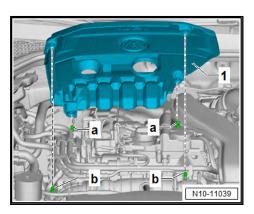
Installing

Install in the reverse order of removal, observing the following:



Note

- Moisten ball studs with water (without additive) prior to installation.
- Check that the rubber buffers are seated correctly in the engine cover panel, and adjust if necessary.
- Adhere to the sequence during assembly.
- Press engine cover panel -1- on ball studs -b-.



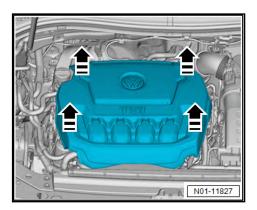
Then press engine cover panel -1- on ball studs -a-.



4.37.2 Engine cover panel: removing and installing, 2.0 I TSI engines

Version 1

Removing



 Carefully pull engine cover panel off retaining pins one after the other -arrows-. Do not pull off engine cover panel abruptly or only on one side.

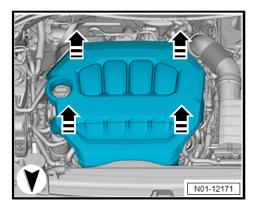
Installing

- To prevent damage, do not strike engine cover panel with the fist or a tool.
- Position engine cover panel, paying attention to oil filler neck and dipstick.
- Press engine cover panel into rubber grommets first on left side and then on right side.

Version 2

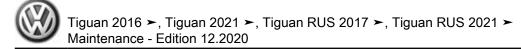
Removing

 Carefully pull engine cover panel off ball studs one after other -arrows-. Do not pull off engine cover panel abruptly or only on one side (image shows example).



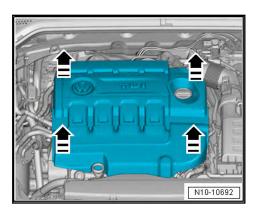
Installing

- To prevent damage, do not strike engine cover panel with the fist or a tool.
- Position engine cover panel, paying attention to oil filler neck and dipstick.
- Press engine cover panel onto ball studs, first on left and then on right.



4.37.3 Engine cover panel, common rail diesel engines: removing and installing

Removing



Carefully pull engine cover panel off retaining pins one after the other -arrows-. Do not pull off engine cover panel abruptly or only on one side.

Installing

- To prevent damage, do not strike engine cover panel with the fist or a tool.
- Position engine cover panel, paying attention to oil filler neck and dipstick.
- Press engine cover panel into rubber grommets first on left side and then on right side.

Motor compartment cover (noise insu-4.38 lation) "bottom": removing and installing

Procedure

The procedure of removing the engine cover panel -bottom-(noise insulation) can be found in Workshop Manual under:

⇒ General body repairs, exterior; Rep. gr. 66; Noise insulation; Assembly overview - noise insulation

4.39 Engine oil level: checking

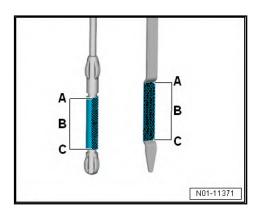
Note the following:

- After shutting off engine, wait at least 3 minutes so that the oil can flow back into the sump.
- Pull out dipstick, wipe with a clean cloth and push dipstick in again to limit stop.
- Pull dipstick out again and read oil level.





- ♦ The oil level must always be in the upper third of area -Bfor the delivery inspection. This way, you will achieve the greatest possible customer satisfaction.
- ♦ The oil-change quantity in the service table was determined experimentally and is sufficient for the technical functionality of the engine in all operating conditions. During all other service events, the oil level must be checked and corrected as necessary if the customer requests this. This enables an additional topping-up to the specified oil quantity to the upper limit of the dip stick. Due to tolerances, the oil temperature and the drip time, various quantities may be required for topping up.



- A Do not top up oil.
- B Oil can be replenished up to the max. mark -A-.
- C Oil must be replenished. The oil level must then be at least in the upper half of the measuring area -B-.
- If oil level is above max. mark -A-, drain or extract excess oil to prevent damage to catalytic converter.
- If the oil level is below min. marking -C- replenish a sufficient amount of oil (at least 0.5 l) ⇒ page 10.

4.40 Engine oil: Draining, renewing oil filter and filling engine oil.

Notes on engines with turbocharger ⇒ page 109

Engine oil: draining and renewing oil filter, 1.4 l TSl and 1.5 l TSl engines ⇒ page 110

Engine oil: draining and renewing oil filter, 2.0 l TSI engines ⇒ page 113

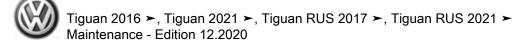
Draining engine oil and renewing oil filter, common rail diesel engines, version 1 ⇒ page 115

Draining engine oil and renewing oil filter, common rail diesel engines, version 2 <u>⇒ page 118</u>

Engine oil: replenishing ⇒ page 120

4.40.1 Notes on engines with turbocharger

After the engine oil has been changed and the oil filter has been renewed, observe the following when starting the engine for the first time:



- The engine must only run at idling speed as long as the oil pressure warning lamp lights up in dash panel.
- Do not rev up!
- The full oil pressure is not attained until the warning lamp has gone out. Only then can the engine be revved up.

NOTICE

If the engine is revved up the turbocharger can be damaged or fail completely. Since the turbocharger runs at very high speeds, the bearings may fail within seconds in the event of inadequate lubrication.

If leaks, vibrations and unusual noises are encountered on the turbocharger, immediately switch off the engine.

4.40.2 Engine oil: draining and renewing oil filter, 1.4 I TSI and 1.5 I TSI engines

NOTICE

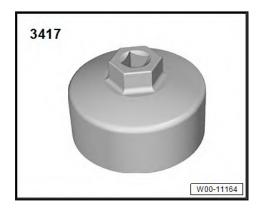
- Catalytic converter damage due to excessive engine oil in the engine. Too much oil remains after extracting.
- Always drain engine oil. Vacuum extraction is not allowed.

Special tools and workshop equipment required

◆ Used oil collection and extraction unit -VAS 6622A-



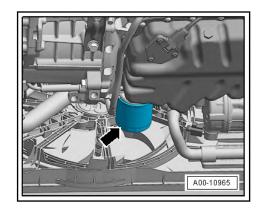
- Oil spill cloth
- Oil filter tool -3417-



- Hazet oil filter strap -2171-1-
- Torque wrench



Removing oil filter



- Remove "lower" engine compartment cover (noise insulation) \Rightarrow page 108.
- Loosen oil filter element -arrow- using Hazet oil filter strap -2171-1- or oil filter tool -3417-, and remove oil filter.

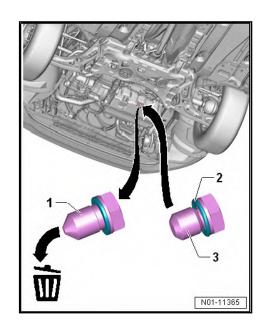
Installing oil filter

- Clean sealing surface for oil filter on engine.
- Moisten rubber seal of oil filter element with engine oil.
- Screw in oil filter element -arrow- using oil filter tool -3417-, and tighten it to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm		
Oil filter	20		

Draining engine oil on 1st oil change ⇒ page 111 Draining engine oil after 1st oil change ⇒ page 112

Draining engine oil on 1st oil change



Unscrew and dispose of oil drain plug with captive seal -1-.



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Let engine oil drain.

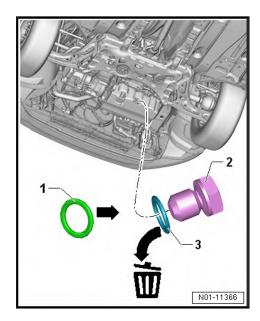


Note

Please observe disposal instructions!

Screw in new oil drain plug -3- with new seal -2- hand-tight first and then tighten it to specified torque.

Draining engine oil after 1st oil change



Unscrew oil drain plug -2- and dispose of seal -3-.



Note

The oil drain plug will be reused after the 1st oil change.

Let engine oil drain.



Note

Please observe disposal instructions!

- Screw in oil drain plug -2- with new seal -1- hand-tight and then tighten it firmly to specified torque.
- Install engine compartment cover (noise insulation) "bottom" ⇒ page 108 .

Specified torque	Nm		
Oil drain plug	30		

- Fill engine oil.

Engine oil capacity:

- ⇒ Maintenance tables
- Engine oil: capacities and specifications ⇒ page 120



NOTICE

- ♦ Torque specifications must not be exceeded.
- ♦ Excessive torque can cause leaks in the area of the oil drain plug or even damage.

4.40.3 Engine oil: draining and renewing oil filter, 2.0 I TSI engines

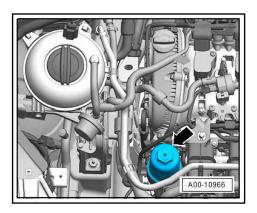
Special tools and workshop equipment required

♦ Used oil collection and extraction unit -VAS 6622A-



- ♦ 32 mm hexagon socket insert
- ♦ Torque wrench
- ♦ Oil spill cloth
- ♦ Assembly tool -T10549-

Removing oil filter



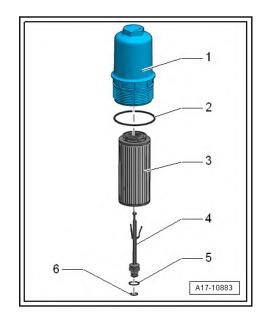
- Remove engine cover panel ⇒ page 105.
- Loosen oil filter housing -arrow- using 32 mm hexagon socket insert.
- Wait a few minutes for engine oil to flow back from oil filter housing.
- Remove complete oil filter housing -arrow-.



Note

Ensure that no engine oil drips onto engine. Use a cloth for collecting any dripping oil.

Oil filter: renewing element



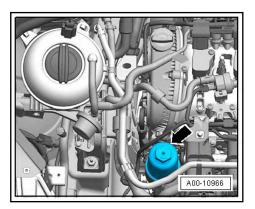
- Pull out filter element.
- Moisten new O-ring -2- with engine oil and insert it into groove in oil filter housing -1-.
- Renew filter element -3-.



Note

Disregard the remaining items -4, 5 and 6-.

Tighten oil filter housing -arrow- to specified torque using 32 mm hexagon socket insert.



Specified torque	Nm
Oil filter housing	25



- Depending on version, the vehicle is fitted with a sump made of sheet-metal or plastic.
- ♦ After the engine oil has been drained, the oil drain plug (sheet-metal sump) or the sealing plug (plastic sump) must always be renewed. This prevents leaks.
- ♦ Please observe disposal instructions!
- Remove "lower" engine compartment cover (noise insulation) ⇒ page 108.
- Unscrew oil drain plug or sealing plug. Unscrew plug using assembly tool -T10549-.
- Let engine oil drain.
- Screw in new oil drain plug together with seal hand-tight, and then tighten to specified torque. Or tighten new sealing plug to stop. Moisten new O-ring of sealing plug with engine oil before installing it.
- Install engine compartment cover (noise insulation) "bottom"
 ⇒ page 108

Specified torque	Nm		
Oil drain plug	30		

- Fill engine oil.



Note

Proceed slowly when pouring in the engine oil. The filler neck is narrow, and the housing structure is directly underneath it. This causes the oil to run very slowly. If necessary, use oil filler funnel VAS 6842 for pouring in the engine oil.

Engine oil capacity:

- ♦ ⇒ Maintenance tables
- ◆ Engine oil: capacities and specifications ⇒ page 120



- ◆ Torque specifications must not be exceeded.
- Excessive torque can cause leaks in the area of the oil drain plug or even damage.
- 4.40.4 Draining engine oil and renewing oil filter, common rail diesel engines, version 1

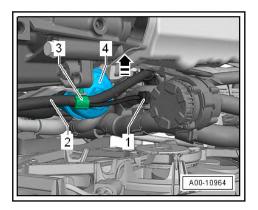
Special tools and workshop equipment required



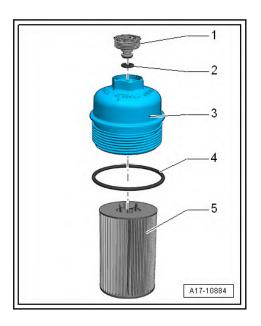
Used oil collection and extraction unit -VAS 6622A-



- 32 mm hexagon socket insert
- Torque wrench
- Oil spill cloth



- Remove "lower" engine compartment cover (noise insulation) \Rightarrow page 108 .
- Disconnect connector -1- from return-flow pump.
- Unclip alternator cable -2- from clip -3- and swing it in -direction of arrow-.
- Unscrew oil drain plug -1- from screw cap -3- and drain engine oil.





Removing oil filter

Remove screw cap -3- using 32 mm hexagon socket insert.

Oil filter: renewing element

- Pull out oil filter element -5-.
- Insert O-ring -2- in groove of oil drain plug for screw cap -1-.
 Screw in oil drain plug and tighten it to specified torque.
- Moisten new O-ring -4- with engine oil and renew oil filter element -5-.
- Screw on screw cap -3- and tighten it to specified torque using 32 mm hexagon socket insert.
- Clip in alternator cables and connect connector to returnflow pump.
- Clean all lines contaminated with engine oil using oil spill cloth.

Specified torque	Nm		
Screw cap for oil filter	25		
Oil drain plug in screw cap	5		

- Remove oil drain plug.
- Let engine oil drain.



Note

- After the engine oil has been drained, the oil drain plug must always be renewed. This prevents leaks.
- ♦ Please observe disposal instructions!
- Screw in oil drain plug together with seal hand-tight and then tighten to specified torque.
- Install engine compartment cover (noise insulation) "bottom"
 ⇒ page 108

Specified torque	Nm		
Oil drain plug	30		

- Fill engine oil.

Engine oil capacity:

- ♦ ⇒ Maintenance tables
- ◆ Engine oil: capacities and specifications ⇒ page 120



- ◆ Torque specifications must not be exceeded.
- Excessive torque can cause leaks in the area of the oil drain plug or even damage.

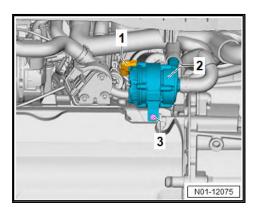
4.40.5 Draining engine oil and renewing oil filter, common rail diesel engines, version 2

Special tools and workshop equipment required

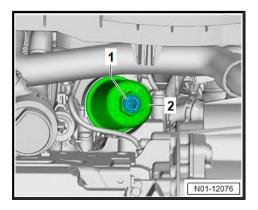
♦ Used oil collection and extraction unit -VAS 6622A-



- 24 mm socket
- Torque wrench
- Oil spill cloth
- Remove "lower" engine compartment cover (noise insulation) <u>⇒ page 108</u>.



- Disconnect connector -1- of coolant pump.
- Unscrew bolt -3- and swivel coolant pump -2- to one side.



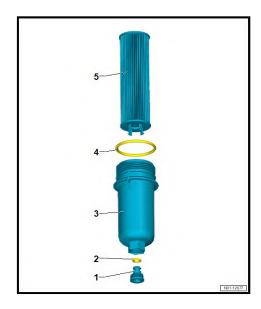
Unscrew oil drain plug -1- from screw cap -2- and drain engine oil.

Removing oil filter

- Remove screw cap -2- using 24 mm socket.



Oil filter: renewing element



- Pull out oil filter element -5-.
- Insert O-ring -2- in groove of oil drain plug for screw cap -1-.
 Screw in oil drain plug and tighten it to specified torque.
- Moisten new O-ring -4- with engine oil and renew oil filter element -5-.
- Screw on screw cap -3- and tighten it to specified torque using 24 mm socket.

Continue installation in reverse order of removal.

 Clean all lines contaminated with engine oil using oil spill cloth.

Specified torque	Nm
Screw cap for oil filter	25
Oil drain plug in screw cap	5
Coolant pump bolt	9

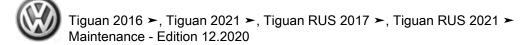
- Remove oil drain plug.
- Let engine oil drain.



Note

- ♦ After the engine oil has been drained, the oil drain plug must always be renewed. This prevents leaks.
- ♦ Please observe disposal instructions!
- Screw in oil drain plug together with seal hand-tight and then tighten to specified torque.
- Install engine compartment cover (noise insulation) "bottom"
 ⇒ page 108

Specified torque	Nm
Oil drain plug	30



Fill engine oil.

Engine oil capacity:

- ⇒ Maintenance tables
- Engine oil: capacities and specifications ⇒ page 120

NOTICE

- Torque specifications must not be exceeded.
- Excessive torque can cause leaks in the area of the oil drain plug or even damage.

4.40.6 Engine oil: replenishing

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Oil filler funnel -VAS 6842A-
- Adapter -VAS 6842/2-
- Adapter -VAS 6842/3A-
- Use oil filler funnel -VAS 6842A- with suitable adapter if necessary to fill oil.
- Clean sealing surface in engine oil filler neck using a lint-free cloth prior to screwing in the cap.

Engine oil: capacities and specifications up to model year ►2020 ⇒ page 120

Engine oil: capacities and specifications as of model year 2021► ⇒ page 122

Oil level: checking ⇒ page 108

4.41 Engine oil: capacities and specifications up to model year ►2020

A new VW standard for engine oil - 508 00/509 00 - has been introduced with immediate effect. This is distinguished by reduced fuel consumption and CO2 emissions.

The main facts are the following:

- VW 508 00/509 00 is a combined product that meets the petrol specification as VW 508 00 and the diesel specification as VW 509 00.
- Volkswagen recommends not using the new specifications for older engine generations. The recommended specifications are allocated to the engines in this chapter.
- Engines with particulate filter (petrol and diesel) can also be filled with oil standard VW 504 00/507 00 when serviced. However, the caveat could be elevated fuel consumption and CO2 emissions.
- Engines without particulate filter can also be filled with oil standard VW 502 00/505 01 when serviced. However, the caveat could be elevated fuel consumption and CO2 emissions.
- The new oil is miscible.
- If oil with VW engine oil standard 508 00/509 00 is used in engines that are not recommended for this, engine damage could ensue.
- As of model year 2018, engines that are not recommended to be used with the new oil will have a notice (lock carrier/en-



gine compartment) from which the oil standard to be used can be gleaned.

◆ For an overview of the engine oils approved by Volkswagen, refer to ⇒ Volkswagen InfoNet, Service, Inspection and Maintenance, Approved oils.

Tiguan to model year ►2017					
Petrol 6	engines	Oil quantity with			
Engine code	Capacity / out-	filter (ľ)	With flexible	With fixed	service ²⁾
	put		service	Not compliant with EN 228 ⇒ page 34	Applies only to EN 228
СННВ	2.0 I / 162 kW	5.7	504 00	502 00	504 00, 502 00
CZCA	1.4 I / 92 kW	4.0	504 00	502 00	504 00, 502 00
CZDA	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	504 00	502 00	504 00, 502 00
CZEA	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	504 00	502 00	504 00, 502 00
CZPA	2.0 I / 132 kW	5.7	508 00, 504 00	502 00	508 00, 504 00, 502 00
DJVA ¹⁾	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00

¹⁾ With petrol particulate filter

 $^{^{2)}\,\}mbox{For USA}$ and Canada, engine oil specifications on adhesive label in engine compartment apply.

Tiguan from model year 2018►					
Petrol 6	engines	Oil quantity with	VW	VW engine oil standards	
Engine code	Capacity / out-	filter (l)	With flexible	With fixed	service ²⁾
	put		service	Not compliant with EN 228 ⇒ page 34	Applies only to EN 228
СННВ	2.0 I / 162 kW	5.7	504 00	502 00	504 00, 502 00
CZCA	1.4 l / 92 kW	4.0	508 00, 504 00	502 00	508 00, 504 00, 502 00
CZDA	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	508 00, 504 00	502 00	508 00, 504 00, 502 00
CZEA	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	508 00, 504 00	502 00	508 00, 504 00, 502 00
CZPA	2.0 I / 132 kW	5.7	508 00, 504 00	502 00	508 00, 504 00, 502 00
DADA ¹⁾	1.5 I / 110 kW	4.3	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DACB ¹⁾	1.5 I / 96 kW	4.3	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DJVA ¹⁾	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DKTA ¹⁾	2.0 I / 169 kW	5.7	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DKZA ¹⁾	2.0 I / 140 kW	5.7	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DPBE ¹⁾	1.5 I / 96 kW	4.3	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DPCA ¹⁾	1.5 I / 110 kW	4.3	508 00, 504 00	504 00	508 00, 504 00
DRFA	2.0 I / 140 kW	5.7	508 00, 504 00	502 00	508 00, 504 00, 502 00

¹⁾ With petrol particulate filter

2) For USA and Canada, engine oil specifications on adhesive label in engine compartment apply.

Tiguan					
Diesel engines		Oil quantity with fil-	VW engine oil standards		
Engine code	Capacity / output	ter (I)	With flexible service	With fixed service	
CRFC	2.0 I / 105 kW	4.7		505 01	
CRFD	2.0 I / 105 kW	4.7		505 01	
CRGA	2.0 l / 130 kW	4.7		505 01	
CRGB	2.0 I / 130 kW	4.7		505 01	
CUAA	2.0 l / 176 kW	4.9	507 00	507 00	
CYKB	2.0 I / 81 kW	5.5	507 00	507 00	
CYKC	2.0 I / 81 kW	5.5	507 00	507 00	
DBGA	2.0 I / 110 kW	5.5	507 00	507 00	
DBGC	2.0 I / 110 kW	5.5	507 00	507 00	
DCYA	2.0 I / 110 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DCYB	2.0 I / 81 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DDMA	2.0 I / 140 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DFGA	2.0 I / 110 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DFGB	2.0 I / 81 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DFGC	2.0 I / 85 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DFHA	2.0 l / 140 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	
DGDB	1.6 l / 85 kW	4.7	507 00	507 00	

4.42 Engine oil: capacities and specifications as of model year 2021►

A new VW standard for engine oil - 508 00/509 00 - has been introduced with immediate effect. This is distinguished by reduced fuel consumption and CO₂ emissions.

The main facts are the following:

- VW 508 00/509 00 is a combined product that meets the petrol specification as VW 508 00 and the diesel specification as VW 509 00.
- Volkswagen recommends not using the new specifications for older engine generations. The recommended specifications are allocated to the engines in this chapter.
- If oil with VW engine oil standard 508 00/509 00 is used in engines that are not recommended for this, engine damage could ensue.
- Engines that are not suitable for the new oil will have a notice (lock carrier/engine compartment) from which the oil standard to be used can be gleaned.
- For an overview of the engine oils approved by Volkswagen, see Volkswagen ServiceNet: ⇒ https://vw.servicenet.vwgroup.com/de/service-technik/inspektion-und-wartung/oelfreigaben.html



Tiguan						
Petrol engines		Oil quantity	With flexible service		With fixed service	
Engine code	Capacity / output	with filter (I)	VW standard	SAE class	VW standard	SAE class
СННВ	2.0 I / 162 kW	5.7	504 00	0W-30	504 00	0W-30
CZDA	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
CZDB	1.4 I / 92 kW	4.0	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
CZPA	2.0 I / 132 kW	5.7	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
DGEA	1.4 I / 110 kW	4.0	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
DNFG	2.0 I / 235 kW	5.7	504 00	0W-30	504 00	0W-30
DNNA	2.0 I / 140 kW	5.7	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
DNPA	2.0 I / 180 kW	5.7	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
DPBE	1.5 I / 96 kW	4.3	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20
DPCA	1.5 l / 110 kW	4.3	508 00	0W-20	508 00	0W-20

Tiguan						
Diesel engines		Oil quantity with	With flexible service		With fixed service	
Engine code	Capacity / output	filter (l)	VW standard	SAE class	VW standard	SAE class
CRGB	2.0 I / 130 kW	4.7	507 00	0W-30	507 00	0W-30
DBGC	2.0 I / 110 kW	5.5	507 00	0W-30	507 00	0W-30
DTSA	2.0 I / 110 kW	5.5	509 00	0W-20	509 00	0W-20
DTSB	2.0 I / 110 kW	5.5	509 00	0W-20	509 00	0W-20
DTRC	2.0 I / 90 kW	5.5	509 00	0W-20	509 00	0W-20
DTUA	2.0 I / 147 kW	5.5	507 00	0W-30	507 00	0W-30

4.43 Panorama sliding roof with rear panorama roof



Note

- ♦ Lubricating paste G 060 751 is coloured grey and easy to detect. The new special lubricant G 060 567 is colourless and barely noticeable.
- Employing the new special lubricant results in a new procedure in the course of servicing.
- ♦ A differentiation is made between countries with high dust <u>⇒</u> page 36 and low dust levels.
- In countries with low dust levels, only function and noise are checked. In countries with high dust levels, the panorama sliding roof must continue to be cleaned and lubricated.
- Rather than a brush, it is better to apply the lubricant with a spray can and a long capillary tube.

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Special lubricant G 060 567 A2 (spray can with long capillary tube)
- Industrial vacuum cleaner



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Lint-free cloth

Commercially-available brush: approx. 15 mm wide, angled to approx. 40° in a workshop

Noise and function: checking ⇒ page 124

Guide rails: cleaning and lubricating ⇒ page 124

Wind deflector: cleaning ⇒ page 125

Seals: checking for damage and cleaning ⇒ page 126

4.43.1 Noise and function: checking

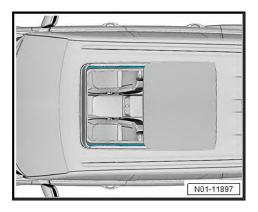
- Check roof system for damage.

Check function of roof system, i.e. open and close glass panel and sliding headliner/roller blind completely.

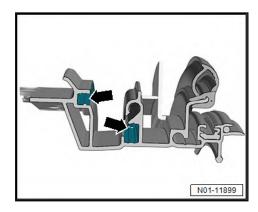
Other than the noises associated with normal operation there should be no unusual noises, such as chattering, squeaking, clicking, nor should there be any vibration.

4.43.2 Guide rails: cleaning and lubricating

Open roof system completely and remove loose particles of dust in guide rails in advance using a wet and dry vacuum cleaner.

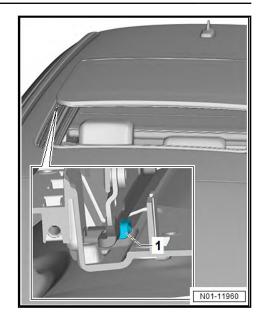


Remove residual grease and dirt from guide rails using isopropanol and a lint-free cloth.



- Lubricate inside and outside of whole guide rail -arrows-.
- Repeat the process on the other side of the vehicle.





- Clean coarse dirt from support for mechanism -1- using a grease-free brush or a lint-free cloth.
- Grease support for mechanism -1- using a brush.
- Repeat the process on the other side of the vehicle.
- After lubricating, open and close roof system once completely and then remove excess grease.



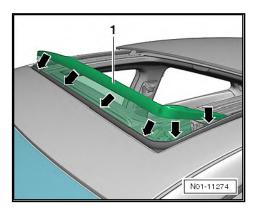
Ensure that no other components are soiled.



Faults found must always be rectified (repair measure).

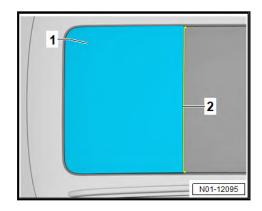
4.43.3 Wind deflector: cleaning

Glass panel completely open.

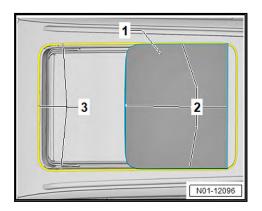


- Clean net and frame of wind deflector -1- with a sponge and soap solution.
- Remove loose particles of dirt from wind deflector slot -arrows- using an industrial vacuum cleaner.
- Close glass panel completely.

Seals: checking for damage and clean-4.43.4



- Bring glass panel -1- into tilt position
- Check seal on rear glass panel -2- for damage and then clean.



- Open glass panel -1- completely.
- Check seal on roof -3- for damage.
- Clean seal on roof -3- and sealing surfaces on glass panel

4.44 Road test: performing (driving behaviour, noises, air conditioner etc.)

Which of the following can be checked depends on vehicle equipment and local conditions (urban/country).

Check the following during a road test:

- Engine: output, misfiring, idling speed, acceleration
- Clutch: pulling away, pedal pressure, odours
- Gear selection: ease of operation, stick position
- Automatic gearbox: Selector lever position, shift lock/ignition key removal lock, shift behaviour, dash panel insert display
- Foot brake and handbrake: function, free travel and effectiveness, pulling to one side, juddering, squeal
- ABS function: pulsing must be felt at the brake pedal during ABS-regulated braking
- Steering: function, steering free clearance, steering wheel centred when vehicle is travelling straight ahead

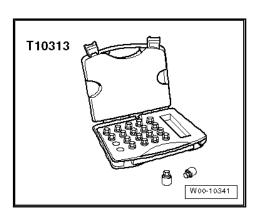


- ◆ Tilting roof: function
- Radio/radio navigation system: function, reception, GALA, interference noise
- Multi-function indicator (MFI): functions
- Air conditioning system: check function (At low temperatures the function of air conditioner must be checked in a workshop).
- Vehicle: pulls to one side when travelling straight ahead (level road).
- ◆ Imbalance: wheels, drive shafts, propshaft
- ♦ Noise/vibration: wheel bearing, exhaust system
- ◆ Engine: hot starting behaviour

4.45 Wheel securing bolts: tightening to specified torque

Special tools and workshop equipment required

♦ Adapter set for tamper-proof wheel bolts -T10313-

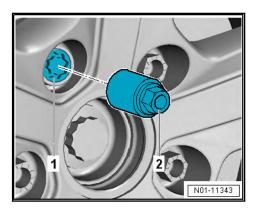


♦ Torque wrench



Note

- ♦ To loosen/tighten the anti-theft wheel bolts a special adapter, located in vehicle tool kit, is required.
- ♦ To loosen the anti-theft wheel bolts (lockable wheel bolts) do not use an impact screwdriver.
- If the adapter to loosen or tighten the anti-theft wheel bolts is not available in the vehicle, use the corresponding adapter set for tamper-proof wheel bolts.





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- Fit adapter -2- onto anti-theft wheel bolt -1- as far as stop.
- Fit wheel brace onto adapter -2- as far as stop.
- Tighten wheel bolts diagonally to specified torque.

Specified torque	Nm	
Wheel bolts	140	

4.46 Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): replenishing



Only the reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) can be used in Blue TDI vehicles. NEVER fill in additive which has been used in the past. It can destroy the reducing agent.



Note

- The following description applies to diesel vehicles with SCR process (selective catalytic reduction).
- Additional information on the SCR process and reducing agent (AdBlue [®]/DEF) can be found in the glossary ⇒ page

General notes ⇒ page 128

Health/endangerment and cleaning ⇒ page 130

Disposal instructions ⇒ page 130

Filling reducing agent tank ⇒ page 131

Special tools and workshop equipment required

♦ Filling device for AdBlue -VAS 6960-



4.46.1 General information

Properties

- The reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) is not a diesel additive and must not be poured into the diesel fuel tank.
- The reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) is used for exhaust treatment to reduce nitrogen oxides in the exhaust gas of diesel powered vehicles.
- The reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) reduces these nitrogen oxides to water and nitrogen.



- The reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) is a high-purity 32.5% urea solution and is used in systems with exhaust treatment (SCR catalytic converters) ⇒ page 192 for diesel engines.
- The reducing agent (AdBlue[®]/DEF) is legally required for operating vehicles with SCR.
- AdBlue[®] is a registered trademark of the Verband der Automobilindustrie e. V. (VDA) in the USA, Germany, the European Union and other countries.

Application

- Do not mix additives with reducing agent (AdBlue[®]/DEF).
- Do not dilute the reducing agent (AdBlue[®]/DEF) with water.
- Do not use fluid which has already been used.
- Use only reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) in the intended, original containers. Also note the expiry date information.
- Additionally note the reducing agent manufacturer's usage and storage instructions.

Technical data

- "NO_X reducing agent AUS 32" is the designation according to ISO 22241-1.
- The reducing agent (AdBlue[®]/DEF) is contained in a separate tank in the vehicle. It is NOT therefore mixed with diesel fuel.
- A refill container approved by Volkswagen must be used for replenishing the reducing agent (AdBlue[®]/DEF).
- The part numbers for available sizes of containers is available in ⇒ ETKA.

Insufficient reducing agent

If the level of reducing agent is low, one of the following messages appears on the dash panel insert:

- From a remaining distance of 2400 km, a gong sounds and "Top up AdBlue (DEF)!" is displayed" Remaining distance 2400 km".
- From a remaining distance of 1000 km, a warning buzzer sounds and "Top up AdBlue (DEF)!" is displayed" No engine starting in 1000 km"
- ◆ From a remaining distance of 0 km, a warning buzzer sounds three times and "Top up AdBlue (DEF)!" is displayed" Engine start no longer possible is shown."

System malfunction or incorrect filling



The vehicle is damaged by filling with reducing agent (AdBlue®) NOT in compliance with the standard or with other fluids.

In case of system malfunction or incorrect filling, one of the following messages appears on the dash panel insert:

- ◆ From a remaining distance of 1050 km, "Check AdBlue (DEF)!" is displayed" Remaining distance 1050 km".
- From a remaining distance of 1000 km, a warning buzzer sounds and "Check AdBlue (DEF)!" is displayed" No engine start possible in 1000 km".



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From a remaining distance of 0 km, a warning buzzer sounds three times and "Check AdBlue (DEF)!" is displayed" Engine start no longer possible".

NOTICE

- As soon as the message "Check AdBlue! No engine start possible! " is displayed and the engine is switched off; the engine cannot be started again.
- Fault recovery ⇒ Guided fault finding

4.46.2 Health risk and cleaning



CAUTION

- AdBlue®/DEF is corrosive and an irritant that can cause injury on contact with the skin, eyes and respiratory organs.
- In the event of AdBlue®/DEF coming into contact with the eyes and skin, wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical assistance.
- In the event of skin contact with this fluid, immediately wash off with plenty of water.
- In the event of AdBlue®/DEF ingestion, rinse out the mouth immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a doctor. Seek medical assistance without delay.

(I) NOTICE

Never allow reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) to come into contact with trim or body parts.

If this happens, wash off the reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) with clear water and wipe area with a lint-free cotton cloth.

If the reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF) has already crystallised, use warm water and a sponge.

Reducing agent that has not been removed will crystallise after a while and may damage the affected surface.

4.46.3 Disposal instructions



Note

- Information reference storage and disposal ⇒ Infonet, Operation, Strategy and deadlines, Environment, Handbook Service Environmental Protection! Ask your importer about country-specific information on storage and disposal.
- The refill container must be disposed of in accordance with environmental regulations.



4.46.4 Reducing agent tank: filling

Procedure

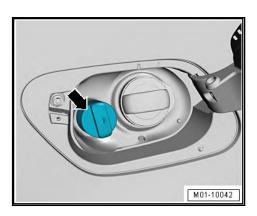


Note

- Ensure that the vehicle is on a hard, level standing and that the ignition is switched off.
- Refer to the ⇒ Operating manual for the filling device for AdBlue -VAS 6960-.
- ♦ Use only demineralised water for cleaning any components of the AdBlue[®]/DEF system. Do not use tap water for this.
- Switch off ignition.

The filler opening for the reduction agent tank (AdBlue®/DEF) is located under the tank flap.

- Open fuel tank flap.
- Open the tank cap -arrow- of the reducing agent tank (AdBlue[®]/DEF) under the fuel tank flap.



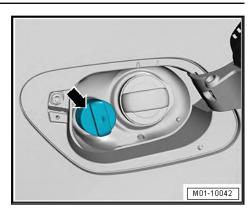
- Clean reducing agent tank filler neck with a water-soaked, lint-free cotton cloth.
- Insert filler nozzle of filling device for AdBlue -VAS 6960- into filler neck of tank for reducing agent, and start filling the tank for reducing agent.



Note

The filler nozzle of the filling device for AdBlue -VAS 6960stops automatically when the required reducing agent level has been attained.

- Remove filler nozzle.
- Screw on tank cap -arrow- of the reducing agent tank (AdBlue[®]/DEF) until the cap locks.



Close tank flap.



Note

After filling the reducing agent tank, switch on the ignition and leave it switched on for at least 30 seconds so that the system can detect the replenishment.

4.47 Reducing agent (AdBlue®/DEF): changing

Procedure

⇒ 4-cylinder common rail (2.0 l, 4V, turbocharger); Rep. gr. 26; SCR system (Selective Catalytic Reduction)

Tyre pressure indicator: calibrating



Note

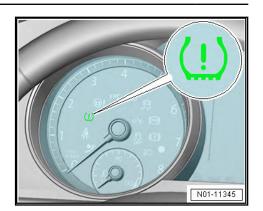
- The calibration of the Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator must only be performed "after" the tyre pressure has been corrected to the prescribed values.
- If no pressure loss and tyre damage are found after a tyre pressure warning, the incorrect warning can be rectified by calibrating.

Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator compares the speed and thus the rolling circumference and vibrations of the individual wheels via the ABS sensors. If the tyre pressure changes on one or several wheels, the Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator will indicate this in the dash panel insert and the Infotainment system.

The rolling circumference of tyre changes if:

- The tyre pressure is too low.
- The tyre has structural damage.
- The vehicle is loaded more heavily on one side.
- The wheels on one axle are loaded more heavily (e.g. when towing a trailer or when driving in mountains).
- Snow chains are fitted.
- The temporary spare wheel is fitted.
- One wheel per axle has been changed.

The tyre pressure monitoring warning lamp has a yellow warning lamp in the dash panel insert -arrow-.



◆ A "PERMANENT LIGHTING-UP" in conjunction with a warning tone, means "WARNING", pressure loss has been detected, check tyre pressure and carry out calibration.

Calibration:

- Switch on ignition.
- Switch on infotainment system.
- Press Infotainment button CAR.
- Press Setup function button.
- Press Tyres function button.
- Press Set function button.
- Press Confirm function button.

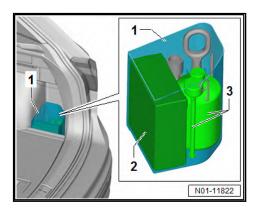
4.49 Tyre repair set: Checking



Note

- Depending on the equipment level, the vehicles are equipped with a breakdown set.
- ♦ It also contains a filling bottle with tyre sealant.

The tyre mobility set can be found in the tool bag -1- on the right side in the luggage compartment.



The breakdown set includes a bottle of tyre sealant -3- and a compressor -2-.

The tyre sealant in the bottle has a limited shelf life.

The expiry date is therefore indicated on the bottle.

Enter expiry date in maintenance table.

If the expiry date has been reached, replace tyre sealant. (The tyre sealant must not be more than 4 years old).

4.50 Window wash/wipe system and headlight washer system: checking function

Checking anti-freeze protection of fluid, topping up fluid ⇒ page

Window wash/wipe system: check spray jet settings and adjust if necessary ⇒ page 135

Windscreen wiper blades: check park position ⇒ page 136.

Rear window wiper blades: checking park position ⇒ page 136

Anti-freeze: checking protection of flu-4.50.1 id, topping up fluid if necessary

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Refractometer -T10007A-
- Refractometer -T10007B-



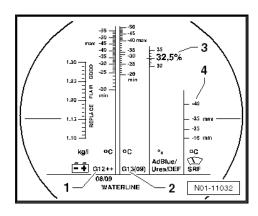
Note

In countries and regions where no frost occurs due to the local climatic conditions, the anti-freeze protection does not need to be checked.

Read precise value for the following tests at light/dark boundary. Using a pipette, place a drop of water on the glass to improve the readability of the light/dark boundary. The light-dark border can be clearly recognised on the "WATERLINE".

Check concentration of anti-freeze additive using refractom-

The scale -4- of the refractometer is applicable for the antifreeze protection of the window wash/wipe system.



Mixing ratio

Anti-freeze protection to	Genuine washer fluid ⇒ ETKA	Water
-17/-18°C	1 part	3 parts
-22/-23°C	1 part	2 part
-37/-38°C	1 part	1 part



 Top up fluid in window wash/wipe system (only if customer requests to do so).

Use genuine washer fluid ⇒ ETKA throughout all year to fill window wash/wipe system.

Depending on season, a winter product with anti-freeze protection or a summer product with increased cleaning capabilities should be used.

Ready-to-use window cleaner (Ready Mix) does not need to be mixed with water.



Note

- ♦ Genuine washer fluid ⇒ ETKA prevents the spray jets, washer fluid reservoirs and connecting hoses from freezing.
- ♦ In vehicles with fan jets, the reservoir must be filled with Genuine washer fluid, as this fluid has a low viscosity at temperatures below freezing. Otherwise the complicated spray jet system can become blocked by the crystallised washer fluid, which affects the spray pattern of the spray jet. Genuine washer fluid ensures that the fan jets remain fully functional at low temperatures.
- ♦ Genuine washer fluid ⇒ ETKA can also be used in the summer. The powerful cleanser easily removes wax and oil residue from the glass.
- ◆ Frost protection must be guaranteed to approx. -25°C (approx. -35°C in countries with an arctic climate) in the windscreen wash/wipe system.

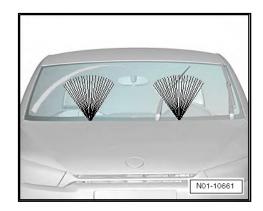
4.50.2 Window wash/wipe system: checking spray jet settings and adjusting if necessary



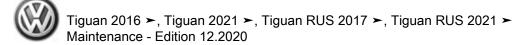
Note

In case of uneven spray field due to impurities in the spray jet: remove spray jet, and rinse it through with water, opposite to direction of spray. Subsequent blowing through with compressed air against the spraying direction is permitted. Never use implements to clean the spray jets.

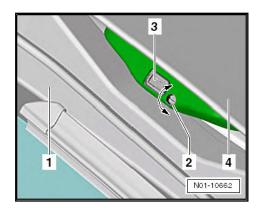
Windscreen spray jet settings



The spray jets are preset. However, small differences in height may be corrected.



If both spray fields are not at same height, adjust spray direction upwards or downwards as follows:



- 1 Cowl panel in front of windscreen
- 2 Adjuster, Torx size 8
- 3 Fan jet
- 4 Bonnet
- Adjust spray jet -3- by turning adjuster -2- using a Torx screwdriver.
- "Clockwise" lower.
- "Anti-clockwise" higher.

Rear window spray jet setting:



Note

If the vehicle is equipped with a fan jet on its rear window, the fan jet cannot be adjusted.

Wiper blades: checking park position 4.50.3

Procedure

⇒ Electrical system; Rep. gr. 92; Windscreen wiper system; Adjusting windscreen wiper arms



Note

- Adjusting the wiper blades is a repair measure.
- The repair measure is carried out subject to a separate charge.

4.50.4 Rear window wiper blade: checking park position

Procedure

⇒ Electrical system; Rep. gr. 92; Rear window wiper system; Adjusting wiper arm





- ♦ Adjusting the wiper blades is a repair measure.
- The repair measure is carried out subject to a separate charge.

4.51 Headlight adjustment: checking halogen headlights



Note

- Additional weights are no longer used.
- Instead, a different inclination setting on the headlight adjustment unit is used.
- If the maintenance tables are used, the settings are displayed in the vehicle-specific maintenance list.
- In the US, Canadian and Mexican markets, SAE-compliant headlights are used.
- ♦ The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Test and adjustment conditions ⇒ page 137

Headlight adjustment (ECE): checking ⇒ page 137.

Check headlight adjustment (SAE). ⇒ page 138

Adjusting halogen headlights ⇒ page 140

4.51.1 Test and adjustment conditions

- · Tyre pressure OK
- Lenses must not be damaged or dirty.
- · Reflectors and bulbs OK.
- The vehicle must be rolled forward and backward several metres or front and rear springs must be bounced fully several times so that springs settle.
- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be on a level surface.
- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be aligned.
- · Inclination must be set.
- Refer to the ⇒ operating instructions for headlight adjustment units.
- The current software for the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- is available on the equipment manufacturer's homepage.

4.51.2 Headlight adjustment (ECE): adjusting

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-



For certain export markets, halogen headlights with manually regulated headlight range control are not offered.

Depending on the equipment level, the headlight range control can be adjusted via the knurled wheel or in the menu Vehicle Settings of the infotainment system.

- Check headlight height adjustment by setting the maximum level and monitoring the headlights' light.
- Then (if fitted) set the headlight range control to position [0].

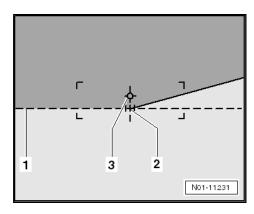
The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for ECE-compliant headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	1.2%
1/2 to 1	1.0%

Check the following:

Whether, with the dipped beam switched on, the horizontal bright/dark boundary contacts the dividing line -1- of the test area and



Whether the breaking point -2- between the horizontal part of the bright/dark boundary on the left and the rising part on the right lies on the vertical line of the central point -3-. The bright core of the light beam must be to the right of the vertical line.



Note

After correct adjustment of dipped beams, the centre point of the main beam must lie on the centre mark -3-.

4.51.3 Headlight adjustment (SAE): checking

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-



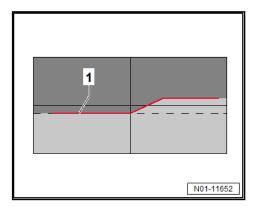
- The VOL/VOR marking is visible on the outside the headlight.
- The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.
- ♦ For certain export markets, halogen headlights with manually regulated headlight range control are not offered.
- Check headlight height adjustment by setting the maximum level and monitoring the headlights' light.
- If fitted, then set the headlight range control thumb wheel to position .

The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination for SAE VOL halogen headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.9%
1/2 to 1	0.7%

VOL: Visual Optical Aim Left -1-

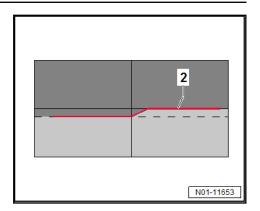


 Check whether the left horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -1- in the test area of the headlight adjustment unit.

Inclination for SAE VOR halogen headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.2%
1/2 to 1	0.0%

VOR: Visual Optical Aim Right -2-



Check whether the right horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -2- in the test area of the headlight adjustment unit.

Halogen headlights: adjusting 4.51.4

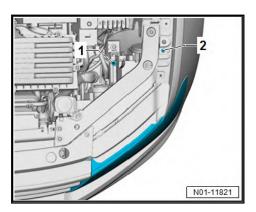


Note

The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Adjusting left headlight:

The adjustment bolts for the right headlight are a mirror image.



- Height adjustment screw (hexagon socket insert) of bright/dark boundary for dipped beam -1-
- Lateral adjustment screw (hexagon socket insert) of bright/ dark boundary for dipped beam -2-, lead-sealed on SAEcompliant headlights
- First turn height adjustment bolt of bright/dark boundary -1-.
- Then check lateral adjustment, if necessary correct with adjustment screw -2-.



4.52 Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights with cornering light



Note

- ◆ Additional weights are no longer used.
- Instead, a different inclination setting on the headlight adjustment unit is used.
- If the maintenance tables are used, the settings are displayed in the vehicle-specific maintenance list.
- In the US, Canadian and Mexican markets, SAE-compliant headlights are used.
- The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Test and adjustment prerequisites <u>⇒ page 141</u>

Check headlight adjustment (ECE). ⇒ page 141

Check headlight adjustment (SAE). ⇒ page 143

LED headlights with cornering light: adjusting ⇒ page 145

4.52.1 Test and adjustment conditions

- Tyre pressure OK
- · Headlight lenses must not be damaged or dirty.
- Reflectors and lights OK
- The initialisation of the headlight range control must have been completed. ¹⁾
- The vehicle must be rolled forward and backward several metres or front and rear springs must be bounced fully several times so that springs settle.
- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be on a level surface.
- Vehicle and headlight adjustment unit must be aligned.
- · Inclination must be set.
- · Event memory must be cleared.
- If the headlight adjustment unit has an adjustment mode, select it.
- Refer to the ⇒ operating instructions for headlight adjustment units.
- The current software for the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- is available on the equipment manufacturer's homepage.

4.52.2 Headlight adjustment (ECE): adjusting

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-

¹⁾ During the initialisation, the step motors for the headlight range control are reset to dipped beam position. The initialisation of the headlight range control is performed during vehicle start or after an "on" signal is applied to terminal 15.



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Vehicle diagnostic tester

The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for ECE-compliant gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	1.0%
1/2 to 1	1.0%

Test pattern with dynamic main beam

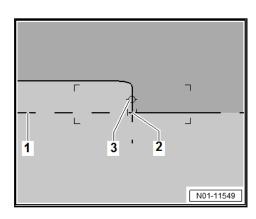


Note

- For dynamic main beam test pattern, headlights need to be reset to basic settings using vehicle diagnostic tester.
- The basic settings can only be reset using vehicle diagnostic tester. After resetting, DLA main beam distribution is actuated automatically.
- Pay special attention to correct alignment of the adjustment sighting device on the headlight adjuster. Only when this has been done can you adjust the headlights to ensure that they do not dazzle other road users.
- In vehicles with DLA the dipped headlight setting can be checked as an alternative. ⇒ page 143
- DLA: "Dynamic Light Assist", dynamic high beam regulation.

Check the following:

Whether the horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -1- in the test area when the main beam is on.



Whether the breaking point -2- between horizontal part of the light-dark border on the right and the rising part on the left lies on the vertical line of the central point -3-. The bright core of the light beam must be to the left of the vertical line.



Note

The setup pattern applies only to the left headlight. The setup pattern for the right headlight is a mirror image.



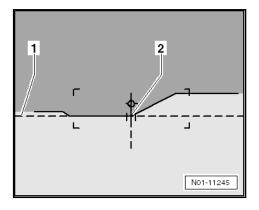
Test pattern with dipped headlights

Testing may also be carried out with dipped headlights switched on. Nevertheless, said dynamic main beam test pattern is preferred.

For checking dipped headlight it is not necessary to use the vehicle diagnostic tester.

The headlight setting can also be carried out using the dipped headlight test pattern.

 With the dipped beam switched on, the lowest part of the horizontal light-dark border must touch the dividing line -1- of the test area



 The breaking point -2- between the horizontal part of the light-dark border on the left and the slope on the right should be on the vertical line passing through the centre mark.

4.52.3 Headlight adjustment (SAE): checking

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-
- ♦ Vehicle diagnostic tester



Note

- ◆ The VOL/VOR marking is visible on the outside the headlight.
- The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.

The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for SAE-compliant VOL gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.7%
1/2 to 1	0.7%



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Inclination setting for SAE-compliant VOR gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.0%
1/2 to 1	0.0%

Test pattern with dynamic main beam

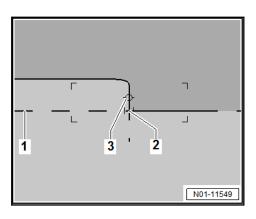


Note

- For dynamic main beam test pattern, headlights need to be reset to basic settings using vehicle diagnostic tester.
- ♦ The basic settings can only be reset using vehicle diagnostic tester. After resetting, DLA main beam distribution is actuated automatically.
- Pay special attention to correct alignment of the adjustment sighting device on the headlight adjuster. Only when this has been done can you adjust the headlights to ensure that they do not dazzle other road users.
- ♦ In vehicles with DLA the dipped headlight setting can be checked as an alternative. ⇒ page 144
- ♦ DLA: "Dynamic Light Assist", dynamic high beam regulation.

Check the following:

 Whether the horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -1- in the test area when the main beam is on.



 Whether the breaking point -2- between horizontal part of the light-dark border on the right and the rising part on the left lies on the vertical line of the central point -3-. The bright core of the light beam must be to the left of the vertical line.



Note

The setup pattern applies only to the left headlight. The setup pattern for the right headlight is a mirror image.

Test pattern with dipped headlights

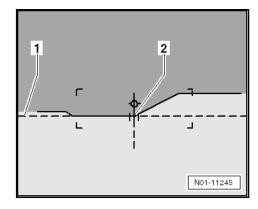
Testing may also be carried out with dipped headlights switched on. Nevertheless, said dynamic main beam test pattern is preferred.



For checking dipped headlight it is not necessary to use the vehicle diagnostic tester.

The headlight setting can also be carried out using the dipped headlight test pattern.

 With the dipped beam switched on, the lowest part of the horizontal light-dark border must touch the dividing line -1- of the test area



 The breaking point -2- between the horizontal part of the light-dark border on the left and the slope on the right should be on the vertical line passing through the centre mark.

If no light-dark border with rising asymmetric portion can be seen in the left headlight (right-hand drive) or in the right headlight (left-hand drive), the "city light" function must be deactivated.

The city light feature is used to ensure that oncoming traffic is not dazzled up to a speed of 30 km/h in city traffic.

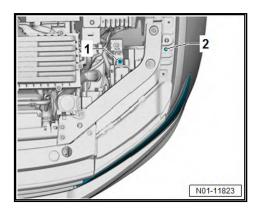
4.52.4 LED headlights with cornering light: adjusting



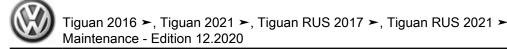
Note

- ♦ The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.
- ♦ A vehicle with LED headlights and cornering light can be identified by PR number 8IU.
- 0009 Onboard supply control unit (BCM) and then perform basic setting of headlight range control ⇒ page 31.

Adjusting left headlight



1 - Height adjustment



- Lateral adjustment
- Turn height adjustment screw -1- until setting is correct.
- Turn lateral adjustment screw -2- until setting is correct. The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.

Subsequent check of left headlight



Note

- The subsequent check of the headlight is performed using the test pattern for the dipped beam headlight.
- It is not permitted to change the lateral setting of the headlight any more during the check. Readjusting the vertical setting is permissible.
- Check headlight setting.
- Adjust height setting of headlight, if necessary.



Note

- Adjustment of the right headlight is carried out in the same sequence.
- The adjustment screws for the right headlight are a mirror image.

4.53 Headlight adjustment: checking matrix LED headlights



Note

- Additional weights are no longer used.
- Instead, a different inclination setting on the headlight adjustment unit is used.
- If the maintenance tables are used, the settings are displayed in the vehicle-specific maintenance list.
- In the US, Canadian and Mexican markets, SAE-compliant headlights are used.
- The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Test and adjustment conditions ⇒ page 146

Check headlight adjustment ⇒ page 147.

Matrix LED headlights: adjusting ⇒ page 148.

4.53.1 Test and adjustment conditions

- Tyre pressure OK
- Headlight lenses must not be damaged or dirty.
- Reflectors and lights OK
- The initialisation of the headlight range control must have been completed. 1)



- Standard running gear: The vehicle must be rolled forward and backward several metres or front and rear springs must be bounced fully several times so that springs settle.
- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be on a level surface.
- Vehicle and headlight adjustment unit must be aligned.
- Inclination must be set.
- Event memory must be cleared.
- Headlight adjustment unit must be in correct adjustment mode (light mode), if available.
- Observe ⇒ operating manual for headlight adjusting unit.
- The current software for the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- is available on the equipment manufacturer's homepage.
- ¹⁾ During the initialisation, the step motors for the headlight range control are reset to dipped beam position. The initialisation of the headlight range control is performed during vehicle start or after an "on" signal is applied to terminal 15.

4.53.2 Headlight adjustment: checking

Special tools and workshop equipment required

♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-



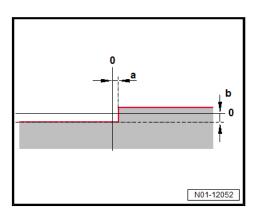
Note

- ♦ The headlight adjuster -VAS 621 001- may only be used for checking the headlight adjustment if it has software version V1.10.000 or later installed.
- Observe the operating instructions for the headlight adjusting unit.
- Check headlight adjustment using the digital headlight adjusting unit -VAS 621 001-.

Setting and inclination dimensions for matrix LED headlights

The dimensions are valid for right-hand traffic. For left-hand traffic, the mirror image of dimension -a- in the test pattern applies.

		Vertical inclination (height adjust- ment) -b-
Full to empty	0.7%	1.0%



The horizontal and vertical light-dark borders must be at the zero lines.

4.53.3 Matrix LED headlights: adjusting

Special tools and workshop equipment required

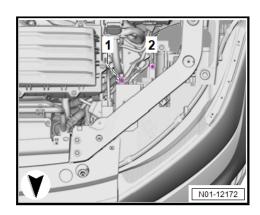
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-
- Vehicle diagnostic tester



Note

- The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.
- Vehicles with matrix LED headlights can be identified via the PR number 8IX.
- For the adjustment of Matrix LED headlights, the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- must be in the matrix dipped beam mode.
- 004B Onboard supply control unit (BCM) and then select Basic headlight setting ⇒ page 31.

Adjusting left headlight



- Lateral adjustment
- Height adjustment
- Turn height adjustment screw -2- until setting is correct.
- Turn lateral adjustment screw -1- until setting is correct.

4.54 Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights (Tiguan)



Note

- Additional weights are no longer used.
- Instead, a different inclination setting on the headlight adjustment unit is used.
- If the maintenance tables are used, the settings are displayed in the vehicle-specific maintenance list.
- In the US, Canadian and Mexican markets, SAE-compliant headlights are used.
- The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Test and adjustment conditions ⇒ page 149



Headlight adjustment (ECE): checking ⇒ page 149.

Check headlight adjustment (SAE). ⇒ page 150

LED headlights: adjusting ⇒ page 151.

4.54.1 Test and adjustment conditions

- · Tyre pressure OK
- Headlight lenses must not be damaged or dirty.
- Reflectors and lights OK
- The initialisation of the headlight range control must have been completed. ¹⁾
- The vehicle must be rolled forward and backward several metres or front and rear springs must be bounced fully several times so that springs settle.
- · Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be on a level surface.
- · Vehicle and headlight adjustment unit must be aligned.
- · Inclination must be set.
- · Event memory must be cleared.
- If the headlight adjustment unit has an adjustment mode, select it.
- Refer to the ⇒ operating instructions for headlight adjustment units.
- The current software for the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- is available on the equipment manufacturer's homepage.

4.54.2 Headlight adjustment (ECE): adjusting

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-
- ◆ Vehicle diagnostic tester

The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

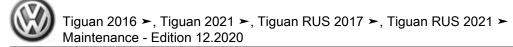
Inclination setting for ECE-compliant gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	1.0%
1/2 to 1	1.0%

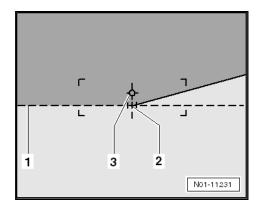
Test pattern with dipped headlights

Check the following:

¹⁾ During the initialisation, the step motors for the headlight range control are reset to dipped beam position. The initialisation of the headlight range control is performed during vehicle start or after an "on" signal is applied to terminal 15.



With the dipped beam switched on, the lowest part of the horizontal light-dark border must be aligned with the dividing line -1- of the test area.



The breaking point -2- between the horizontal part of the light-dark border on the left and the slope on the right should be on the vertical line passing through the centre mark.



Note

- To simplify the determination of the breaking point -2-, cover and uncover left (from driver perspective) half of the headlight a few times. Then check dipped beam again.
- After correct adjustment of dipped beams, the centre point of the main beam must lie on the centre mark -3-.

4.54.3 Headlight adjustment (SAE): checking

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-
- Vehicle diagnostic tester



Note

- The VOL/VOR marking is visible on the outside the headlight.
- The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.

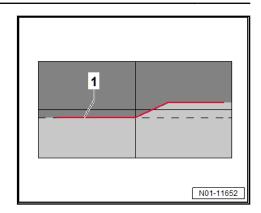
The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for SAE-compliant VOL gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.7%
1/2 to 1	0.7%

VOL: Visual Optical Aim Left -1-



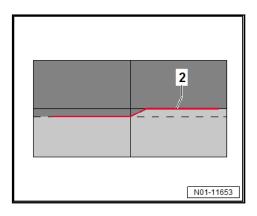


 Check whether the left horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -1- in the test area of the headlight adjustment unit.

Inclination setting for SAE-compliant VOR gas discharge head-lights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.0%
1/2 to 1	0.0%

VOR: Visual Optical Aim Right -2-



 Check whether the right horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -2- in the test area of the headlight adjustment unit.

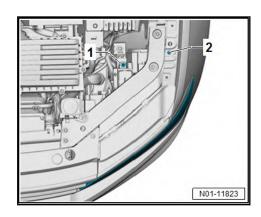
4.54.4 LED headlights: adjusting



Note

- ♦ The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.
- Vehicles with LED headlights can be identified via the PR number 8IT.
- Carrying out basic setting of headlight range control ⇒ page 31

Adjusting left headlight



- Height adjustment
- Lateral adjustment
- Turn height adjustment screw -1- until setting is correct.
- Turn lateral adjustment screw -2- until setting is correct. The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.



Note

- Adjustment of the right headlight is carried out in the same sequence.
- The adjustment screws for the right headlight are a mirror image.

4.55 Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights (Tiguan PA)



Note

- Additional weights are no longer used.
- Instead, a different inclination setting on the headlight adjustment unit is used.
- If the maintenance tables are used, the settings are displayed in the vehicle-specific maintenance list.
- In the US, Canadian and Mexican markets, SAE-compliant headlights are used.
- The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Test and adjustment conditions ⇒ page 152

Headlight adjustment (ECE): checking ⇒ page 153.

Check headlight adjustment (SAE). ⇒ page 154

LED headlights: Adjusting ⇒ page 155

4.55.1 Test and adjustment conditions

- Tyre pressure OK
- Headlight lenses must not be damaged or dirty.
- Reflectors and lights OK



- The vehicle must be rolled forward and backward several metres or front and rear springs must be bounced fully several times so that springs settle.
- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be on a level surface.
- Vehicle and headlight adjustment unit must be aligned.
- Inclination must be set.
- If the headlight adjustment unit has an adjustment mode, select it.
- Refer to the ⇒ operating instructions for headlight adjustment units.
- The current software for the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- is available on the equipment manufacturer's homepage.

4.55.2 Headlight adjustment (ECE): adjusting

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-
- Check headlight height adjustment by setting the maximum level and monitoring the headlights' light.
- Press function button Vehicle in infotainment system, press function button Lights and then press function button Headlight range control.
- Set headlight range to position 0.

The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for ECE-compliant gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

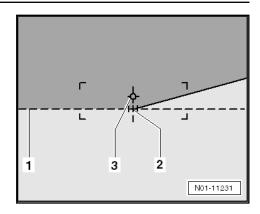
Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	1.0%
1/2 to 1	1.0%

Test pattern with dipped headlights

Check the following:

 With the dipped beam switched on, the lowest part of the horizontal light-dark border must be aligned with the dividing line -1- of the test area.

¹⁾ During the initialisation, the step motors for the headlight range control are reset to dipped beam position. The initialisation of the headlight range control is performed during vehicle start or after an "on" signal is applied to terminal 15.



The breaking point -2- between the horizontal part of the light-dark border on the left and the slope on the right should be on the vertical line passing through the centre mark.



Note

- To simplify the determination of the breaking point -2-, cover and uncover left (from driver perspective) half of the headlight a few times. Then check dipped beam again.
- After correct adjustment of dipped beams, the centre point of the main beam must lie on the centre mark -3-.

4.55.3 Headlight adjustment (SAE): checking

Special tools and workshop equipment required

- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-



Note

- The VOL/VOR marking is visible on the outside the headlight.
- The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.

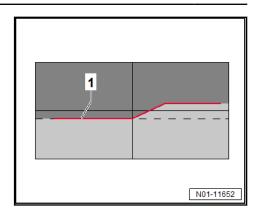
The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for SAE-compliant VOL gas discharge headlights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.7%
1/2 to 1	0.7%

VOL: Visual Optical Aim Left -1-



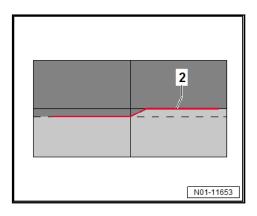


 Check whether the left horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -1- in the test area of the headlight adjustment unit.

Inclination setting for SAE-compliant VOR gas discharge head-lights, LED headlights and DLA headlights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	0.0%
1/2 to 1	0.0%

VOR: Visual Optical Aim Right -2-



 Check whether the right horizontal light-dark border touches the separating line -2- in the test area of the headlight adjustment unit.

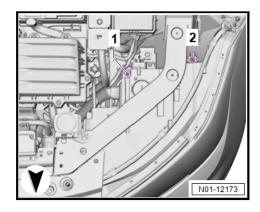
4.55.4 LED headlights: adjusting



Note

- ♦ The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.
- Vehicles with LED headlights can be identified via the PR number 8IR.

Adjusting left headlight



- Height adjustment
- Lateral adjustment
- Turn height adjustment screw -1- until setting is correct.
- Turn lateral adjustment screw -2- until setting is correct. The lateral adjustment mechanism is sealed on SAE-compliant headlights.



Note

- Adjustment of the right headlight is carried out in the same sequence.
- The adjustment screws for the right headlight are a mirror image.

Headlight adjustment: checking fog 4.56 lights



Note

- Additional weights are no longer used.
- Instead, a different inclination setting on the headlight adjustment unit is used.
- If the maintenance tables are used, the settings are displayed in the vehicle-specific maintenance list.
- The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Test and adjustment conditions ⇒ page 156

Check headlight adjustment ⇒ page 157.

Adjusting fog lights and other additional lights <u>⇒ page 157</u>.

4.56.1 Test and adjustment conditions

- Tyre pressure OK
- Lenses must not be damaged or dirty.
- Reflectors and bulbs OK.
- The vehicle must be rolled forward and backward several metres or front and rear springs must be bounced fully several times so that springs settle.
- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be on a level surface.



- Vehicle and headlight adjuster must be aligned.
- · Inclination must be set.
- Refer to the ⇒ operating instructions for headlight adjustment units.
- The current software for the headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001- is available on the equipment manufacturer's homepage.

4.56.2 Headlight adjustment: checking

Special tools and workshop equipment required

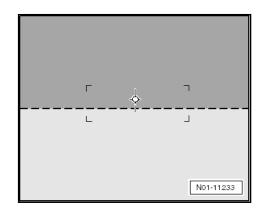
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5046 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 5047 A-
- ♦ Headlight adjustment unit -VAS 621 001-

The inclination on the headlight adjustment unit is set according to the fuel level in the fuel tank.

Inclination setting for fog lights

Fill level of fuel gauge	Inclination
0 to 1/2	2.2%
1/2 to 1	2.0%

Fog lights:



 Check whether the upper light-dark border touches the setting line and runs horizontally over the entire width of the test screen.

Other additional lights:

Additionally retrofitted lights of other systems must be checked and set according to valid guidelines.

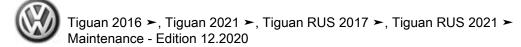
4.56.3 Fog lights and other auxiliary lights: adjusting



Note

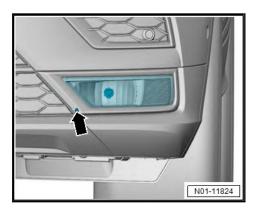
The headlight adjustment is subject to a separate charge.

Fog light in bumper, right-side



Location of adjustment screw on left-hand fog light is a mirror image.

To adjust the headlight range turn adjustment bolt -arrow-.



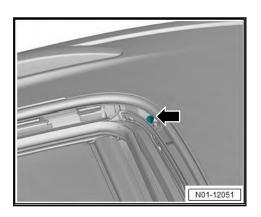
There is no provision for lateral adjustment.

Other additional lights

Additionally retrofitted lights of other systems must be checked and set according to valid guidelines.

Sliding sunroof drains at front: check 4.57 for blockage, clean if necessary

Open sliding sunroof completely.



- Check water drain at front -arrows- for contamination, and clean if necessary.
- Pour about 0.5 I of tap water from a measuring beaker into the front water drain. Proceed with caution to make sure no water enters the vehicle interior.
- Check under vehicle if water emerges in area of front wheel housing.
- Repeat procedure on other side of vehicle.
- If no water emerges at relevant positions, clean sunroof drains.



Note

Cleaning of the sliding sunroof drains is a repair measure which is subject to a separate charge when performed.



4.58 Service interval display: Reset

Resetting service interval display using vehicle diagnostic tester ⇒ page 159

Resetting service interval display without vehicle diagnostic tester ⇒ page 159

Additional information for service interval display ⇒ page 8

A reset of the service interval display during

- delivery inspection
- each oil change (flexible/fixed)

is carried out!



Note

It is also possible to reset the service interval display (SID) manually. However, bear in mind that, on vehicles coded to flexible interval, the SID needs to be coded to fixed intervals. This also modifies the adaptation channel for oil quality.

4.58.1 Service interval display: resetting using vehicle diagnostic tester

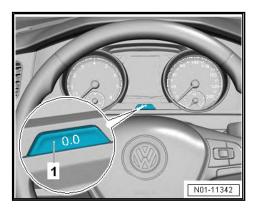
- Reset service interval display <u>⇒ page 31</u>.
- Select the respective service which is to be reset.

4.58.2 Service interval display: resetting without vehicle diagnostic tester

Resetting oil change service

Function button on dash panel insert:

With ignition switched off, press and hold button -1-.



- Switch on ignition.

Wait until "Reset oil change service?" appears on the display.

Release button -1-.

The service interval display is now in the resetting mode.

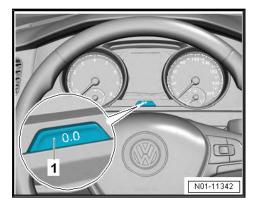
Briefly press button -1- once.

After a short time the display switches back to the original display.

Resetting inspection

With function button on dash panel insert

With ignition switched off, press and hold button -1-.



- Switch on ignition.

Wait until "Reset inspection?" appears on the display. on the display.

Release button -1-.

The service interval display is now in the resetting mode.

Briefly press button -1- once.

After a short time the display switches back to the original display.

4.59 Service interval display: recoding



Note

If the display is not as shown in the procedure: ⇒ Operating instructions for vehicle diagnostic tester

Recoding from flexible to fixed intervals

ODIS Service
 Connect vehicle diagnostic tester ⇒ page 31.
- Switch on ignition.
 Carry out identification of vehicle.
 Enter task data, or select "Without task".
 Select "Control units".
 Select "Dash panel insert".
 Select "Guided Functions".
 Select "Change flexible/fixed intervals".
 Carry out adaptation according to the information of "Guided functions".

Changing values for maximum distance to be driven (km) until next oil change service (fixed) during delivery inspection

ODIS Service		
F	Connect vehicle diagnostic tester ⇒ page 31 .	
_	Switch on ignition.	
[-	Carry out identification of vehicle.	



ODIS Service

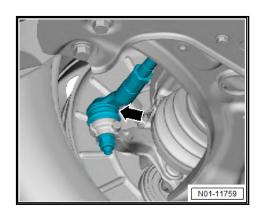
- Enter task data, or select "Without task".
- Select "Control units".
- Select "Dash panel insert".
- Select "Guided Functions".
- Select "Oil change service (fixed)".
- Follow instructions in "Guided functions" mode.
- Reset "-1- Oil change service (fixed)".
- Follow instructions in "Guided functions" mode.

The current values for maximum distance to be driven (km) until next oil change service are shown in the display of the vehicle diagnostic tester.

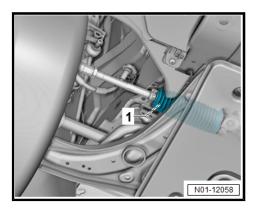
- Select "No".
- Select value for maximum distance to be driven until next oil change service, according to specifications valid in your country.
- Carry out adaptation according to the information of "Guided functions".

4.60 Track rods: checking clearance, attachment and boots

Procedure



- Check play by moving track rods and wheels with the vehicle raised (wheels hanging free). Clearance (specified): no clearance:
- Check that boots -arrow- are not damaged and are seated correctly.



 Make sure that boots -1- of steering rack are not damaged and are seated correctly. Perform visual inspection for leaks and damage in area of steering rack including track rods.

Dust and pollen filter: cleaning housing 4.61 and renewing filter element

Procedure

⇒ Heating, air conditioning; Rep. gr. 87; Front heater and air conditioning unit; Removing and installing dust and pollen filter.

Selective wheel torque control: change 4.62 oil in left and right clutch chambers

Procedure

⇒ Propshaft and rear final drive, selective wheel torque control; Rep. gr. 39; Final drive; Clutch chamber: Draining and filling oil

4.63 Transportation mode: switching off



Note

- The transportation mode is responsible for assuring the starting capability of vehicle.
- Battery discharging is reduced by the transportation mode, because electrical consumers are switched off.
- All vehicle functions which are not necessarily used during vehicle transportation and require no-load voltage or battery capacity are switched off with the activated transportation mode, with regard to the service life of battery.
- These are especially all functions in the vehicle which can reduce the battery capacity when being misused.
- Examples are radios, electronically operated flaps and attachments and anti-theft alarm systems which can produce faults during transportation.
- Switch transportation mode off/on <u>⇒ page 31</u>.

Transportation devices: removing 4.64 blocking pieces



Note

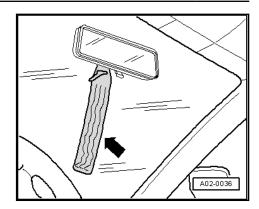
- On some models blocking pieces are fitted to the suspension strut piston rod.
- The blocking pieces prevent the springs compressing and possible damage to the vehicle when being driven onto a vehicle transporter or railway wagon.



The blocking pieces must be removed without reservation before delivering the vehicle. A notice reading "Warning!" and attached to the interior rear view mirror highlights this point with absolute clarity.

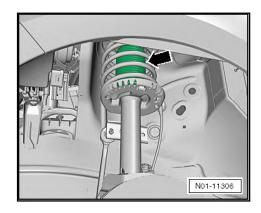
Vehicles with blocking pieces fitted to the suspension struts have a label hanging from the mirror -arrow-.





Removing blocking pieces on piston rod

- Relieve weight on coil springs by raising vehicle with a hoist.
- Slide suspension strut protective sleeve -arrow- upwards.

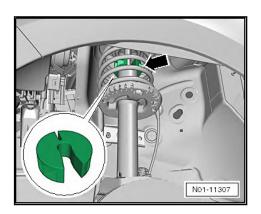




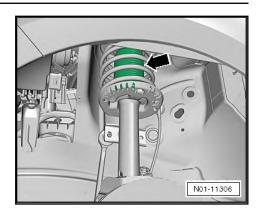
On the front axle, up to 3 blocking pieces are installed on each side.

Usage of any auxiliary means for removal (such as lubricant spray, silicone or similar) is not permitted.

Push visible blocking piece -arrow- off piston rod.



- Slightly press in bellows to sense the remaining blocking pieces. Slide them downwards on piston rod towards shock absorber cap using the folds of the bellows.
- Push remaining blocking pieces off piston rod.
- Check bellows -arrows- all-round for dents and rectify any dents.



- To rectify dents, slide bellows upwards, reach inside the bellows with your hand and press out the dents.
- Check that bellows are properly engaged in axial bearing:
- Correct position: bellows can be turned around rotational axis while seated in axial bearing.
- Otherwise pull bellows all-round out of axial bearing by one notch.
- After that, the bellows should be able to be turned around rotational axis.

4.65 Clock and date: setting

Setting time and date in Infotainment system

- Switch on ignition.
- Switch on infotainment system.
- Press Infotainment button CAR.
- Press Setup function button.
- Press Time and date function button.
- Select function button Time and set current time.
- Select function button Date set current date.

4.66 Underbody: inspecting for damage to underbody sealant, underbody panels, routing of lines, plugs

NOTICE

- During inspection, also check floor pan, wheel housings
- Always ensure that all lines are secured in their mountings, that all plugs are available and that there is no visible damage on the underbody.
- Faults found must always be rectified (repair measure). This inhibits corrosion and rusting through.

4.67 Warning stickers, Tiguan eHybrid: checking

All high-voltage components have warning stickers on them.

When performing maintenance work, ensure that these warning stickers are not soiled or damaged and are present on all highvoltage components.



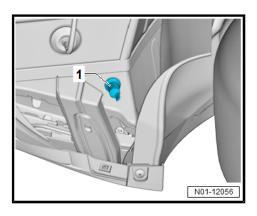


Note

- During oil change service or inspection, only warning stickers that are attached in visible areas are checked.
- Missing warning stickers on high-voltage components must be renewed.

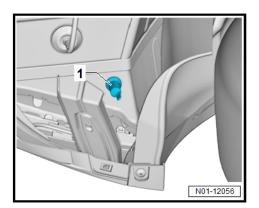
Warning sticker: ⇒ 4-cyl. direct injection (1.4 l engine, 4V, EA 211, turbocharger, hybrid); Rep. gr. 93; Warning sticker; Checking warning sticker

- 4.68 Water drain valves at rear: check for blockage, clean if necessary
- 4.68.1 Water drain valves at rear: check for blockage, clean if necessary (petrol engines)



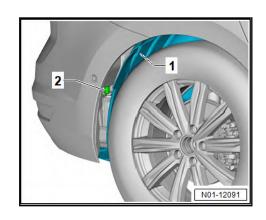
- Open rear left water drain valve -1-, check it for damage, and remove any blockages.
- Repeat procedure on other side of vehicle.
- 4.68.2 Water drain valves at rear: check for blockage, clean if necessary (diesel engines)

Rear left water drain valve



 Open rear left water drain valve -1-, check it for damage, and remove any blockages.

Rear right water drain valve



- Detach wheel housing liner at rear right -1- sufficiently to gain access to water drain valve -2-.
- Open rear right water drain valve, check it for blockages, and remove them from water drain valve if necessary.

4.69 Toothed belt (petrol engines): renewing

Camshaft drive toothed belt: renewing, petrol engines

⇒ Rep. gr. 15; Toothed belt drive; Removing and installing toothed belt

Coolant pump toothed belt: renewing, petrol engines

⇒ Rep. gr. 19; Coolant pump/thermostat assembly

4.70 Camshaft drive toothed belt (diesel engines): renewing

 \Rightarrow Rep. gr. 15; Toothed belt drive; Removing and installing toothed belt

4.71 Spark plugs: Renew

Renewing spark plugs, 1.4 I TSI engines ⇒ page 167

Spark plugs: renewing, 1.4 I TSI engine (engine code CZEA, DJVA) ⇒ page 170.

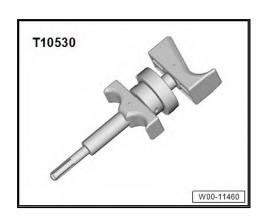
Renewing spark plugs, 1.5 l TSI engines <u>⇒ page 173</u>

Spark plugs: renewing, 2.0 I TSI engines (engine codes CHHB, CZPA, DKTA, DKZA, DRFA) ⇒ page 177

Spark plugs: renewing, 2.0 ITSI engines (engine codes DNFG, DNNA, DNPA) ⇒ page 179

Special tools and workshop equipment required

Puller -T10530-





♦ Spark plug socket -3122 B-

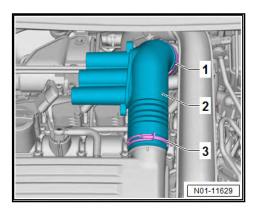


♦ Torque wrench

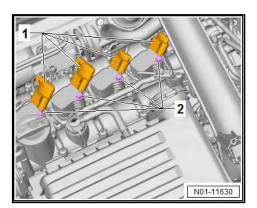
4.71.1 Spark plugs: renewing, 1.4 I TSI engines

Removing

- Loosen hose clips -1- and -2-, and remove air pipe.

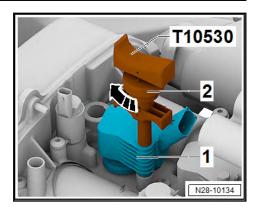


- Disconnect electrical connectors -1-.
- Unscrew bolts -2-.

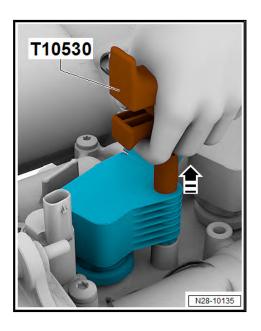


Push puller -T10530- as far as stop into hole in ignition coil
 -1-.





- Tighten knurled nut -2- in -direction of arrow-.
- Pull ignition coil on puller -T10530- in -direction of arrow- out of cylinder head cover.



Repeat step for all ignition coils with output stage.



Note

- Observe installation position of ignition coils with output
- Ensure that the cables are not kinked or damaged.
- Unscrew spark plugs using spark plug socket -3122 B-.

Installing

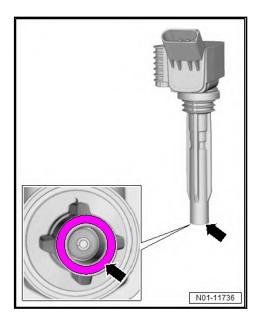


Note

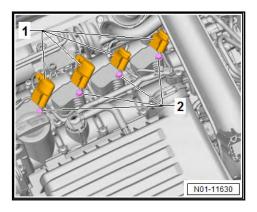
- When installing new spark plugs, regrease ignition coils with output stage using silicone paste ⇒ ETKA.
- The applicable silicone paste is stated in the ETKA along with the corresponding ignition coil and/or spark plug.



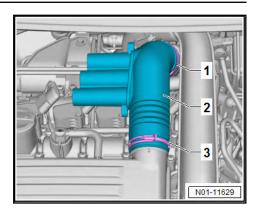
Screw in new spark plugs and tighten them to specified torque using spark plug socket -3122 B- ⇒ page 170.



- Apply a thin bead of silicone paste on the circumference of the sealing hose of the ignition coil with output stage -arrow-.
- Align and insert all ignition coils with output stage one after another loosely into spark plug hole.
- Press ignition coils with output stage onto spark plugs evenly by hand (do not use any tools).
- Tighten bolt -2- of ignition coil with output stage to specified torque ⇒ page 170.



- Connect electrical connectors -1-.
- Install air pipe -2-.
- Fit hose clips -1- and -3-.

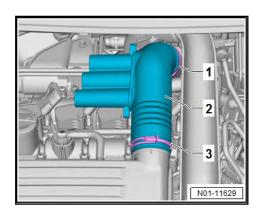


Specified torque	Nm
Spark plugs in cylinder head	22
Bolt for ignition coil with output stage	8

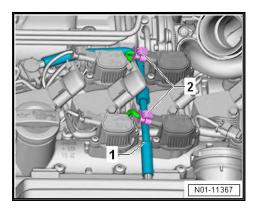
4.71.2 Spark plugs: renewing, 1.4 I TSI engine (engine code CZEA, DJVA)

Removing

- Loosen hose clips -1- and -2-, and remove air pipe.

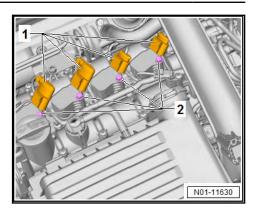


- Disconnect connectors -2-, and pull off air hose -1-.

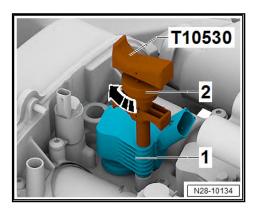


- Disconnect electrical connectors -1-.
- Unscrew bolts -2-.

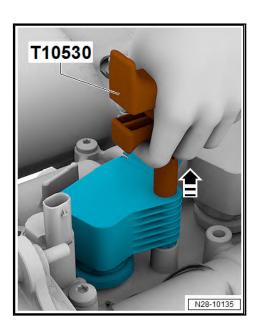




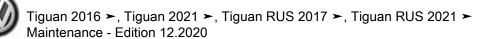
 Push puller -T10530- as far as stop into hole in ignition coil -1-.



- Tighten knurled nut -2- in -direction of arrow-.
- Pull ignition coil on puller -T10530- in -direction of arrow- out of cylinder head cover.



Repeat step for all ignition coils with output stage.





Note

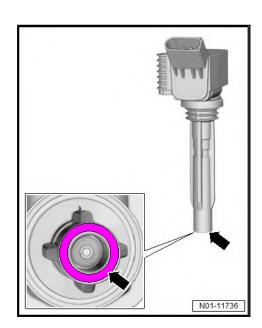
- Observe installation position of ignition coils with output stages!
- Ensure that the cables are not kinked or damaged.
- Unscrew spark plugs using spark plug socket -3122 B-.

Installing



Note

- When installing new spark plugs, regrease ignition coils with output stage using silicone paste ⇒ ETKA.
- The applicable silicone paste is stated in the ETKA along with the corresponding ignition coil and/or spark plug.
- Screw in new spark plugs and tighten them to specified torque using spark plug socket -3122 B- \Rightarrow page 173 .

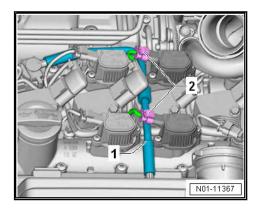


- Apply a thin bead of silicone paste on the circumference of the sealing hose of the ignition coil with output stage -arrow-.
- Align and insert all ignition coils with output stage one after another loosely into spark plug hole.
- Press ignition coils with output stage onto spark plugs evenly by hand (do not use any tools).
- Tighten bolt -2- of ignition coil with output stage to specified torque <u>⇒ page 173</u>.

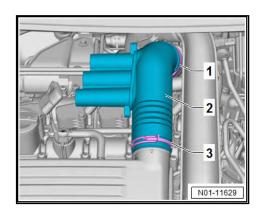
N01-11630



- Connect electrical connectors -1-.
- Insert air pipe -1-, and connect connectors -2-.



- Install air pipe -2-.
- Fit hose clips -1- and -3-.



Specified torque	Nm
Spark plugs in cylinder head	22
Bolt for ignition coil with output stage	8

Spark plugs: renewing, 1.5 I TSI en-4.71.3 gines

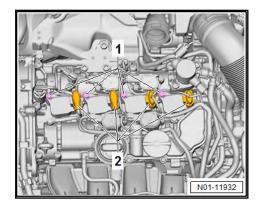
Removing

Remove engine cover panel ⇒ page 105.

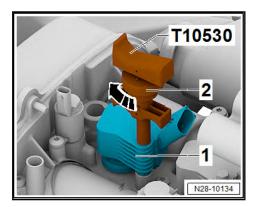


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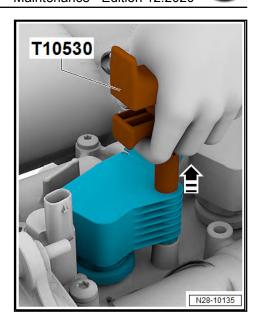
- Remove air pipe ⇒ 4-cylinder direct injection (1.5 l engine, 4V, EA 211 EVO, turbocharger); Rep. gr. 21; Charge air system; Removing and installing air pipe
- Remove hose on crankcase breather \Rightarrow 4-cylinder direct injection (1.5 I engine, 4V, EA 211 EVO, turbocharger); Rep. gr. 17; Crankcase breather.
- Disconnect electrical connectors -2-.
- Unscrew bolts -1-.



Push puller -T10530- as far as stop into hole in ignition coil



- Tighten knurled nut -2- in -direction of arrow-.
- Pull ignition coil on puller -T10530- in -direction of arrow- out of cylinder head cover.



Repeat step for all ignition coils with output stage.



Note

- Observe installation position of ignition coils with output stages!
- Ensure that the cables are not kinked or damaged.
- Unscrew spark plugs using spark plug socket -3122 B-.

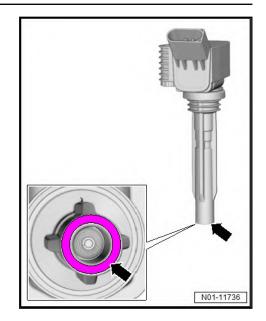
Installing



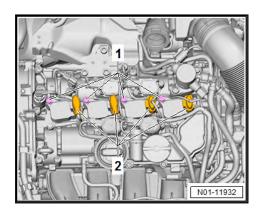
Note

- ♦ When installing new spark plugs, regrease ignition coils with output stage using silicone paste ⇒ ETKA.
- ♦ The applicable silicone paste is stated in the ETKA along with the corresponding ignition coil and/or spark plug.
- Screw in new spark plugs and tighten them to specified torque using spark plug socket -3122 B- ⇒ page 176.





- Apply a thin bead of silicone paste on the circumference of the sealing hose of the ignition coil with output stage -arrow-.
- Align and insert all ignition coils with output stage one after another loosely into spark plug hole.
- Press ignition coils with output stage onto spark plugs evenly by hand (do not use any tools).
- Tighten bolt -1- of ignition coil with output stage to specified torque ⇒ page 176.



- Connect electrical connectors -2-.

Repeat step for all ignition coils with output stage.

Further assembly is performed in the reverse order of removal.

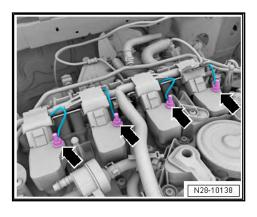
Specified torque	Nm
Spark plugs in cylinder head	22
Bolt for ignition coil with output stage	8



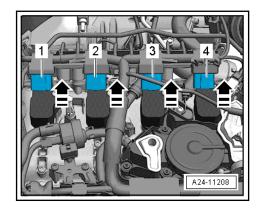
4.71.4 Spark plugs: renewing, 2.0 I TSI engines (engine codes CHHB, CZPA, DKTA, DKZA, DRFA)

Removing

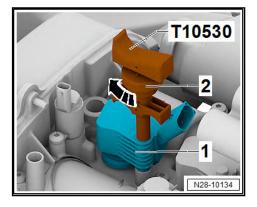
Remove engine cover panel ⇒ page 105.



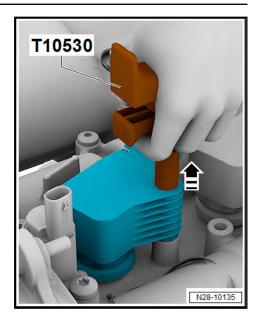
- If fitted, unbolt earth wires -arrows-.
- Release connectors -1- to -4-, and simultaneously pull all connectors off ignition coils with output stage.



- Unscrew bolts for ignition coils with output stage.
- Push puller -T10530- as far as stop into hole in ignition coil



- Tighten knurled nut -2- in -direction of arrow-.
- Pull ignition coil on puller -T10530- in -direction of arrow- out of cylinder head cover.



Repeat step for all ignition coils with output stage.



Note

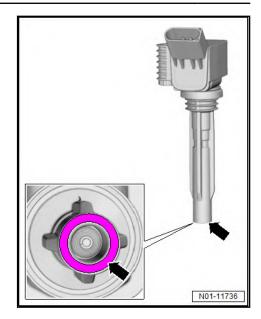
- Observe installation position of ignition coils with output stages!
- Ensure that the cables are not kinked or damaged.
- Unscrew spark plugs using spark plug socket -3122 B-.

Installing



- When installing new spark plugs, regrease ignition coils with output stage using silicone paste ⇒ ETKA.
- The applicable silicone paste is stated in the ETKA along with the corresponding ignition coil and/or spark plug.
- Screw in new spark plugs and tighten them to specified torque using spark plug socket -3122 B- ⇒ page 179.





- Apply a thin bead of silicone paste on the circumference of the sealing hose of the ignition coil with output stage -arrow-.
- Align and insert all ignition coils with output stage one after another loosely into spark plug hole.
- Press ignition coils with output stage onto spark plugs evenly by hand (do not use any tools).
- Tighten bolts of ignition coils with output stage to specified torque ⇒ page 179.
- Simultaneously connect all connectors.
- If present, bolt on earth wires -arrows-.
- Install engine cover panel ⇒ page 105.

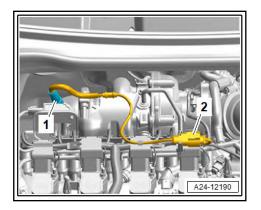
Specified torque	Nm
Spark plugs in cylinder head	30
Bolt for ignition coil with output stage	10
Nut for earth wire	10

4.71.5 Spark plugs: renewing, 2.0 I TSI engines (engine codes DNFG, DNNA, DNPA)

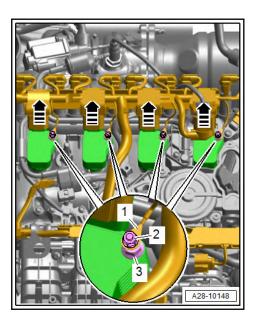
Removing

- Remove engine cover panel <u>⇒ page 105</u>.
- Remove electrical connector -2- for Lambda probe 1 before catalytic converter -GX10- from bracket, and disconnect it.

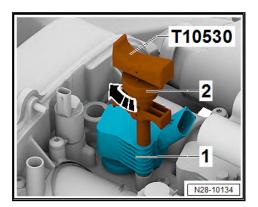




- Unscrew nut -2-, and move earth wire -1- clear.

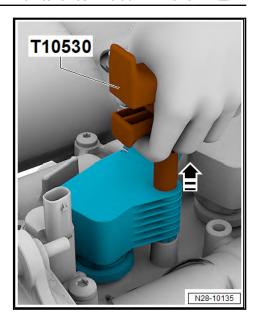


- Release electrical connectors while simultaneously pulling them off ignition coils -arrows-.
- Insert puller -T10530- into hole -1- in ignition coil.



- Turn knurled nut -2- clockwise -arrow- until puller is fixed in position.
- Using puller -T10530-, carefully pull out ignition coil in vertical direction -arrow-.





Repeat step for all ignition coils with output stage.



Note

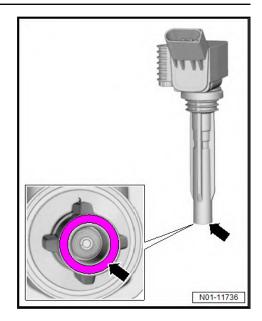
- Observe installation position of ignition coils with output stages!
- ♦ Ensure that the cables are not kinked or damaged.
- Unscrew spark plugs using spark plug socket -3122 B-.

Installing



- ♦ When installing new spark plugs, regrease ignition coils with output stage using silicone paste ⇒ ETKA.
- ♦ The applicable silicone paste is stated in the ETKA along with the corresponding ignition coil and/or spark plug.
- Screw in new spark plugs and tighten them to specified torque using spark plug socket -3122 B- ⇒ page 182.





- Apply a thin bead of silicone paste on the circumference of the sealing hose of the ignition coil with output stage -arrow-.
- Align and insert all ignition coils with output stage one after another loosely into spark plug hole.
- Press ignition coils with output stage onto spark plugs evenly by hand (do not use any tools).
- Tighten bolts of ignition coils with output stage to specified torque <u>⇒ page 182</u>.
- Simultaneously connect all connectors.
- If present, bolt on earth wires -arrows-.
- Install engine cover panel ⇒ page 105.

Specified torque	Nm
Spark plugs in cylinder head	30
Bolt for ignition coil with output stage	10
Nut for earth wire	9



5 Exhaust emissions test

This chapter provides information on the following subjects:

Exhaust emissions test for petrol engines ⇒ page 183

Exhaust emissions test for diesel engines ⇒ page 185



Note

- ♦ Please observe the country specific legal regulations.
- ♦ The exhaust emissions test described below has been created according to the legal regulations valid in Germany.

5.1 Exhaust emissions test for petrol engines

Special tools and workshop equipment required

◆ Exhaust gas testing station L -VAS 7320 A-



Note

- ♦ The following description refers to vehicles fitted with "Onboard diagnosis" OBD.
- The OBD monitors all components and part systems influencing the exhaust emissions quality.
- It is possible to carry out an exhaust emissions test only when all units of the emissions testing station are connected properly and joined to each other according to the operating instructions.
- All work to be performed is displayed by the emissions testing station.

Conditions for testing

- All test conditions and data required for exhaust emissions test are found on EET data sheet for the respective engine.
- For bar code reading the EET data sheet must be printed out.
- Automatic gearbox: selector lever in position "P" or "N".
- Manual gearbox: gear lever in neutral
- Parking brake applied
- 12V battery fully charged (if battery charge is too low, raise idling speed if necessary).
- Perform exhaust emissions test according to instructions on display.

Vehicle data input

- Enter the following data:
- Registration number
- Key numbers
- ♦ Vehicle identification number
- ◆ Fuel type



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Mileage

The following vehicle data can be found in the vehicle registration certificate part 1:

- ♦ Registration number: "e.g. WOB-HH 1234"
- ◆ Emission key number "Field 14.1 (code for field 14)"
- Vehicle manufacturer: "Field 2", "Field 2.1 (code for field 2)"
- Vehicle identification number "field E"
- Type and version "Field D2 (type only)", "Field 2.2 (code for field D.2)"

Specified data input for EET

There are different ways to enter the specified data:

- ♦ 1. By manual input
- ◆ 2. By bar code input from EET data sheet
- ♦ 3. Through ELSA web service



Note

- ♦ To use the ELSA web service, the exhaust gas testing station L which is used for the exhaust emissions test must be integrated in the workshop network.
- The ELSA web service automatically transmits the data for the specific vehicle via the network to the respective mask.

Manual specified data input for EET:



Note

All test conditions and data required for exhaust emissions test can be found in the ⇒ Data sheets for exhaust emissions test for respective engine.

- Perform manual data input according to instructions on display.
- Enter displayed values on EET data sheet in column "Test values for exhaust emissions test" on display as follows:
- 1 Test speed (idling speed)
- 2 Warm-up phase for catalytic converter
- 3 Engine temperature
- 4 Increased idling speed
- 5 CO content at increased idling speed
- 6 Lambda at increased idling speed
- 7 Idling speed
- 8 Select regulating probe type; either "Step-type probe" or "Broad-band probe".
- 9 Lambda probe value

Specified data input for EET as bar code:

 If specified data for EET are available as bar code, read bar code of EET data sheet with bar code reader.



All data required are shown on display.

Inspection

- Inspect all exhaust emissions relevant components.
- Check if exhaust system is fitted and complete and check for leaks and damage.

Procedure

Follow instructions from exhaust gas testing station.

5.2 Exhaust emissions test for diesel engines

Special tools and workshop equipment required

◆ Exhaust gas testing station L -VAS 7320 A-



Note

- The following description refers to vehicles fitted with "Onboard diagnosis" OBD.
- ♦ The OBD monitors all components and part systems influencing the exhaust emissions quality.
- It is possible to carry out an exhaust emissions test only when all units of the emissions testing station are connected properly and joined to each other according to the operating instructions.
- All work to be performed is displayed by the emissions testing station.

Conditions for testing

- All test conditions and data required for exhaust emissions test are found on EET data sheet for the respective engine.
- Automatic gearbox: selector lever in "P" position
- Manual gearbox: gear lever in neutral
- Parking brake applied
- 12V battery fully charged (if battery charge is too low, raise idling speed if necessary).
- Perform exhaust emissions test according to instructions on display.

Vehicle data input

- Enter the following data:
- ♦ Registration number
- Key numbers
- ♦ Vehicle identification number
- ◆ Fuel type
- Mileage

The following vehicle data can be found in the vehicle registration certificate part 1:

- ♦ Registration number: "e.g. WOB-HH 1234"
- ♦ Emission key No. "field 14.1 (code for field 14)"
- ◆ Vehicle manufacturer: "Field 2", "Field 2.1 (code for field 2)"



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- Vehicle identification number "field E"
- Type and version "Field D2 (type only)", "Field 2.2 (code for field D.2)"
- Nominal speed "field P4"

Specified data input for EET

There are different ways to enter the specified data:

- 1. By manual input
- 2. By automatic data acceptance from the exhaust-emission station database



Note

- Regarding Euro 6 vehicles with manual gearbox and infotainment system, the deactivation of the idle speed limitation is carried out in the infotainment system. ⇒ page 186
- Euro 6 vehicles with automatic gearbox, manufactured from week no. 48/18 do not have idle speed limitation any more.
- If there is no ESP or soft key in the infotainment system to deactivate the speed limitation, the governed speed can be measured using the engine speed limited by the control unit. To do this, all the EET specifications must be entered manually.
- For all Euro 6 vehicles an opacity figure of max. 0.25 m⁻¹ applies.

Deactivation of idle speed limitation of Euro 6 vehicles with manual gearbox:

- Switch on ignition.
- Switch on infotainment system.
- Press Home function button.
- Press Vehicle function button.
- Press Setup function button.
- Press ESC system function button and deactivate TCS.

Manual specified data input for EET:



- For the relevant test requirements and all the necessary data for the exhaust emissions test, refer to the ⇒ Data sheets for exhaust emissions test of the respective engine.
- The nominal speed is located in field P4 of the registration certificate part 1 or field 7 of the vehicle document and must always be entered manually.
- If the idle speed limitation cannot be deactivated, enter the value 2500 ± 200 rpm in the box for rev limit and 2500 in the box for engine speed for conditioning.
- Perform manual data input according to instructions on display.
- Enter displayed values on EET data sheet in column "Test values for exhaust emissions test" on display as follows:



- Speed for conditioning
- 2 Number of throttle bursts for conditioning
- 3 Engine oil temperature (min. value)
- 4 Select engine oil temperature measurement procedure
- 5 Idling speed
- 6 Governed speed
- 7 Nominal speed (registration certification part 1, vehicle document)
- 8 Governed speed measuring period (1 second)
- 9 Type plate value ⇒ page 187
- 10 Select probe type (No. of probe)
- 11 Select measuring mode
- 12 Measured period portion



Note

- When performing the exhaust emissions test for Euro 5 vehicles, the respective engineer must always use the vehicle-specific exhaust emissions limit value indicated on the type plate.
- If no value is indicated on the type plate, the opacity figure specified by the manufacturer and indicated in ELSA must be used.
- ♦ If no value is indicated on the type plate and no opacity figure has been specified by the manufacturer, the statutory opacity figures (2.5 m⁻¹ or 1.5 m⁻¹, depending on date of initial registration) must be used.

The nominal speed can only be entered manually.

If the opacity figure of Euro 5 vehicles on the EET data sheet is different from the value indicated on the type plate, enter the type plate value manually.

Inspection

- Inspect all exhaust emissions relevant components.
- Check if exhaust system is complete and check for leaks and damage.

Procedure

Follow instructions from exhaust gas testing station.

Evaluation



Note

If the exhaust emissions test was performed at idle speed limitation, the log note "governed speed <90% of the nominal speed (idle speed limitation)" is entered in the log.

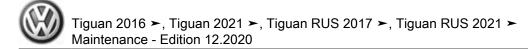
00 Periodic Technical Inspection 6 (PTI)



- The following information is provided on the basis of the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/621 and is intended solely as information for the regular roadworthiness testing of motor vehicles.
- The information on maintenance is provided as usual in the corresponding maintenance tables, and the activities to be performed are described in detail in the "Maintenance Manual".

It e	Description	Method	Necessary information
m			
I. 1	Vehicle- specific de- scription of the location of and ac- cess to the vehicle in- terface		Location of vehicle interface ⇒ page 190
I. 2	Information on whether the specific system supports diagnostic procedures (yes/no) If yes:		individual systems are in general compatible with diagnostics. For further information on this subject for the respective items, refer to Location of vehicle interface ⇒ page 190
l. 2	Vehicle- specific		Implemented bus systems:
1	bus system and proto- col specifi-		◆ LIN ◆ CAN
	cations		◆ Most
			♦ Flex-Ray
			Implemented protocols: ◆ UDS (Unified Diagnostic Services)
			Standardisation: ISO TP (LAH.5G0.042.B)
I. 2 2	Vehicle- specific communi- cation pa- rameter specifica- tions for tested sys- tem/tested function		Implemented protocols: ◆ UDS (Unified Diagnostic Services)
I. 3	Vehicle- specific in- formation about the originally installed system		The original status of the vehicle (as delivered) can be obtained via the PR number. Please follow document path: ◆ Identify vehicle by VIN
			◆ Select vehicle data
			◆ Identify PR number
1	Brake system		
1	Mechanical		
1	condition and func- tionality		
1 1	Parking brake, op- erating lev- er, ratchet	Visual inspection of all components dur- ing operation of brake system	General description of electromechanical parking brake ◆ Electromechanical
6			parking brake <u>⇒ page</u>

⇒ Brake system; Rep. gr. 46; Overview of fitting locations -



General description of electromechanical parking brake

Electromechanical parking brake

In the case of electromechanical parking brakes, the conventional handbrake lever is replaced by a switch.

The electromechanical parking brake is operated by two electric motors, which act on the rear disc brakes via a gear mechanism. The mechanical components are designed to hold the parked vehicle securely even if the on-board power supply is

Warning lamps in the dash panel insert and in the button indicate whether the parking brake is activated. In addition, the activation of the brake is accompanied by an operating sound.

The electromechanical parking brake is easy to operate via the button and offers additional convenience and safety functions, such as the dynamic pull-away assist system and the Auto Hold function.

Auto Hold function

The Auto Hold function prevents the vehicle from rolling away unintentionally when stationary or when starting off, without the need to permanently apply the brake.

The system is operated by the ABS/ESC hydraulic unit. If the vehicle is braked to a standstill, the last brake pressure is stored by Auto Hold. The driver can remove the foot from the brake pedal, and all four wheel brakes will still remain applied.

If the ABS wheel speed sensors detect a rolling motion, the braking torque is automatically increased until the vehicle comes to a standstill again.

This can happen, for example, when the driver brakes gently on a gradient. As soon as the driver accelerates again and lets go of the clutch (for vehicles with a manual gearbox), the brake will again be released by Auto Hold. For safety reasons, the function must then be reactivated using a button to the left of the gear lever.

Electronic vehicle interface

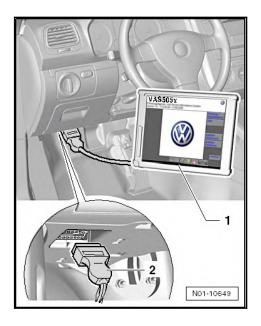


Note

Ensure that the selected vehicle diagnostic tester is used only with the respective diagnostic cable.



The connection for the diagnostic tester -1- is located in the lower left section of the dash panel -2-.



Steering system check

Prerequisite:

The steering wheel must be moved in the same direction as the desired direction of vehicle travel. The angle at which the steering wheel is held must at all times correspond to the steering angle of the front wheels.

"Checking the steering system in the course of the periodic technical inspection"

Test method:

Visual inspection to ensure continuous alignment of the angle at which the steering wheel is held with the resulting steering angle of the front wheels

Prerequisites for testing:

Put vehicle ready into operation, and wait for system to be checked.

Test procedure:

Bring steering wheel to straight-ahead position. Then turn it 180° to the left, then 360° to the right and finally 180° to the left again.

Test result OK:

The resulting steering angle at the front wheels continuously corresponds to the steering angle at which the steering wheel is held.

7 Glossary

Term	Explanation	
ABS	Anti-locking brake system. The ABS is a regulating system in the brake system, that prevents locking when braking. This helps to maintain directional stability and steerability.	
All-wheel drive coupling	erm to be used in place of "Haldex" with immediate effect. Legal implications make is step necessary. The term may nevertheless appear in older documents but need by be replaced.	
TCS	Traction control system The TCS prevents the wheels from slipping when the vehicle is driven off.	
ATF	Automatic Transmission Fluid. Gear oil for automatic gearbox.	
EET	Exhaust emissions test	
AUS 32	Abbreviation for "Aqueous Urea Solution" with 32.5% urea content, see also (AdBlue®) ⇒ page 192	
AdBlue®	Is an invented name. This fluid is also referred to as "NOx reducing agent AUS 32", "AUS 32" or "Diesel Exhaust Fluid" (in the US). AdBlue® is a colourless reducing agent that is used for exhaust post-treatment in order to reduce nitrous oxides and particulates. AdBlue® is a registered trademark of the VDA (Verband der Automobilindustrie - German association of the automotive industry) in the USA, Germany, the European Union and other countries. The AdBlue urea solution is not mixed with diesel fuel, but is carried in a separate tank in the vehicle.	
ATF level	Filling level of ATF in gearbox	
BEV	Battery Electric Vehicle. Electric vehicle	
CNG	Compressed Natural Gas. Compressed natural gas	
СО	Carbon monoxide. Produced when fuels containing carbon are not combusted completely	
Common rail "CR"	This term refers to a common high-pressure injection line, the "rail", which supplies all cylinders of the relevant cylinder bank with fuel.	
Diesel exhaust fluid	Designation used in the US for the NOx reducing agent AUS 32, or the AdBlue®.	
DIN	Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V. (German Standards Authority)	
DLA	Dynamic Light Assist: a system with variable road illumination allows the vehicle to be driven permanently with main beam without dazzling oncoming traffic.	
DPF	Diesel particulate filter	
DS	Direct shift	
DSP Digital service plan		
DSG Dual clutch gearbox		
ATA	Anti-theft alarm	
ECE	Economic Commission for Europe	
eHybrid (plug-in hybrid)	High-performance plug-in hybrid vehicles made by Volkswagen. Even longer distances can be covered fully electrically (commuters).	
eTSI (mild hybrid)	Electrified power units made by Volkswagen. Savings in fuel consumption plus higher comfort.	
ETKA	Electronic parts catalogue	
Part no.	Part no. Abbreviation for part number	
EN	EN European standard	
EOBD	EOBD European On-Board Diagnosis	
ESP	Electronic stabilisation program. Prevents potential vehicle skidding by targeted intervention in the brake and engine management systems.	
FAME	Fatty acid methyl ester	



Term	Explanation	
GJ	All-season tyre All-season tyres (also called all-weather tyres) can be used in the summer and also the winter.	
GTE	The sports derivative as an independent vehicle concept.	
HEV	Hybrid Electric Vehicle. Hybrid vehicle	
Hybrid (full hybrid)	Introduction to the hybrid technology by Volkswagen. Convenient electric cruising over short distances and at inner-city speeds.	
MM	Maintenance manual	
LongLife service	The LongLife service enables extremely long inspection or oil change intervals, depending on individual driving style and conditions under which the vehicle is used. For the LongLife service a special engine oil is required.	
LED	Light-emitting diode LED	
LPG	Liquefied petroleum gas or LPG	
MHEV (mild hy- brid)	Mild Hybrid Electric Vehicle	
MIL	Malfunction indicator light. American designation for exhaust emissions warning lamp K83	
MPI	Multi-point injection	
M+S	Winter tyre (M+S tyre). Winter tyres are designed for low temperatures and wintry road conditions.	
NAR	North American region	
NSC	National Sales Company	
NOx reducing agent AUS 32		
NO _X reducing agent AUS 32		
OBD	On-board diagnosis. The OBD monitors all components influencing the exhaust emissions quality.	
OBD-II	American onboard diagnosis	
PHEV	Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle. A vehicle with hybrid drive whose battery can also be recharged externally using mains electricity.	
PR No.	Abbreviation of production control number. It identifies among other things optional equipment, country-specific deviations	
PM	Particulate matter. Soot particle value for diesel engine emissions	
PMS	Particulate reduction system	
QG0	Vehicles are "not" factory-fitted with components for LongLife service. For maintenance, the intervals based on time and distance (non-flexible intervals) apply.	
QG1	Vehicles are factory-fitted with active LongLife service. This means vehicles have a flexible service interval display and are fitted with the following components: ◆ Flexible service interval display in dash panel insert	
	♦ Engine oil level sensor	
	Brake lining wear indicator	
QG2	The LongLife service is not factory-activated. This means vehicles have a fixed service interval display (time and mileage dependent service intervals): These vehicles are fitted with the following components: ◆ Non-flexible service interval display in dash panel insert	
	◆ Engine oil level sensor	
	Brake lining wear indicator	



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Term	Explanation
QG3	The LongLife service is not factory-activated. This means vehicles have a fixed service interval display (time and mileage dependent service intervals): These vehicles are fitted with the following components: Non-flexible service interval display in dash panel insert Brake lining wear indicator
®	Registered trademark
Readiness code	8-digit binary code which indicates if all exhaust relevant diagnoses have been performed by the electronic engine management.
RON	Research Octane Number. Measurement unit of the knock resistance of petrol
SPF	Particulate filter
TPMS, TPLI	Tyre Pressure Monitoring System, Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers. Association which creates proposals/guidelines for implementing legal requirements (e.g. standards).
SCR	With the SCR process (selective catalytic reduction) the noxious nitrogen oxides emissions are reduced to a great extent and are converted to steam and nitrogen by the urea solution. A special urea solution (AdBlue®) is injected into the exhaust system upstream of a special catalytic converter.
PFI	Intake manifold injection system (indirect injection system)
SULEV	Super Ultra Low Emission Vehicle
TSI	TSI turbocharger. Charging with turbocharger only.
	TSI twincharger. Charging with turbocharger and compressor
TGI	Charging with turbocharger and natural gas injection system
TDI	Turbo diesel engine - direct injection
ULEV	Ultra low emission vehicle
VDA	German association of the automotive industry
VW	Volkswagen
ESI	Extended servicing interval
ZEV	Zero Emission Vehicle
ASSY	Assembly



---Change history---8

Date	Chapter	Scope of modification
11/12/2 020	Service tables as of model year 2021► ⇒ page 18	Chapter updated.
	Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights (Tiguan PA) <u>⇒ page 152</u>	Chapter added.
	Dual clutch gearbox 0DD: changing gear oil <u>⇒</u> page 79	Chapter added.
	Selective wheel torque control: change oil in left and right clutch chambers ⇒ page 162	Chapter added.
02/10/2 020	Engine list <u>⇒ page 1</u>	Chapter updated.
	Service tables as of model year 2021► ⇒ page 18	Chapter added.
	High-voltage battery: check charge level <u>⇒</u> page 81	Chapter added.
	Maintenance of high-voltage battery ⇒ page 81	Chapter added.
	High-voltage battery: charging ⇒ page 82	Chapter added.
	Hybrid components: inspecting for damage to high-voltage components and wires ⇒ page 82	Chapter added.
	Engine oil: capacities and specifications as of model year 2021► ⇒ page 122	Chapter added.
	Warning stickers, Tiguan eHybrid: checking <u>⇒</u> page 164	Chapter added.
	Cooling system for high-voltage system: checking freeze protection and coolant level ⇒ page 88	Chapter added.
	Engine cover panel "top": removing and installing <u>⇒ page 105</u>	Chapter updated.
	Spark plugs: renewing ⇒ page 166	Chapter updated.
	Headlight adjustment: checking LED headlights ⇒ page 148	Chapter updated.
	Headlight adjustment: checking matrix LED headlights ⇒ page 146	Chapter added.
	Tyres: checking condition, wear pattern, tyre pressure and tread depth ⇒ page 55	Chapter updated.
08/05/2 020	Periodic Technical Inspection <u>⇒ page 188</u>	Chapter added.